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7	UNITED STATES D	ISTRICT COURT
8	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
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10	PACIFIC NORTHWEST REGIONAL COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS,	CASE NO. C11-1164 MJP
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY
12	V.	JUDGMENT
13	LABORERS INTERNATIONAL UNION	
14	OF NORTHERN AMERICA, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
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17	This matter comes before the Court on Defendant Ballard Diving and Salvage's	
18	("Ballard") motion for summary judgment. (Dkt. No. 106.) Having reviewed the motion, the	
19	opposition (Dkt. No. 118), the reply (Dkt. No. 119), and all related papers, the Court DENIES	
20	the motion.	
21	Background	
22	The Court recently ruled on two summary judgment motions filed by the other two	
23	defendants in this case on essentially the same issue Ballard presents: mootness. (Dkt. No. 110.)	
24	The Court first found a dispute of fact existed as to	whether all necessary parties had agreed to a

successor arbitrator or a means of selecting one, and that the request to compel arbitration in this
case was still live. (Id. at 5-6.) The Court found second that the purported completion of the
underlying work could not moot this case. (Id. at 9-10.) In its motion for summary judgment,
Ballard asks the Court to dismiss the case against it as moot because the underlying work is
completed. Plaintiff disputes the assertion that all work subject to the jurisdictional dispute is
complete. (Dkt. No. 119 at 7-8.)

Analysis

8 Ballard incorrectly argues that the completion of the underlying work moots the case. 9 The Court squarely addressed this argument in ruling on the previous two motions for summary 10 judgment. (Dkt. No. 110 at 9-10.) The Court stated: "The Court need only decide whether an 11 agreement to arbitrate was entered, whether arbitration happened or was delayed and how to 12 ensure arbitration goes forward. The issue of whether the disputed work assignment has been 13 completed or not and how that impacts the underlying dispute is for the arbitrator to decide." 14 (Id. at 10.) Ballard provides no reason to reconsider this decision, and its attempt to distinguish 15 United Ass'n of Journeymen and Apprentices v. Bechtel Constr. Co., 128 F.3d 1318 (9th Cir. 1997), serves to highlight why the case is not moot. In Bechtel, the parties had been ordered to 16 arbitrate a jurisdictional dispute over a work assignment in front of an arbitrator the district court 17 18 selected. Id. at 1320-22. The Ninth Circuit found the appeal not moot on the basis that there 19 remained a dispute about whether arbitration was proper in the first instance despite the fact the 20work and arbitration were complete. Id. at 1322. Here, there has been no order compelling 21 arbitration, no selection of an arbitrator, and there remains a dispute of fact as to whether all of 22 the work under the relevant contract subject to the jurisdictional dispute has been completed. 23 (Compare Dkt. No. 118 at 7-8 to Dkt. No. 106 at 3.) There remains a live dispute of arbitrability 24

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1	for the Court to resolve. The holding in <u>Bechtel</u> —that disputes over the propriety of arbitrating	
2	in the first instance are not mooted by completion of the underlying work—reaffirms the Court's	
3	prior decision that the case is not moot. The Court DENIES the motion.	
4	Conclusion	
5	The Court DENIES Defendant Ballard's motion for summary judgment. The dispute	
6	before the Court is not moot and the request to compel arbitration remains a live controversy.	
7	The clerk is ordered to provide copies of this order to all counsel.	
8	Dated this 21st_day of August, 2012.	
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10	Marshuf Helenon	
11	Marsha J. Pechman	
12	United States District Judge	
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