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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
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10	BRITTANY EASTON,	CASE NO. 2:16-cv-01694 RSM RSM
11	Plaintiff,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
12	v.	
13	ASPLUNDH,	
14	Defendant.	
15		
16	1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>	
17	Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or	
18	private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties	
19	hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the	ne following Stipulated Protective Order. The
20	parties acknowledge that this agreement is consiste	ent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket
21	protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public	
22	disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to	
23	confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle	
24	parties to file confidential information under seal.	

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"CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

2 "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things
3 produced or otherwise exchanged: Any records produced by a HIPAA-covered entity as defined
4 by 45 C.F.R. 160.103, which has received a request or subpoena for Plaintiff's protected health
5 information.

6 3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as
defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2)
all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,
conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.
However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in the
public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

13 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

4.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed
or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to
the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential
material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner
that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may
disclose any confidential material only to:

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1	(a) the party's counsel of record in this action,	
2	treating physicians, other healthcare providers, insurance carriers, or other entities from whom	
3	damages, compensation, or indemnity is sought and any entity performing or monitoring	
4	adjustment activities on behalf of such insurance carrier or other entity and/or their employees	
5	agents, or third-party administrators for any of the parties involved in the litigation; in any	
6	proceeding for health oversight activities as permitted under 45 C.F.R. 164.512, court reporters	
7	and other similar vendors to the parties and their attorneys, as well as the professional and	
8	support staff of all of the above;	
9	(b) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this	
10	litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);	
11	(d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;	
12	(e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of	
13	confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service	
14	instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately	
15	return all originals and copies of any confidential material;	
16	(f) any mediator;	
17	(h) the information contained in Plaintiff's response to Interrogatory No. 7 of	
18	Defendant's First Interrogatories and Requests for Production to Plaintiff may not be disclosed	
19	to anyone under any circumstances, except as outlined above. Specifically, this information	
20	must not, under any circumstances be disclosed to any individual at Asplundh Tree Experts, Co.,	
21	except Christopher Hein and Tyler Mizvitowicz, for any purpose, whatsoever.	
22	4.3 <u>Filing Confidential Material</u> . Before filing confidential material or discussing or	
23	referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party	

to determine whether the designating party will remove the confidential designation, whether the
 document can be redacted, or whether a motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is
 warranted. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the
 standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under
 seal.

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DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party
or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take
care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,
documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the
material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not
swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

18 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated
19 for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other
20 parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this
agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must

1 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

(a) <u>Information in documentary form:</u> (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and
deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),
the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains
confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by
making appropriate markings in the margins).

8 (b) <u>Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings</u>: the
9 parties must identify on the record, during the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all
10 protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony after
11 reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving a
12 deposition transcript, designate portions of the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential.

(c) <u>Other tangible items</u>: the producing party must affix in a prominent place on
the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
"CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,
the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's
right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a
designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is
treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

22 6.

CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of

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confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality
 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
 original designation is disclosed.

6 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
7 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding
8 confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in
9 a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer
10 conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The
11 certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to
12 confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

20 7. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER</u> <u>LITIGATION</u>

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If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that
party must:

(a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
 subpoena or court order;

3 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
4 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
5 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

6 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
7 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

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8. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

9 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
10 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving
11 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized
12 disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material,
13 (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of
14 this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and
15 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

16 9. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED</u> <u>MATERIAL</u>

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When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. Parties shall confer on an appropriate non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502.

24 10. <u>NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS</u>

1	Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving	
2	party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts	
3	and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of	
4	destruction.	
5	Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all	
6	documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,	
7	deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert	
8	work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.	
9	The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a	
10	designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.	
11	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.	
12		
13	DATED:Attorneys for Plaintiff	
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15	DATED: Attorneys for Defendant	
16	Automety's for Defendant	
17	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED this 13 th day of April 2017.	
18		
	Quit	
	RICARDO S. MARTINEZ CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
	WASHINGTON INJURY LAWYERS, PLLC 2211 Elliott Avenue, Suite 200	

1	EXHIBIT A
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I, [print or type full name], of
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have
5	read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United
6	States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the case of
7	BRITTANY EASTON v. ASPLUNDH TREE EXPERTS, CO., Case No. 2:16-cv01694.
8	I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective
9	Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions
10	and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any
11	manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person
12	or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
13	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for
14	the Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
15	Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
16	
17	Date:
18	City and State where sworn and signed:
19	Printed name:
20	Signature:
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