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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
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10	AALIYAH ZAKAT,	CASE NO. C13-0010JLR
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN PART
12	v.	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO SEAL COURT DOCKET AND
13	HIGHLINE SCHOOL DISTRICT,	DENYING PLAINTIFF'S THIRD
14	Defendant.	MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
15	I. INTR	CODUCTION
16	Before the court are Plaintiff Aaliyah Z	akat's (1) motion to seal the entire docket
17	with respect to this proceeding (Dkt. # 22) and	(2) third motion for reconsideration (Dkt.
18	# 23). Having reviewed Plaintiff's motions, th	ne record, and the applicable law, the court
19	GRANTS in part and DENIES in part Ms. Zak	cat's motion to seal and DENIES Ms.
20	Zakat's third motion for reconsideration.	
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II.	ANALYSIS
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A. Motion to Seal

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Ms. Zakat asks the court to seal "all documents pertaining to this case." (Mot. to Seal (Dkt. # 22) at 1.) Ms. Zakat asserts that she "will not accept this court record involving a minor child to be displayed to the general public." (Id.) Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2 requires that "in an electronic or paper filing with the court that contains . . . the name of an individual known to be a minor, . . . a party . . . making the filing may include only . . . the minor's initials" Fed. R. Civ. P. 5.2 (a)(3); see also Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5.2(a)(2) (stating that parties shall reduct the names of minor children "to the initials"). Unfortunately, Ms. Zakat filed her complaint in violation of this rule. The court notes that although Ms. Zakat's complaint does not contain the name of the minor child (see Dkt. ## 1-1, 4), the exhibit to her complaint does in at least two places (see Dkt. ## 1-2 at 16, 24; 4-1 at 16, 24). Accordingly, the court will grant in part Ms. Zakat's motion to seal, as follows: The court orders Ms. Zakat to file a copy of the exhibit to her complaint with the name of the minor child (and nothing more) redacted within seven days of the date of this order. Following receipt of the redacted version of the exhibit, the court will order the clerk to seal docket numbers 1-2 and 4-1, both of which are copies of the unredacted exhibit.

The court, however, denies Ms. Zakat's motion to seal to the extent that she seeks the sealing of all documents on the docket. Under the court's Local Rules, "[t]here is a strong presumption of public access to the court's files." Local Rules W.D. Wash.

LCR 5(g). To rebut this presumption, a party must file a motion that includes:

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- (A) a certification that the party has met and conferred with all other parties in an attempt to reach agreement on the need to file the document under seal, to minimize the amount of material filed under seal, and to explore redaction and other alternatives to filing under seal; this certification must list the date, manner, and participants of the conference.
- (B) a specific statement of the applicable legal standard and the reasons for keeping a document under seal, with evidentiary support from declarations where necessary.
- Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3). Thus, the burden is on the moving party to come forward with an applicable legal standard justifying the sealing of the documents at issue and to produce evidentiary support showing that the standard is met. *See id*.

Ms. Zakat's motion does not comply with Local Rule LCR 5(g)(3)(A) or (B). Ms.

Zakat has not given any indication that she has met and conferred with Defendant to discuss any of the topics listed in Local Rule LCR 5(g)(3)(A). (*See* Mot.) As a result, Ms. Zakat also has not listed the date, manner, or participants in the conference. (*See id.*) Ms. Zakat also has not provided a "specific statement of the legal standard and the reasons for keeping [the] document[s] under seal." *See* Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3). Accordingly, the court denies Ms. Zakat's motion to seal to the extent she seeks to place all documents on the docket under seal.

B. Motion for Reconsideration

Ms. Zakat has once again asked the court to reconsider its ruling on subject matter jurisdiction. (Mot. to Recon. (Dkt. # 23).) On March 11, 2013, the court entered an order dismissing this action without prejudice for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. (3/11/13 Order (Dkt. # 11).) On March 20, 2013, Ms. Zakat filed a motion (Dkt. # 15), which the court construed as a motion for reconsideration of its March 11, 2013, order (*see* 4/11/13

	Order (Dkt. # 16) at 1). In response to Ms. Zakat's motion, the court called for additional
	submissions by the parties with respect to subject matter jurisdiction. (See generally id.)
	Ms. Zakat failed to timely file additional documentation or materials regarding subject
	matter jurisdiction as required by the court. (See generally 4/24/13 Order (Dkt. # 18).)
	Accordingly, the court denied her motion for reconsideration and dismissed her action
	without prejudice for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. (<i>Id.</i> at 3.) Ms. Zakat then filed
	two more motions "for clarification" and "for jurisdictional submission" (see Dkt. ## 19,
	20), which the court liberally construed together as a motion for reconsideration of its
	April 24, 2013, order. (See 5/7/13 Order (Dkt. # 21) at 1.) The court denied these
	motions as well. (See generally id.) Ms. Zakat has now filed a third motion for
	reconsideration of the court's ruling on subject matter jurisdiction.
	Motions for reconsideration are disfavored. Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR
	7(h)(1). The court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of
	manifest error in the prior ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could
	not have been brought to its attention earlier with reasonable diligence. <i>Id.</i> Ms. Zakat
	has provided nothing new in her present motion for reconsideration. (See generally Mot.
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date of the order to which it relates. Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 7(h)(2). The court's last

¹ In addition, a motion for reconsideration must be brought within fourteen days of the

to Recon.) She has failed to make either showing required under the court's Local Rules,

and accordingly, the court denies her motion for reconsideration.¹

order was dated May 7, 2013. (*See* 5/7/13 Order.) Ms. Zakat's motion was not filed until May 24, 2013—more than 14 days later. Accordingly, Ms. Zakat's failure to timely file her motion provides a second basis for the court's ruling denying her motion. *See* Local Rules W.D. Wash.

1 Finally, due in part to Ms. Zakat's pro se status, the court has endeavored to 2 patiently and repeatedly explain in detail the basis for its rulings on subject matter 3 jurisdiction and on Ms. Zakat's motions for reconsideration. (See, e.g., 3/11/13 Order; 4/11/13 Order; 4/24/13 Order; 5/7/13 Order.) There is, however, no basis in the Federal 4 5 Rules of Civil Procedure or in the court's Local Rules for multiple motions for reconsideration with respect to the same ruling. The court, therefore, warns Ms. Zakat 6 that further motions for reconsideration with respect to its ruling on subject matter jurisdiction may subject her to the entry of sanctions, including monetary sanctions, by 9 the court. 10 III. CONCLUSION 11 Based on the foregoing, the court GRANTS in part and DENIES in part Ms. 12 Zakat's motion to seal (Dkt. # 22), and DENIES her motion for reconsideration (Dkt.# 13 23). The court further warns Ms. Zakat that the filing of additional motions for 14 reconsideration of the court's ruling on subject matter jurisdiction may result in the 15 court's imposition of sanctions as described above. 16 Dated this 30th day of May, 2013. 17 P. Plu 18 19 JAMES L. ROBART United States District Judge 20 21

LCR 7(h)(2) ("Failure to comply with this subsection may be grounds for denial of the

ORDER- 5

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motion.").