1	T	HE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7 8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
9		
	JILL KLENOTA,	CASE NO. C15-0789-JCC
10	Plaintiff,	ORDER REMANDING CASE
11	V.	
12 13	VANDERBILT MORTGAGE AND FINANCE INC, ANTHONY N.	
13	PAGONES and JANE DOE PAGONES, and the marital community thereof; and	
14	WINDERMERE REAL ESTATE CO., a corporation,	
16	Defendants.	
17	VANDERBILT MORTGAGE AND	
18	FINANCE, a corporation,	
19	Third-Party Plaintiff,	
20	V.	
21	ANTHONY N. PAGONES and JANE DOE PAGONES, and the marital	
22	community thereof; and WINDERMERE REAL ESTATE CO., a corporation,	
23	Third-Party Defendants.	
24		
25	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion to Remand (Dkt. No. 29),	
26	Defendant Vanderbilt's Response (Dkt. No. 36), and Plaintiff's Reply (Dkt. No. 43). Having	
	ORDER REMANDING CASE PAGE - 1	

1 thoroughly considered the parties' briefing and the relevant record, the Court finds oral argument 2 unnecessary and hereby GRANTS the motion and REMANDS the above-captioned matter to the King County Superior Court for the reasons explained herein. 3

I.

4

BACKGROUND

5 Plaintiff Jill Klenota brought the above-captioned matter against Defendant Vanderbilt Mortgage and Finance, Inc. ("VMF") in King County Superior Court on April 23, 2015 alleging 6 7 that she suffered injury when she fell on property owned by VMF. (Dkt. No. 1-1 at 5–6.) VMF removed the case to this Court. (Dkt. No. 1.) The basis for removal was diversity jurisdiction; 8 9 Plaintiff Klenota is a Washington resident and VMF is a Tennessee corporation with its principal place of business in Tennessee. (Id.) 10

11 During discovery, it was determined that VMF's real estate agent, Anthony Pagones, as 12 well as his company, Windermere Real Estate Co., provided Ms. Klenota permission to be on the 13 property. (Dkt. No. 11 at 4.) VMF asserted that this permission was given outside the scope and 14 course of Mr. Pagones's agency and that, accordingly, Mr. Pagones and Windermere would share any liability attributed to VMF. (Id.). Accordingly, the parties submitted a stipulated 15 16 motion to add a Third-Party Complaint against Mr. Pagones and Windermere, which the Court 17 granted. (Id.; see also Dkt. Nos. 14 and 15.) Subsequently, Ms. Klenota brought a motion to 18 amend her complaint to add first-party claims against Mr. Pagones and Windermere. (Dkt. No. 19 18.) VMF did not oppose her motion, and the Court granted it. (Dkt. No. 23.)

DISCUSSION 20 II.

Α.

21

## **Standard of Review**

A party to a civil action brought in state court may remove that action to federal court if 22 23 the district court would have had original jurisdiction at the time of both commencement of the 24 action and at removal. See 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a); 14B Charles Alan Wright & Arthur R. Miller, 25 Federal Practice and Procedure § 3723 (4th ed. 2013). Once removed, the case can be remanded to state court for either lack of subject-matter jurisdiction or for defects in the removal procedure. 26

ORDER REMANDING CASE PAGE - 2

28 U.S.C. § 1447(c). Although there are time limits on most bases for objecting to removal, a
 challenge to this Court's subject-matter jurisdiction may be brought at any time. 28 U.S.C.
 § 1447(c).

4

B.

## **Complete Diversity**

Diversity of citizenship requires that the matter in controversy exceed \$75,000 and that
all parties to the action are "citizens of different states." 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a). Diversity
jurisdiction requires "complete diversity"—*i.e.*, that each plaintiff is diverse from each
defendant. *Teledyne v. Kone Corp.*, 892 F.2d 1404, 1408 (9th Cir. 1990). The inclusion of
Defendants Pagones and Windermere—each Washington citizens—defeats complete diversity in
this case as Ms. Klenota is also a Washington citizen. (Dkt. No. 15 at 4.)

In opposition to Plaintiff's motion to remand, VMF argues that the Court should dismiss
Ms. Klenota's claims against Mr. Pagones and Windermere or revisit its decision to join them.
(Dkt. No. 36 at 5.) However, as Ms. Klenota pointed out, the time to raise this legal argument
would have been in opposition to her motion to amend, not now. Moreover, VFM was the first
party to assert that Mr. Pagones's involvement "is central to the facts and legal issues at hand" in
this case. (Dkt. No. 11 at 5.) The Court is not persuaded by VFM's efforts to now assert
otherwise in an effort to prevent remand.

## 18 **III. CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's motion to remand (Dkt. No. 29) is GRANTED. The
Clerk of the Court is directed to remand this case to King County Superior Court.

 21
 //

 22
 //

 23
 //

 24
 //

 25
 //

 26
 //

ORDER REMANDING CASE PAGE - 3

DATED this 30th day of December 2015. Joh C Coyhan u John C. Coughenour UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE ORDER REMANDING CASE

PAGE - 4