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6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
7 AT SEATTLE  
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9 MARVIN KRONA,

10 Plaintiff,

Case No. C17-0404-RAJ-MAT

11 v.

12 D.O.C., *et al.*,

13 Defendants.

ORDER DECLINING TO SERVE  
COMPLAINT AND GRANTING  
PLAINTIFF LEAVE TO AMEND

14  
15 Plaintiff Marvin Krona has submitted to this Court for filing a civil rights complaint under  
16 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The Court, having reviewed plaintiff's complaint, hereby finds and ORDERS  
17 as follows:

18 (1) Plaintiff is a Washington prisoner who is currently confined at the Monroe  
19 Correctional Complex (MCC) - Special Offender Unit (SOU). Plaintiff's claims are somewhat  
20 difficult to discern, however, they appear to relate to a chance meeting between plaintiff and his  
21 ex-fiancée in 2014 while plaintiff was confined at the MCC - Twin Rivers Unit. (*See* Dkt. 4-2 at  
22 3.) According to plaintiff, his ex-fiancée was working in the sex offender program at the time he  
23 ran into her. (*Id.*) The ending of the relationship was apparently quite difficult for plaintiff,

ORDER DECLINING TO SERVE COMPLAINT AND  
GRANTING PLAINTIFF LEAVE TO AMEND - 1

1 causing him to “spen[d] several years destroying myself” following the break-up. (Dkt. 4-2 at 3.)  
2 Plaintiff maintains that he was finally healing from that experience when he ran into in the prison  
3 system. (*Id.*) Plaintiff claims that he notified staff of his encounter with his ex- fiancée  
4 immediately, but they kept him at the same facility, housing him with sex offenders, for an  
5 additional four months, which caused “old wounds” related to the relationship to be “ripped open.”  
6 (*Id.*) Plaintiff contends that the DOC thereafter began “messaging with” him, which apparently  
7 included improperly confining him in a mental health unit and interfering with his ability to obtain  
8 work release. (*Id.*)

9 Plaintiff identifies the DOC (Department of Corrections), and four MCC employees as  
10 defendants in this action. (*See id.* at 1-3.) Plaintiff seeks relief from this Court in the form of an  
11 Order directing that he be sent to work release. (*Id.* at 4.) He also seeks a “full investigation” of  
12 his time spent in DOC custody. (*Id.*)

13 (2) In order to sustain a cause of action under §1983 a plaintiff must show (1) that he  
14 suffered a violation of rights protected by the Constitution or created by federal statute, and (2)  
15 that the violation was proximately caused by a person acting under color of state or federal law.  
16 *See Crumpton v. Gates*, 947 F.2d 1418, 1420 (9th Cir. 1991). To satisfy the second prong, a  
17 plaintiff must allege facts showing how individually named defendants caused or personally  
18 participated in causing the harm alleged in the complaint. *See Arnold v. IBM*, 637 F.2d 1350, 1355  
19 (9th Cir. 1981). A defendant cannot be held liable solely on the basis of supervisory responsibility  
20 or position. *Monell v. Department of Social Servs., of City of New York*, 436 U.S. 658, 691-694  
21 (1978). Rather, a plaintiff must allege that a defendant’s own conduct violated his civil rights.  
22 *City of Canton, Ohio v. Harris*, 489 U.S. 378, 385-90 (1989).

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1 (3) The Court declines to order that plaintiff's complaint be served on defendants  
2 because the complaint is deficient in the following respects:

3 (a) Plaintiff identifies the DOC as a defendant in the caption of his complaint.  
4 However, the United States Supreme Court has made clear that states and state agencies are not  
5 "persons" subject to suit under § 1983. *See Will v. Michigan Department of State Police*, 491 U.S.  
6 58 (1989). In addition, it is well established that, under the Eleventh Amendment, an unconsenting  
7 state is immune from suits brought in federal courts by its own citizens. *See Edelman v. Jordan*,  
8 415 U.S. 651, 662-63 (1974). The State of Washington has not waived its Eleventh Amendment  
9 immunity for suits such as the one presented here. *See Whiteside v. State of Washington*, 534  
10 F.Supp. 774 (D.C. Wash. 1982). Because the DOC is an agency of the State of Washington, any  
11 intended claim against the DOC is essentially one against the state itself and is therefore barred  
12 under the Eleventh Amendment. *See Regents of the University of California v. Doe*, 519 U.S. 425,  
13 429-31 (1997).

14 (b) Plaintiff does not identify in his complaint the federal constitutional right he  
15 believes was violated by the conduct of defendants, and the facts alleged do not appear to implicate  
16 federal constitutional concerns. As far as this Court can discern, plaintiff's complaints involve his  
17 housing designation and/or classification status at MCC, and the fact that he has not been sent to  
18 work release. However, a prisoner does not have a protected liberty interest in the location of his  
19 confinement, *Meachum v. Fano*, 427 U.S. 215, 223-27 (1976), nor does he have a liberty interest  
20 in a particular classification status, *Hernandez v. Johnston*, 833 F.2d 1316, 1318 (9th Cir. 1987)  
21 (citing *Moody v. Daggett*, 429 U.S. 78 (1976)). The Ninth Circuit has also made clear that a  
22 prisoner has no constitutional right to rehabilitation and, thus, no constitutional right to  
23 participation in a work release program. *See Coakley v. Murphy*, 884 F.2d 1218, 1221 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir.

1 1989). If plaintiff wishes to proceed with this action, he must identify a viable federal  
2 constitutional claim.

3 (c) Plaintiff has not alleged specific facts showing how each named defendant  
4 personally participated in causing the harm alleged in the complaint. Assuming plaintiff is able to  
5 identify a viable claim for relief, he will also have to set forth specific facts demonstrating that  
6 each named defendant personally participated in causing him harm of federal constitutional  
7 dimension.

8 (4) Plaintiff may file an amended complaint curing the above noted deficiencies within  
9 **thirty (30) days** of the date on which this Order is signed. The amended complaint must carry the  
10 same case number as this one. If no amended complaint is timely filed, the Court will recommend  
11 that this action be dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B) for failure to state a claim upon  
12 which relief may be granted.

13 Plaintiff is advised that an amended pleading operates as a *complete* substitute for an  
14 original pleading. See *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1262 (9th Cir.) (citing *Hal Roach*  
15 *Studios, Inc. v. Richard Feiner & Co., Inc.*, 896 F.2d 1542, 1546 (9th Cir. 1990) (as amended),  
16 *cert. denied*, 506 U.S. 915 (1992)). Thus, any amended complaint must clearly identify the  
17 defendant(s), the constitutional claim(s) asserted, the specific facts which plaintiff believes support  
18 each claim, and the specific relief requested.

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(5) The Clerk is directed to send plaintiff the appropriate forms so that he may file an amended complaint. The Clerk is further directed to send copies of this Order to plaintiff and to the Honorable Richard A. Jones.

DATED this 8th day of May, 2017.

  
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Mary Alice Theiler  
United States Magistrate Judge