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| 7 8      | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE   |                                       |
| 9        | AI SEA   | ATTLE                                 |
| 10       | STATE OF WASHINGTON, et al.,   | CASE NO. C17-0141JLR                  |
| 11       | Plaintiffs,<br>v.  | ORDER DENYING MOTIONS<br>TO INTERVENE |
| 12<br>13 | DONALD TRUMP, et al.,  |                                       |
| 14       | Defendants.  |                                       |
| 15       | Before the court are motions to intervene by David A. Golden (Golden Mot. (Dkt.  |                                       |
| 16       | # 121)), Kareem Salessi (Salessi Mot. (Dkt. # 166)), Ann Dawson <sup>1</sup> (Dawson Mot. (Dkt. #  |                                       |
| 17       | 167)), and Rick Satcher (Satcher Mot. (Dkt. # 173)). The foregoing litigants are   |                                       |
| 18       | //   |                                       |
| 19       | //   |                                       |
| 20       | //   |                                       |
| 21       | <sup>1</sup> Ms. Dawson appears to file her motion on behalf of three entities that she identifies as "Muslins [sic], Jews, and Christian [sic] against Terrorism," "'We the People' Tea Party," and |                                       |
| 22       | "Native Americans for a Unity Nation." (Dawson Mot. at 1.)   |                                       |

1 proceeding pro se, and the court liberally construes their filings as motions to intervene in these proceedings.<sup>2</sup> 2 3 Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 24(a), in order to intervene as of right in an 4 action, a proposed intervenor must establish that he or she has (1) "an unconditional right to intervene by a federal statute," or (2) "an interest relating to the . . . transaction that is 5 the subject of the action . . . . " Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(a). For permissive intervention, a 6 7 proposed intervenor must show that he or she has (1) "a conditional right to intervene by a federal statute," or (2) "a claim or defense that shares with the main action a common 8 9 question of law or fact." Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(b)(1). The burden is on the proposed intervenor to demonstrate that the conditions for intervention are satisfied. United States 10 v. Alisal Water Corp., 370 F.3d 915, 919 (9th Cir. 2004). 11 12 The four proposed intervenors fail to demonstrate that the conditions for either 13 intervention as of right or for permissive intervention are met. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 24(a)-(b)(1). Accordingly, the court DENIES all four motions to intervene (Dkt. ## 121, 166, 14 15 167, 173). Further, the court DIRECTS the Clerk to refrain from placing any future 16 17 18 19 20 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The court liberally construes the pleadings of *pro se* litigants. *See Brazil v. U.S. Dep't of Navy*, 66 F.3d 193, 199 (9th Cir. 1995).

filings by any of these pro se litigants on the court's docket for this case, unless the filing is a motion for reconsideration or a notice of appeal of this order. Dated this 29th day of March, 2017. JAMES L. ROBART United States District Judge