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7	UNITED STATES DIS	
8	WESTERN DISTRICT O AT SEAT	
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10	PAULA WETZEL, et al.,	CASE NO. C16-1160JLR
11	Plaintiffs,	ORDER ON MOTIONS TO SEAL
12	V.	
13	CERTAINTEED CORPORATION,	
14	Defendant.	
15	I. INTRODU	CTION
16	Before the court are four motions to file c	ertain documents under seal: (1)
17	Plaintiffs Paula Wetzel and Joel Wetzel's (collec	ctively, "the Wetzels") motion to file
18	under seal portions of their motion for class certi	fication and certain supporting
19	documents ("First Motion") (1st MTS (Dkt. # 10	05)); (2) the Wetzels' motion to file under
20	seal portions of their response to Defendant Cert	ainTeed Corporation's ("CertainTeed")
21	motion for summary judgment ("Second Motion	") (2d MTS (Dkt. # 120)); (3)
22	CertainTeed's motion to file under seal portions	of its response to the Wetzels' motion

ORDER - 1

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1	for class certification and certain supporting documents ("Third Motion") (3d MTS (Dkt.
2	# 137)); and (4) the Wetzels' motion to file under seal portions of their reply to their
3	motion for class certification and certain supporting documents ("Fourth Motion") (4th
4	MTS (Dkt. # 152)). CertainTeed filed responses to the First, Second, and Fourth Motions
5	(1st MTS Resp. (Dkt. # 113); <sup>1</sup> 2d MTS Resp. (Dkt. # 128); 4th MTS Resp. (Dkt. # 162)),
6	and the Wetzels filed replies (1st MTS Reply (Dkt. # 117); 2d MTS Reply (Dkt. # 131);
7	4th MTS Reply (Dkt. # 165)). The Wetzels filed a response to the Third Motion (3d
8	MTS Resp. (Dkt. # 147)), and CertainTeed filed a reply (3d MTS Reply (Dkt. # 149)).
9	At issue in the First Motion are documents that the Wetzels rely upon in their
10	motion for class certification and the Wetzels' experts rely upon in their supporting
11	reports. (1st MTS; see generally MCC (Dkt. ## 107 (sealed), 108 (redacted)); see also
12	Saldanha Report (Dkt. ## 107-4 (sealed), 109-10 (redacted)); Waier Report (Dkt.
13	## 107-13 (sealed), 109-32 (redacted)).) In response to the First Motion, CertainTeed
14	argues that an additional exhibit and portions of the deposition of Mark D. Ivers ("Ivers
15	Deposition"), upon which the Wetzels' rely in their motion for class certification also
16	should be sealed. (1st MTS Resp. at 7-8 (citing 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. ¶¶ 6, 21, Exs. 4,
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18	<sup>1</sup> In its response to the First Motion, CertainTeed requests that the court strike the Wetzels' experts' reports. ( <i>See generally</i> 1st MTS Resp.) Pursuant to the court's Local Rules,
19	"[r]equests to strike material contained in or attached to submissions of opposing parties shall not be presented in a separate motion to strike, but shall instead be included in the responsive brief,
20	and will be considered with the underlying motion." Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 7(g). CertainTeed seeks to strike reports attached to the Wetzels' motion for class certification. ( <i>See</i>

CertainTeed seeks to strike reports attached to the Wetzels' motion for class certification. (See 20 MCC (Dkt. ## 107 (sealed), 108 (redacted)).) Thus, CertainTeed's request to strike the reports in a response brief to the Wetzels' First Motion is procedurally improper, and the court declines 21 to consider the request in this context. (See generally 1st MTS Resp.) The court will further

address this issue in its order on CertainTeed's motion for summary judgment (MSJ (Dkt. 22

<sup># 110))</sup> and the Wetzels' motion for class certification (MCC).

1 19).) At issue in the Second Motion is the Wetzels' response to CertainTeed's motion for 2 summary judgment and documents discussed and quoted therein. (2d MTS; see 3 generally MSJ Resp. (Dkt. ## 122 (sealed), 123 (redacted)).) At issue in the Third 4 Motion are documents CertainTeed relied upon in its response to the Wetzels' motion for 5 class certification. (3d MTS; see generally MCC Resp. (Dkt. ## 142 (sealed), 132 6 (redacted)).) At issue in the Fourth Motion are documents that the Wetzels rely upon in 7 their reply to CertainTeed's class certification response and that the Wetzels' expert relies 8 upon in his supporting report. (4th MTS; see generally MCC Reply (Dkt. ## 154 9 (sealed), 157 (redacted)); Corrected Waier Report (Dkt. ## 155 (sealed), 158-1 10 (redacted)) ¶ 2, Ex. 32 at 4.)

The court has considered the motions, the parties' submissions concerning the 12 motions, the relevant portions of the record, including the unredacted documents and expert reports filed under seal, and the applicable law. Being fully advised,<sup>2</sup> the court 13 14 GRANTS in part and RESERVES RULING in part on the First Motion, GRANTS in part 15 and RESERVES RULING in part on the Second Motion, GRANTS in part and 16 RESERVES RULING in part on the Third Motion, and GRANTS in part and 17 **RESERVES RULING** in part on the Fourth Motion. For the reasons explained below, 18 the court DIRECTS the Clerk to maintain the provisional seal on all the documents at this 19 time. The court also GRANTS CertainTeed 14 days from the undersigned date to file a 20 response to this order by offering additional grounds or a more detailed justification for

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The parties do not request oral argument, and the court concludes that oral argument 22 would not be helpful to its disposition of the motion. See Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 7(b)(4).

1 sealing certain documents as described below. The court summarizes its rulings on the 2 documents at issue in a table at the end of this order. See infra § III.C.

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### **II. BACKGROUND**

4 On July 22, 2016, the Wetzels filed a putative class action complaint in King 5 County Superior Court, alleging that CertainTeed manufactured, marketed, and sold 6 certain defective roofing shingles. (See generally Compl. (Dkt. # 1-2).) The Wetzels brought claims for (1) violation of the Washington Consumer Protection Act ("CPA"), 8 RCW § 19.86.020, (2) breach of implied warranty, (3) fraud, (4) strict products liability, 9 and (5) negligence. (See generally id.) The case was removed to this court on July 27, 10 2016, and reassigned from Judge Richard A. Jones to the undersigned judge on January 15, 2019. (Not. (Dkt. # 1); Minute Order (Dkt. # 166).)

12 The parties entered a stipulated protective order on May 22, 2017. (Protective 13 Order (Dkt. # 31).) During discovery, CertainTeed produced a number of documents 14 marked "confidential." (E.g., 1st MTS at 1.) All four motions to seal relate to documents and testimony CertainTeed deems confidential and seeks to maintain under seal. (See 1st 15 16 MTS at 1; 2d MTS at 1-2; 3d MTS at 1; 4th MTS at 1-2.) Although the Wetzels do not 17 agree any of the documents at issue should be sealed, they brought the First, Second, and 18 Fourth Motions pursuant to the parties' stipulated protective order. (*E.g.*, 1st MTS at 2; 19 see Protective Order ¶ 4.3 (requiring the party seeking to file confidential material to 20 follow Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g) procedures).) CertainTeed filed the Third 21 Motion pursuant to Local Rule 5(g). See Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(2)(B). 22 //

**III. ANALYSIS** 

## A. Legal Standard

When deciding a motion to seal, courts "start with a strong presumption of public
access to the court records." *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122,
1135 (9th Cir. 2003) (citing *Hagestad v. Tragesser*, 49 F.3d 1430, 1434 (9th Cir. 1995)).
Nevertheless, this presumption "is not absolute and can be overridden given sufficiently
compelling reasons for doing so." *Foltz*, 331 F.3d at 1135 (citing *San Jose Mercury News, Inc. v. U.S. Dist. Ct. N. Dist. (San Jose)*, 187 F.3d 1096, 1102 (9th Cir. 1999)).

9 The standard the court employs to decide whether a document should be sealed 10 depends on the nature of the motion to which the document at issue is related. See 11 Kamakana v. City & Cty. of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1179 (9th Cir. 2006) (citing Foltz, 12 331 F.3d at 1135). In the past, the Ninth Circuit applied a "compelling reasons" standard 13 for sealing documents attached to dispositive motions, but a lesser "good cause" standard 14 for sealing documents attached to non-dispositive motions. See Foltz, 331 F.3d at 1135 15 (citing Phillips v. Gen. Motors Corp., 307 F.3d 1206, 1213 (9th Cir. 2002)); see also Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp., LLC, 809 F.3d 1092, 1098-99 (9th Cir. 2016). 16 17 However, in *Chrysler*, the Ninth Circuit declined to employ a "binary approach" that 18 would limit the compelling reasons standard to only motions that are "literally 19 dispositive." 809 F.3d at 1098-99. Rather, the Court clarified its precedent, directing 20 courts to apply the compelling reasons standard when "the motion at issue is more than 21 tangentially related to the underlying cause of action." Id. at 1099.

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The First, Third, and Fourth Motions pertain to a motion for class certification, whereas the Second Motion pertains to a motion for summary judgment. (*See* MCC; MSJ (Dkt. # 110).) Thus, the Second Motion is undoubtedly "more than tangentially related to the merits" of the case. *See Foltz*, 331 F.3d at 1135-36 (citing *Rushford v. The New Yorker Magazine*, 846 F.2d 249, 252 (4th Cir. 1988)) ("[S]ummary judgment adjudicates substantive rights and serves as a substitute for a trial."). The court concludes that the Second Motion must be assessed under the compelling reasons standard.

8 The court also concludes that the Wetzels' motion for class certification is "more 9 than tangentially related to the merits" of the underlying case, and thus, the First, Third, 10 and Fourth Motions must also be analyzed under the compelling reasons standard. As the 11 Supreme Court noted in *Dukes*, the "rigorous analysis" district courts engage in to ensure 12 that the prerequisites of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) have been satisfied at the 13 class certification stage will "frequently . . . entail some overlap with the merits of the plaintiff's underlying claim." Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Dukes, 564 U.S. 338, 351 (2011); 14 see also Ellis v. Costco Wholesale Corp., 657 F.3d 970, 981 (9th Cir. 2011) ("[T]he 15 16 merits of the class members' substantive claims are often highly relevant when 17 determining whether to certify a class .... [A] district court *must* consider the merits if 18 they overlap with the Rule 23(a) requirements."). Moreover, since Chrysler, district 19 courts that have addressed the issue have regularly found that the compelling reasons 20 standard applies to motions to seal exhibits attached to motions for class certification. 21 See Moussouris v. Microsoft Corp., No. C15-1483JLR, 2018 WL 1159251, at \*4 (W.D. 22 //

1 Wash. Feb. 16, 2018), report and recommendation adopted, No. C15-1483JLR, 2018 WL 2 1157997 (W.D. Wash. Mar. 1, 2018) (collecting cases).

3 Here, the court's determination of the Wetzels' motion for class certification will 4 involve, at a minimum, consideration of whether CertainTeed has "engaged in unfair or 5 deceptive practices by not informing homeowners of the defect and denying class 6 members full compensation for shingles it acknowledges suffer from a manufacturing 7 defect ....." (See MCC at 20.) Because the Wetzels' motion for class certification will 8 involve evaluating the elements of their CPA claim in order to determine whether there 9 are common questions of law or fact under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a), the 10 Wetzels' motion is more than tangentially related to the merits of the case. Thus, the court concludes that the compelling reasons standard applies to all four motions to seal.

12 Under the compelling reasons standard, the party seeking to seal a judicial record 13 bears the burden of showing that "compelling reasons supported by specific factual 14 findings . . . outweigh the general history of access and the public policies favoring 15 disclosure." Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1178-79 (internal citations omitted). In this case, 16 CertainTeed bears the burden of showing compelling reasons to seal because it is the 17 party who designated the documents at issue in all four motions as "confidential." See 18 Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3). A failure to meet that burden means that public 19 access prevails. Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1182. If a court determines to seal certain 20 records, it must "base its decision on a compelling reason and articulate the factual basis 21 for its ruling." Id. at 1179 (quoting Hagestad, 49 F.3d at 1434).

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1	Generally, "compelling reasons sufficient to outweigh the public's interest in
2	disclosure and justify sealing court records exist when court files might have become a
3	vehicle for improper purposes, such as the use of records to release trade secrets."
4	Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1179 (quoting Nixon v. Warner Commc'ns, Inc., 435 U.S. 589,
5	598 (1978)) (internal quotations omitted); see also In re Elec. Arts, Inc., 298 F. App'x
6	568, 569 (9th Cir. 2008) (""[T]he right to inspect and copy judicial records has bowed
7	before the power of a court to insure that its records are not used as sources of
8	business information that might harm a litigant's competitive standing." (quoting Nixon,
9	435 U.S. at 598)). The final determination of what constitutes a "compelling reason" is
10	"best left to the sound discretion of the trial court." Nixon, 435 U.S. at 599.
11	Additionally, in the Western District of Washington, a party seeking to file

documents under seal must comply with the procedures of Local Civil Rule 5(g). See 12 Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g). Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 5(g), a party filing a 13 motion to seal must include "a certification that the party has met and conferred with all 14 other parties in an attempt to reach agreement on the need to file the document[s] under 15 seal." Id. LCR 5(g)(3)(A).<sup>3</sup> The party who designated the documents confidential must 16 also provide a specific statement of the reasons for keeping a document under seal. Id. 17 LCR 5(g)(3). In this case, CertainTeed is the designating party and has the burden to 18 19 //

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> CertainTeed disputes the extent and sufficiency of the parties' prerequisite "meet and confer" conferences related to the First, Second, and Fourth motions. (*See, e.g.*, 1st MTS Resp. at 3-4.) The court has considered the parties' arguments and determines that the parties sufficiently satisfied the "meet and confer" requirements for the court to decide the motions. *See* Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3)(A).

meet the compelling reasons standard and the requirements of Local Civil Rule
 5(g)(3)(B) for each document it seeks to maintain under seal. *Id.* LCR 5(g)(3)(B)

### **B.** Analysis of Documents

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4 Before the court addresses CertainTeed's "compelling reasons" assertions, it can 5 dispense with two of CertainTeed's arguments in favor of sealing that apply to all four 6 motions: (1) that the Wetzels have provided no legal basis for objecting to filing the 7 documents at issue under seal; and (2) that the Wetzels did not challenge the 8 confidentiality designations of the documents. (See, e.g., 1st MTS Resp. at 7.) The 9 Wetzels are not required to object to the filing of the documents under seal or present 10 prior confidentiality challenges because it is CertainTeed's burden to overcome the 11 public's right to access. See Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3); Kamakana, 447 F.3d 12 at 1178-79. Moreover, as stated in the parties' stipulated protective order, by designating 13 or agreeing to designate a document as confidential, "the parties do not concede that such 14 material is entitled to be filed under seal." (Protective Order ¶ 2.2.) And, even if the 15 parties agree to confidential designations, the existence of a confidentiality agreement 16 does not, by itself, establish a compelling reason to seal. See Foltz, 331 F.3d at 1137-38 17 (holding that the existence of a confidentiality provision in a blanket protective order 18 issued by a district court does not, without more, constitute a compelling reason to seal 19 information on the court's docket).

The court now addresses each motion in turn.

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## 1. First Motion

2 CertainTeed requests to seal certain lines of the Wetzels' motion for class certification and supporting exhibits 2 ("Stahl Deposition"),<sup>4</sup> 7, 9 ("Roach Deposition"),<sup>5</sup> 3 11, 17-18, 20-23, 31, 33-44, 48-51, and 54,<sup>6</sup> as well as the Saldanha Report and the Waier 4 Report. (1st MTS Resp.; see also MCC at 6, 8-11, 13-14, 16-17, 19; 8/13/18 Terrell 5 6 Decl. (Dkt. ## 107-1 through 107-30).) Additionally, CertainTeed requests that the court 7 seal portions of the Ivers Deposition and all of exhibit 19. (1st MTS Resp. at 7-8; see also 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. ¶ 6, 21, Exs. 4, 19.) CertainTeed argues that the court should 8 9 seal these documents because "all the documents CertainTeed requests to be sealed are in compliance with LCR 5(g)(3)(B)." (E.g., 1st MTS Resp. at 1.) CertainTeed represents 10 11 that the exhibits contain a mix of trade secrets, proprietary information, and non-party private information. (See id. at 7-8; 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. (Dkt. # 115) at 2-11.)<sup>7</sup> 12 13 CertainTeed connects these reasons to seal to specific documents and page ranges that it 14 // 15 // 16 <sup>4</sup> Portions of the Stahl Deposition appear in multiple places in the record. (See 9/17/18McKillop Decl. (Dkt. ## 141 (sealed), 140 (redacted)) ¶ 2, Ex. 1; 10/1/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. 17 ## 156 (sealed), 153 (redacted)) ¶ 6, Ex. 55.) Wherever it appears in the record, the court cites to the Stahl Deposition as "Stahl Dep." and clarifies page ranges where appropriate. 18 <sup>5</sup> Portions of the Roach Deposition appear in multiple places in the record. (See 9/17/18 McKillop Decl. ¶ 3, Ex. 3.) Wherever it appears in the record, the court cites to the Roach 19 Deposition as "Roach Dep." and clarifies page ranges where appropriate. 20 <sup>6</sup> When discussing the depositions in this order, the court refers to their internal page numbers rather than to the CM/ECF page numbers. 21 <sup>7</sup> The Waksman Affidavits are cited by their CM/ECF page numbers rather than 22 paragraph numbers to clarify where in CertainTeed's table the information is found.

asserts include information regarding its proprietary claims handling processes,<sup>8</sup> product
 specifications and manufacturing processes,<sup>9</sup> merchandising and marketing strategies,<sup>10</sup>
 and sales and financial data.<sup>11</sup> (*See generally* 8/22/18 Waksman Aff.) CertainTeed
 asserts that harm would befall its business and competitive advantage if this information
 was publicly released. *Id*.

In reply, the Wetzels argue the court should not seal the documents because "CertainTeed's conclusory arguments fail to overcome the strong presumption for public access to the courts." (1st MTS Reply at 4.) The Wetzels also contend that CertainTeed waived the right to seal some of these documents by not previously designating them as confidential per the requirements of the protective order. (*Id.* at 6-7.)

The court finds that CertainTeed has articulated compelling reasons to maintain the seal on some of the documents at issue; however, other documents contain, at least in part, information that does not plainly fall under CertainTeed's articulated justifications for sealing or facially meet the "compelling reasons" standard to seal. The court is not confident that all of the documents and testimony have been closely considered in light of the presumption of public access and the parties' duty to minimize the amount of material filed under seal. The court appreciates that CertainTeed's over-designations may have

<sup>10</sup> (Stahl Dep. at 99-100.)

<sup>11</sup> (Stahl Dep. at 99:12-100:25, 135.)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Stahl Dep. at 21, 118-20, 156-58; Ivers Dep.; 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. ¶¶ 9, 19, 22-25, 33, 35-44, 51-53, Exs. 7, 17, 20-23, 31, 33-42, 49-51; Roach Dep. at 225:19-248:20, 249:24-251:17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> (Stahl Dep. at 33-35, 45-46, 49, 51-59, 69, 80, 99-100, 103, 109-10; 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. ¶ 13, 20, 21, 56, Exs. 11, 18, 19, 54; Waier Report.)

resulted from the limited time it had to review the material prior to the Wetzels' filings.
(*See* 1st MTS Resp. at 3-4.) However, the court cannot seal an entire document when
narrower redaction would be sufficient to protect CertainTeed's interests. *See generally*Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g). As detailed below, the court grants CertainTeed the
opportunity to respond to this order by providing narrower redactions or further
justification for sealing certain documents or portions of documents pursuant to Local
Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B). *See* Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3)(B).

8 The court will first address the documents for which CertainTeed has not met its compelling reasons burden, and then address the documents for which it has met its 9 10 burden. First, the court concludes that CertainTeed's assertion of confidential personal 11 identifying information of non-parties does not satisfy the compelling reasons standard 12 because the limited amount of such information that is present in the documents can and 13 has already been appropriately redacted by the Wetzels. See Foltz, 331 F.3d at 1137 14 (concluding that third-party records could be redacted while leaving intact other 15 information). Here, the parties properly redacted individuals' names, phone numbers, 16 and street addresses before filing the documents with the court. See Local Rules W.D. 17 Wash. LCR 5(g)(1)(B) (stating that parties must redact sensitive information that the 18 court does not need to consider); (see generally 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Ex. 31, 33, 42-44, 19 48.) The court fails to see what privacy interests exist in the documents that have not 20 already been addressed through these redactions. Thus, when asserting non-party 21 privacy, CertainTeed has not met its burden of providing a compelling reason to seal. 22 Nevertheless, as discussed below, CertainTeed also asserts that exhibits 31, 33, 42, 44,

and 48, warrant sealing because they contain proprietary claims handling policies. (*See* 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. at 8-11.) Yet, CertainTeed asserts only non-party privacy as its
 justification to seal exhibit 43. (*Id.* at 10.) Thus, unless CertainTeed provides further
 justification to seal exhibit 43 in a response to this order, the court will unseal exhibit 43,
 except for the redactions already made by the Wetzels for non-party privacy.

6 Second, CertainTeed seeks to seal documents that were not timely designated 7 confidential under the terms of the protection order. (See 1st MTS Reply at 6-7.) For 8 example, CertainTeed seeks to designate as confidential excerpts of the Stahl Deposition. 9 (See id. at 7; see also 9/17/18 McKillop Decl. ¶ 5, Ex. 4 (designating many pages of the 10 Stahl Depositions confidential, but not pages 33-35, 45-46, 69, 135, or 156-58).) The 11 parties deposed Mr. Stahl on March 23, 2018. (See Stahl Dep. at 1.) CertainTeed served 12 its supplemental confidentiality designation on August 21, 2018, well after the 15-day 13 designation deadline provided in the protective order. (See Suppl. Designation (Dkt. 14 # 112); Protective Order ¶ 5.2(b).) Thus, as specified below, the court grants CertainTeed the opportunity to show cause as to why these documents and testimony<sup>12</sup> were not 15 16 timely designated as confidential.

Third, CertainTeed wishes to seal certain information already filed publicly. For
example, CertainTeed has since filed publicly some of the same sections of the Stahl
Deposition it now seeks to seal in these motions. (*See* 9/17/18 McKillop Decl. (Dkt.

<sup>12</sup> (Stahl Dep. at 33-35, 45-46, 69, 99-100, 135, 156-58; Ivers Dep.; 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Ex. 19.) The court also notes that the content of these pages and exhibits are publicly filed. (*See* 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. ## 109-2, 109-4, 109-19).)

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1 # 134-1) (attaching Stahl Dep. at 99-100).) The court grants CertainTeed the opportunity 2 to show cause as to why it has not waived the right to seal a document or information that 3 it has filed publicly.

4 Finally, the court finds CertainTeed's justifications for sealing certain documents 5 are insufficient where the material contained therein, at least in part, does not plainly fall 6 within CertainTeed's asserted compelling reasons for sealing. (See Stahl Dep. at 21, 80, 7 156-58; Ivers Dep.; 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Exs. 7, 11, 18, 31, 35, 41-42, and 48.) In many 8 instances, CertainTeed has either over-designated the material to seal or deemed it 9 proprietary or a trade secret without sufficient explanation. Specifically, the court finds 10 CertainTeed's justification for sealing the Saldanha Report insufficient as the court 11 cannot determine what lines or pages CertainTeed desires to seal. (See 8/22/18 Waksman 12 Aff. at 6-7). Likewise, regarding the Waier Report, except for the sealed line on page 4, 13 the court cannot ascertain what information or pages CertainTeed seeks to seal.

14 The court finds CertainTeed over-designated exhibit 7, an email chain, as proprietary claims handling information. (See 8/16/18 Terrell Decl. Ex. 7; 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. at 6.) Several sections of this email chain contain what the court 16 17 considers to be innocuous information. (See 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Ex. 7.) Without 18 additional detail or explanation as to why all of this material should be sealed, the court 19 concludes that fewer redactions would protect CertainTeed's interest while upholding the 20 public's right to access. See Local Rules W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(3)(B).

21 For other documents, CertainTeed's asserted compelling reasons for sealing are conclusory such that they fail to comply with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B). For example, 22

1 CertainTeed asserts its Shingle Technology Manual (8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Ex. 11) is a 2 trade secret. (See 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. at 7.) But it is not evident, nor has CertainTeed 3 specifically declared, that such information is kept confidential. (See generally 1st MTS 4 Resp.) Rather, it appears CertainTeed distributes this manual to external contractors as 5 part of a certification process. (See 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Ex 11 at 3, 5.) If the manual is 6 indeed distributed outside of CertainTeed's business, the court cannot ascertain how the 7 manual meets the definition of trade secret, nor what injury would befall CertainTeed if 8 the information was publicized. See Restatement of Torts § 757, cmt. b ("A trade secret 9 may consist of any formula, pattern, device or compilation of information which is used 10 in one's business, and which gives him an opportunity to obtain an advantage over 11 competitors who do not know or use it."); see also Clark v. Bunker, 453 F.2d 1006, 1009 12 (9th Cir. 1972) (adopting the Restatement's definition and finding that "a detailed plan 13 for the creation, promotion, financing, and sale of contracts" constitutes a trade secret). 14 CertainTeed may provide statements sufficient to comply with Local Civil Rule 15 5(g)(3)(B) for these documents in its response to this order.

The court now turns to those documents for which CertainTeed has met its compelling reasons burden. The court finds that CertainTeed has articulated compelling reasons to maintain the seal on the Stahl Deposition at 49, 51-59, 103, 109-10, 118-20, the Roach Deposition, and exhibits 17, 20-23, 33-34, 36-40, 44, 49-51, and 54. In short, CertainTeed represents that these documents contain confidential business information and trade secrets, which if released to the public could cause significant injury to its competitive standing. (*See generally* 8/22/18 Waksman Aff.) As explained below, the court concludes that CertainTeed's interests are sufficient to outweigh the policies in
 favor of public disclosure. *See Nixon*, 435 U.S. at 598.

Having reviewed the Stahl Deposition at 118-20, the Roach Deposition, and exhibits 17, 20-23, 33-34, 36-40, 44, and 49-51, the court finds the documents contain proprietary and confidential information about how CertainTeed makes warranty claims decisions, its claims policies, and its internal claims systems. The court finds publication of such information could harm CertainTeed as competitors could copy or compare their internal claims policies to CertainTeed's. Moreover, some of these exhibits contain compilations of internal claims and settlement information sufficient to satisfy the definition of trade secret or other confidential business information. (*See* 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. Exs. 20, 21, 36-37, 51.)

CertainTeed also seeks to seal one line of the Waier Report. (*See* 1st MTS Resp.; 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. at 8-9; Waier Report at 4.) This line contains manufacturing output information. (*See* Waier Report at 4.) The court finds this statistical information is confidential and unsealing the line could cause CertainTeed competitive harm that outweighs the policies favoring disclosure.

In addition, CertainTeed asserts that the Stahl Deposition at 49, 51-59, 103,
109-10, and exhibit 54 contain product designs and specifications or manufacturing
processes and procedures. (*See* 8/22/18 Waksman Aff. at 3-5, 11.) Having reviewed the
documents, the court finds that they contain details on the components of CertainTeed's
products, potential changes contemplated to its products, and CertainTeed's
manufacturing processes. (*See id.*) The court concludes that these documents

1 sufficiently meet the definition of trade secret or confidential business information such 2 that the need to protect the information outweighs the public's right of access. See 3 Kamakana, 447 F.3d at 1179.

4 As to the Wetzels' motion for class certification, the parties may need to 5 reconsider the sealed lines in the motion following the court's final ruling on the 6 documents at issue. The court then expects the parties to revise the redactions and refile 7 the relevant motion pursuant to the court's individual rulings on the documents at issue. 8 In doing so, the parties should be cognizant that the presumption of public access is 9 highest when a party seeks to seal a motion itself rather than attachments. Local Rules 10 W.D. Wash. LCR 5(g)(5) ("Only in rare circumstances should a party file a motion, 11 opposition, or reply under seal.").

12 Thus, as to the First Motion the court GRANTS in part regarding the Stahl 13 Deposition at 49, 103, 109-10, 118-20, the Roach Deposition, and exhibits 17, 20-23, 14 33-34, 36-40, 44, 51, and 54, and RESERVES RULING in part regarding the remaining exhibits and corresponding lines of the motion for class certification pending CertainTeed's response to this order. See infra § III.C.

#### 2. Second Motion

CertainTeed seeks to seal certain lines of the Wetzels' summary judgment response. (See generally 2d MTS; MSJ Resp. at 9-12.) The parties' arguments regarding the Second Motion are substantially similar to the First Motion. (*Compare* 1st MTS, *with* 21 2d MTS.) The summary judgment response contains quotations and citations to various 22 //

other "confidential" documents that the court discussed in its analysis of the First Motion.
 (*See* MSJ Resp. at 9-12.)

Upon the court's final ruling on the exhibits at issue, the parties must reevaluate the redacted lines in their briefing that cite to and quote those exhibits and may need to refile a revised redacted version of the Wetzels' summary judgment response. The parties should specifically consider that the court has not concluded that CertainTeed met its burden with regards to exhibits 7 and 48 to the August 13, 2018, Terrell Declaration. *See supra* § III.B.1. Whereas the court has concluded CertainTeed met its burden regarding lines or quotes referencing exhibits 17, 21-23, and 49-50. *See id*.

10 The Wetzels' summary judgment response also contains redacted quotations from 11 exhibits 6 and 8 to the August 13, 2018, Terrell Declaration. (See MSJ Resp. at 3-4.) 12 Yet, CertainTeed has not provided any reason to maintain the seal on these exhibits. (See 13 MSJ Resp. at 9-10; 2d MTS Resp. at 6 n.1 (CertainTeed states it "does not address" 14 exhibits 6 and 8 since they were never addressed" in the Wetzels' First Motion).) Due to 15 the presumption of public access, the court cannot seal content for which CertainTeed has 16 not provided a compelling reason to do so. Furthermore, sealing references to exhibits 6 17 and 8 in the summary judgment response is improper if the exhibits remain public. (See 18 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. ## 109-6, 109-8).)

Thus, as to the Second Motion, the court GRANTS in part sealing the lines related
to exhibits 17, 21-23, 49-50, and RESERVES RULING in part on sealing the remaining
lines pending CertainTeed's response to this order. *See infra* § III.C.

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### Third Motion

2 CertainTeed also relies on "confidential" documents in its response to the 3 Wetzels' motion for class certification. (See MCC Resp. at 22-23.) The parties' take 4 similar stances as in the other motions to seal but elaborate on their positions. (See 3d 5 MTS Resp. at 5-6; 3d MTS Reply at 2-6.) Again, CertainTeed asserts that the documents 6 contain proprietary information and trade secrets. (See 3d MTS at 4; see, e.g., 9/17/18 7 McKillop Decl.) The Wetzels oppose the Third Motion and request that the court unseal 8 the testimony at issue because "CertainTeed offers cursory and entirely conclusory 9 justifications for filing the testimony at issue under seal" and such "threadbare 10 justifications . . . fall well short of making the particularized showing of harm required." 11 (3d MTS Resp. at 4.) Specifically, the Wetzels assert that the relevant Stahl Deposition 12 pages do not contain confidential information because the information is available on 13 CertainTeed's website. (Id. at 5.) The Wetzels also assert that the Roach Deposition 14 does not contain proprietary information because CertainTeed discloses the procedures to 15 contractors and the procedures represent an outdated process. (Id. at 5-6.)

CertainTeed replies that pages 99-100 of the Stahl Deposition "contain proprietary information and trade secrets concerning CertainTeed's sales of Landmark 30 roofing shingles." (3d MTS Reply at 2.) And, although it does not refute that plant locations are disclosed on its website, it claims that the sales area "is not found in any public document and certainly not on CertainTeed's website." (*Id.*) CertainTeed further states that "[i]nformation regarding where CertainTeed's Landmark 30 shingles manufactured out of the Portland plant are sold is proprietary business information which if released could harm CertainTeed's business, solicitation of clients and customers, and could cause
irreparable loss." (*Id.* at 2.) CertainTeed elaborates that, if disclosed, competitors could
"use this information to their advantage by selling in the same region or deciding to sell
in different regions from the manufacturer." (*Id.* at 3.) Regarding exhibit 3, CertainTeed
argues its internal claims processes are unique and not available to the public,
homeowners, or roofing companies. (*See id.* at 6.) The court analyzes exhibits 1 and 3 in

7  $\parallel$ turn.

8 Exhibit 1 to the September 17, 2018, McKillop Declaration includes portions of 9 the Stahl Deposition that the court has previously noted have been filed publicly. (Stahl 10 Dep. at 99-100). The "confidential" information is clearly displayed rather than redacted. 11 (See 9/17/18 McKillop Decl. (Dkt. # 134-1).) For such documents, if CertainTeed seeks 12 to maintain the seal, it must show cause why it has not waived its right to seal such 13 documents. And, even if CertainTeed had not publicly filed pages 99-100 of the Stahl 14 Deposition, the court finds CertainTeed over-designated its redactions to Exhibit 1 because CertainTeed has acknowledged that its plant locations are public, and thus the 15 16 locations do not warrant sealing.

Exhibit 3 to the September 17, 2018, McKillop Declaration contains different page ranges of the Roach Deposition than those pages at issue in the First Motion. (*See* Roach Dep. at 225-51, 289.) CertainTeed asserts that these pages cover proprietary claims handling processes that it keeps internal, and if released to the public these pages would harm CertainTeed's competitive standing. (*See* 3d MTS at 4; 3d MTS Reply at 6.) The court concludes that CertainTeed has articulated a compelling reason to seal exhibit 3 as 1 the pages contain proprietary and confidential information about how CertainTeed settles 2 claims, such that publication could allow its competitors to benefit at CertainTeed's 3 expense. Although the claims process may now be outdated, competitors could still gain 4 advantage from CertainTeed's prior process and derive insight into CertainTeed's current 5 process. The court concludes that the potential of harm to CertainTeed from disclosure outweighs the public benefit, and thus the documents shall remain sealed. See Nixon, 435 6 7 U.S. at 598.

8 CertainTeed also seeks to seal several lines of the class certification response. 9 (See 3d MTS. at 1; see also MCC Resp. at 22-23.) These lines cite to the same 10 information in the Roach Deposition for which the court has found compelling reasons to 11 seal. The court will therefore maintain the seal on the designated lines in the class 12 certification response.

13 Thus, as to the Third Motion, the court GRANTS in part and maintains the seal on certain lines in the class certification response and certain pages of the Roach Deposition, but RESERVES RULING in part regarding the Stahl Deposition at 99-100 pending 16 CertainTeed's response to this order. See infra § III.C.

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### **Fourth Motion**

18 The parties' arguments regarding the Fourth Motion are substantially similar to 19 those regarding the First Motion and Second Motion. (Compare 1st MTS, with 2d MTS, 20 and 4th MTS.) CertainTeed requests that the court maintain the seal on certain lines of 21 the Wetzels' reply to their motion for class certification, one line of the Corrected Waier 22 Report, and certain pages of the Stahl Deposition. (4th MTS at 1-2; see also Stahl Dep.

1 at 20-21, 80-81, 105, 127-28, 156-60; MCC Reply at 11-12, 24; Corrected Waier Report 2 at 4.)

The Wetzels' class certification reply contains only three redacted segments, which cover citations and quotations from previously analyzed exhibits. (*See* MCC Reply at 11-12, 24.) The redactions are for citations to pages of the Stahl Deposition and a citation to the same redacted sections in CertainTeed's response to the class certification motion at issue in the Third Motion. (*See* Stahl Dep. at 20, 80-81, 105, 156-60; MCC Resp. at 22-23.) As analyzed above, the court finds CertainTeed over-redacted the Stahl Deposition on pages 21, 80, and 156-58. *See supra* § III.B.1. Without narrower redaction or further justification or explanation from CertainTeed as to why these portions of the Stahl Deposition should remain sealed, the court will order their disclosure.

However, the court finds that CertainTeed provided compelling reasons to seal pages 105 and 127-28 of the Stahl Deposition. CertainTeed asserts these pages contain proprietary claims handling processes. (*See* 4th MTS Reply at 5-6.) As previously explained, the court concludes that such information is valuable and confidential, and the threat of harm to CertainTeed's competitive advantage by releasing this information outweighs the public's interest in access. *See supra* § III.B.1.

In addition, the content of the redacted lines on pages 11-12 of the Wetzels' reply properly fall within CertainTeed's asserted justification for sealing. The court finds this sealed content contains proprietary manufacturing information and the process by which CertainTeed analyzes defects. (*See* MCC Reply at 11-12.) The court concludes that the 1 release of this information could significantly harm CertainTeed's competitive advantage 2 and thus outweighs the presumption of public access.

3 The Corrected Waier Report contains the same single redaction as the Waier 4 Report discussed in the First Motion. (*Compare* Waier Report at 4, *with* Corrected Waier 5 Report at 4.) Again, the redacted line contains manufacturing output data and the court 6 finds that CertainTeed has asserted a compelling reason to seal this information: release 7 of manufacturing output data could cause CertainTeed competitive harm such that 8 CertainTeed has met its burden of overcoming the presumption of public access.

9 Thus, as to the Fourth Motion, the court GRANTS in part regarding the Waier 10 Report at 4, pages 11-12 of the reply, and pages 105, 127-28 of the Stahl Deposition, but **RESERVES RULING** on the remainder of the motion pending CertainTeed's response to 12 this order. See infra § III.C.

#### C. **Summary**

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14 The court grants CertainTeed the opportunity to respond to this order. CertainTeed's response, if any, must be filed within 14 days of the date of this order and 16 address the following topics: (1) the court's concerns about over-designation and conclusory compelling reasons to seal; (2) why a document that CertainTeed filed 18 publicly on the docket should now be sealed; and (3) why documents that CertainTeed did not timely designate as confidential, and that the Wetzels' have filed publicly on the docket, should now be sealed.

21 The table below summarizes the court's ruling on each document at issue. "Maintain seal" indicates that the court has found a compelling reason to direct the Clerk 22

**ORDER - 23** 

to affirmatively maintain the seal on the document. "Ruling reserved" indicates that the
 court is unable to determine at this time whether the document should be sealed. The
 provisional seal on all documents not categorized as "Maintain seal" will be maintained
 pending the court's final ruling on the documents.

5	Dkt. No.	Description	Ruling regarding Sealing
6		1st Motion	
7	(Dkt. # 107)	The Wetzels' MCC	Ruling reserved
8	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
9	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at 21		
10	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. # 107-1), Ex. 2 at	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
11	33-35		
12	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. # 107-1), Ex. 2 at	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
13	45-46		
4	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Maintain seal
5	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at 49		
6	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Maintain seal
17	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at 51-59:12		
8	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
9	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at 69		
20	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
21	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at 80		

1	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
1	Decl. (Dkt.	Stall Deposition excerpt	Runng reserved
2	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
_	99-100		
3	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Maintain seal
_	Decl. (Dkt.		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
4	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
	103		
5	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Maintain seal
	Decl. (Dkt.		
6	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
	109-110		
7	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Maintain seal
	Decl. (Dkt.		
8	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
	118:12-120		
9	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt.		
10	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
	135		
11	8/13/18 Terrell	Stahl Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt.		
12	# 107-1), Ex. 2 at		
	156-58		
13	8/13/18 Terrell	Ivers Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt.		
14	# 109-4), Ex. 4 at		
1.7	29		
15	8/13/18 Terrell	Ivers Deposition excerpt	Ruling reserved
16	Decl. (Dkt.		
16	# 109-4), Ex. 4 at		
17	31		
17	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Ruling reserved
18	Decl. (Dkt.		
10	# 107-2), Ex. 7		
19	8/13/18 Terrell	Roach Deposition excerpts	Maintain seal
17	Decl. (Dkt.		
20	# 107-3), Ex. 9		
20	8/13/18 Terrell	Saldanha Report	Ruling reserved
21	Decl. (Dkt.		
<i>4</i> 1	# 107-4), Ex. 10		

1	8/13/18 Terrell	Shingle Technology	Ruling reserved
2	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-5), Ex. 11	Manual	
2	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Maintain seal
3	Decl. (Dkt.	Linuir correspondence	Wantani Sou
	# 107-6), Ex. 17		
4	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt.	1	6
5	# 107-7), Ex. 18		
	8/13/18 Terrell	CertainTeed "Roofing	Ruling reserved
6	Decl. (Dkt.	Products" Performance	
	# 109-19), Ex. 19	Manual	
7	8/13/18 Terrell	PowerPoint presentation	Maintain seal
0	Decl. (Dkt.		
8	# 107-8), Ex. 20		
9	8/13/18 Terrell	PowerPoint presentation	Maintain seal
7	Decl. (Dkt.		
10	# 107-9), Ex. 21		
10	8/13/18 Terrell	PowerPoint presentation	Maintain seal
11	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-10), Ex. 22		
	8/13/18 Terrell	Procedure for Portland	Maintain seal
12	Decl. (Dkt.	granule loss sample	Wantani Scar
	# 107-11), Ex. 23	claims	
13	8/13/18 Terrell	Warranty claim file	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt.		
14	# 107-12), Ex. 31		
1.7	8/13/18 Terrell	Waier Report	Maintain seal
15	Decl. (Dkt.	_	
16	# 107-13), Ex. 32		
10	at 4		
17	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Maintain seal
1/	Decl. (Dkt.		
18	# 107-14), Ex. 33		
- 0	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Maintain seal
19	Decl. (Dkt.		
	# 107-15), Ex. 34	Email comparandar as	Duling magamus d
20	8/13/18 Terrell	Email correspondence	Ruling reserved
	Decl. (Dkt. # 107 16) Ex 35		
21	# 107-16), Ex. 35		

1	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Spreadsheet of granule loss warranty claims denied	Maintain seal
2	# 107-17), Ex. 36	through 2016	
3	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. # 107-18), Ex. 37	Spreadsheet of granule loss warranty claims denied in 2017 and January 2018	Maintain seal
4	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Shingle complaint policy request form	Maintain seal
5	# 107-19), Ex. 38		
6	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt. # 107-20), Ex. 39	Shingle complaint policy request form	Maintain seal
7	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Shingle complaint policy request form	Maintain seal
9	# 107-21), Ex. 40 8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Email correspondence	Ruling reserved
10	# 107-22), Ex. 41 8/13/18 Terrell	Warranty claim file	Ruling reserved
11	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-23), Ex. 42		
12	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Warranty claim file	Ruling reserved
13	# 107-24), Ex. 43 8/13/18 Terrell	RPG long term policy	Maintain seal
14	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-25), Ex. 44	request form	
15	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Email correspondence	Ruling reserved
16	# 107-26), Ex. 48 8/13/18 Terrell	Signed release form	Maintain seal
17	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-27), Ex. 49		
18	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	Signed release form	Maintain seal
19	# 107-28), Ex. 50 8/13/18 Terrell	PowerPoint presentation	Maintain seal
20	Decl. (Dkt. # 107-29), Ex. 51	Î	
21	8/13/18 Terrell Decl. (Dkt.	CertainTeed January 1, 2005, ICC quality system	Maintain seal
22	# 107-30), Ex. 54	manual excerpts	

1		2nd Motion	
2	(Dkt. # 122)	The Wetzels' MSJ Response	Ruling reserved
3		3rd Motion	
4	(Dkt. # 142)	CertainTeed's MCC Response	Maintain seal
5	9/17/18 McKillop Decl. (Dkt. # 141),	Stahl Deposition	Ruling reserved
6	Ex. 1 at 99:12-100:25		
7	9/17/18 McKillop Decl. (Dkt. # 141),	Roach Deposition	Maintain seal
8	Ex. 3 at 225:19-248:20 & 249:24-251:17		
9		4th Motion	
10	(Dkt. # 154)	The Wetzels MCC Reply	Maintain seal on pages 11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24
11	(Dkt. # 155), Ex.		
11 12	(Dkt. # 155), Ex. 32 at 4 (Dkt. # 156), Ex.	The Wetzels MCC Reply	11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24
11 12 13	(Dkt. # 155), Ex. 32 at 4 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 20-21 (Dkt. # 156), Ex.	The Wetzels MCC Reply      Corrected Waier Report	11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24 Maintain seal
11 12 13 14	(Dkt. # 155), Ex. 32 at 4 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 20-21 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 80-81 (Dkt. # 156), Ex.	The Wetzels MCC Reply         Corrected Waier Report         Stahl Deposition excerpt	11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24 Maintain seal Ruling reserved
11 12 13 14 15	(Dkt. # 155), Ex. 32 at 4 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 20-21 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 80-81 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 105 (Dkt. # 156), Ex.	The Wetzels MCC ReplyCorrected Waier ReportStahl Deposition excerptStahl Deposition excerpt	11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24Maintain sealRuling reservedRuling reserved
11 12 13 14	(Dkt. # 155), Ex. 32 at 4 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 20-21 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 80-81 (Dkt. # 156), Ex. 55 at 105	The Wetzels MCC ReplyCorrected Waier ReportStahl Deposition excerptStahl Deposition excerptStahl Deposition excerpt	11-12; Ruling reserved on page 24Maintain sealRuling reservedRuling reservedMaintain seal

# **IV. CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing, the court GRANTS in part and RESERVES RULING in part on the First Motion (Dkt. # 105), GRANTS in part and RESERVES RULING in part on the Second Motion (Dkt. # 120), GRANTS in part and RESERVES RULING in part

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on the Third Motion (Dkt. # 137), and GRANTS in part and RESERVES RULING in
 part on the Fourth Motion (Dkt. # 152). Consistent with this ruling, the court DIRECTS
 the Clerk to maintain the seal on all the exhibits until further notice.

The court GRANTS CertainTeed 14 days from the undersigned date to file a response to this order as outlined above. *See supra* § III.C. Following CertainTeed's response and the court's final ruling on the documents, CertainTeed and the Wetzels may need to adjust the redacted lines to the motions and other memorandum and refile revised redacted versions. The court expects CertainTeed to assist the Wetzels with the task of revising redactions to the Wetzels' briefs in a collaborative manner. Upon considering CertainTeed's response or lack thereof, the court will issue an additional order instructing the parties and the Clerk on how to proceed with the remaining documents at issue.

Dated this 18th day of March, 2019.

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JAMES L. ROBART United States District Judge