| 1 | | Honorable Ricardo S. Martinez |
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| 10 | AT SEA | |
| 11 | MARLENE JORDAN, | NO. C13-2280-RSM |
| 12 | Plaintiff, | STIPULATED PROTECTIVE |
| 13 | v. | ORDER |
| 14 | ANTHONY R. FOXX, Secretary, U.S. | |
| 15 | Department of Transportation, Defendant. | |
| 16 | | |
| 17 | 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS | |
| 18 | Discovery in this action is likely to inv | volve production of confidential, proprietary, |
| 19 | or private information for which special prote | ection may be warranted. Accordingly, the |
| 20 | parties hereby stipulate to and petition the co | urt to enter the following Stipulated |
| 21 | Protective Order. The parties acknowledge th | at this agreement is consistent with LCR |
| 22 | 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection of | n all disclosures or responses to discovery, |
| 23 | the protection it affords from public disclosur | re and use extends only to the limited |
| 24 | information or items that are entitled to confi | dential treatment under the applicable legal |
| 25 | principles, and it does not presumptively enti | tle parties to file confidential information |
| 26 | under seal. | |
| 20 | 2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL | |

"Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged: the plaintiff's medical records; the plaintiff's tax

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER C13-2280-RSM- 1

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UNITED STATES ATTORNEY 1201 Pacific Avenue, Suite 700 Tacoma, Washington 98402 (253) 428-3800 returns; personnel and employment files or records of current or former employees of the
 United States; and any other records whose production without a protective order would
 potentially violate the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material
(as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential
material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material;
and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that
might reveal confidential material. However, the protections conferred by this agreement
do not cover information that is in the public domain or becomes part of the public
domain through trial or otherwise.

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ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

4.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A receiving party may use confidential material that is
disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case
only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential
material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions
described in this agreement. Confidential material must be stored and maintained by a
receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to
the persons authorized under this agreement.

4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party
may disclose any confidential material only to:

(a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action and counsel of
record in the related action entitled *Jordan v. United States*, 1:13: cv-995 CFL, Ct. of
Fed. Claims, and employees of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
information for this litigation;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including agency counsel and
in house counsel) of the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for

1 this litigation, unless the parties agree that a particular document or material produced is
2 for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so designated;

3 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
4 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be
5 Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

(e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the
duplication of confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy
or imaging service instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third
parties and to immediately return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure
is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by
the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal
confidential material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be
disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this agreement;

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

4.3 <u>Filing Confidential Material</u>. Before filing confidential material or
discussing or referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with
the designating party to determine whether the designating party will remove the
confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion to
seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the
procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party
seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

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DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

27 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each
 28 party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this
 agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies

under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection only
 those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify,
 so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which
 protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this agreement (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

(a) <u>Information in documentary form</u>: (e.g., paper or electronic
documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other
pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word
"CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains confidential material. If only a portion or
portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the producing party also must
clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
margins).

(b) <u>Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial</u>
proceedings: the parties must identify on the record, during the deposition, hearing, or
other proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate
other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen

days after receiving a deposition transcript, designate portions of the transcript, or
 exhibits thereto, as confidential.

3 (c) <u>Other tangible items</u>: the producing party must affix in a prominent
4 place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is
5 stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or
6 item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the
7 protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure
to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the
designating party's right to secure protection under this agreement for such material.
Upon timely correction of a designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts
to ensure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

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CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

14 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation
15 of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's
16 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness,
17 unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a
18 party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to
19 mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

20 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any 21 dispute regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion 22 regarding confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, 23 in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith 24 meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute 25 without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the 26 conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone 27 conference.

6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality

under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable).
 The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous
 challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to
 sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential
 until the court rules on the challenge.

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PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party must:

(a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

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UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving party must immediately: (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER C13-2280-RSM- 6

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INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. Parties shall confer on an appropriate non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502.

10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

DATED May 8, 2014

s/Judith A. Lonnquist JUDITH A. LONNQUIST KATHERINE E. CAMERON 1218 Third Avenue, Ste. 1500 Seattle, WA 98101-1321 Telephone: 206-233-2086 Fax: 206-233-9165 Email: LOJAL@aol.com Katie@lonnquist.com Attorneys for Plaintiff

| 1 2 | DATED <u>May 8, 2014</u> <u>s/Patricia D. Gugin</u> PATRICIA D. GUGIN |
|----------|--|
| 3 | Assistant U.S. Attorney U.S. Attorney's Office |
| 4 | 1201 Pacific Avenue, Ste. 700 |
| 5 | Tacoma, WA 98402 Telephone 253-428-3832 |
| 6 | Fax: 253-428-3826 |
| 7 | Email: pat.gugin@usdoj.gov Attorneys for Defendant |
| 8 | Automoys for Defendant |
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| 11 | PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED. |
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| 13 | DATED this 27 day of May 2014. |
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| 18 | RICARDO S. MARTINEZ |
| 19 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE |
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| 1 | EXHIBIT A | |
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| 2 | ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND | |
| 3 | I, [print or type full name], of | |
| 4 | [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury | |
| 5 | that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was | |
| 6 | issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on | |
| 7 | [date] in the case of Marlene Jordan v. Anthony R. Foxx, Secretary, U.S. | |
| 8 | Department of Transportation, USDC WDWA C13-2280-RSM . I agree to comply with | |
| 9 | and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and | |
| 10 | acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in | |
| 11 | the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any | |
| 12 | l information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or | |
| 13 | entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order. | |
| 14 | I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for | |
| 15 | the Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this | |
| 16 | Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after | |
| 17 | termination of this action. | |
| 18 | | |
| 19 | Date: | |
| 20 | City and State where sworn and signed: | |
| 21 | Printed name: | |
| 22 | Signature: | |
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