1		The Honorable Thomas S. Zilly	
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8	IN THE UNITED STA	ATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
10	AT S	EATTLE	
11	TOP NOTCH SOLUTIONS, INC. and ROBERT RASHIDI,	Case No. 2:17-CV-00827-TSZ	
12	Plaintiffs,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER	
13	v.		
14 15 16 17 18	CROUSE AND ASSOCIATES INSURANCE BROKERS, INC. McGRIFF, SEIBELS & WILLIAMS, INC., LAW OFFICES OF PUCIN & FREIDLAND, P.C., and JOHN/JANE DOE 2-50; Defendants.		
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20	1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>		
21	Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or		
22	private information for which special protect	ction may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties	
23	hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The		
24	parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanke		
25	protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public		
26	disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidentia		
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	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 1	KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP	

treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to
 file confidential information under seal.

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2.

"CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

"Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged:

- documents, information, or materials provided through formal or informal discovery, including without limitation deposition testimony, answers to requests to admit and interrogatories, and documents or things tendered pursuant to requests to produce or to subpoenas to non-parties, which contain or include confidential, proprietary, or competitively sensitive business information;
- proprietary technical, commercial, business, development, marketing or research documents, information, or materials;
- confidential financial information and customer information of any party hereto
 or any third party to whom a party reasonably believes it owes an obligation of
 confidentiality with respect to such documents, information, or material;
- any documents produced by a party to this litigation that were previously produced in related state court actions, including King County Cause Number 14-2-33769-8 SEA and King County Cause Number 14-2-31318-7 SEA (together, the "State Court Actions")¹;
 - deposition transcripts from the State Court Actions; and
 - settlement agreements entered into in the State Court Actions.

A Stipulated Protective Order was entered in King County Cause Number 14-2-31318-7 SEA (the "WWTCOA Action") but not King County Cause Number 14-2-33769-8 SEA. *See* Exhibit
 (Stipulated Protective Order entered in the WWTCOA Action). In order to avoid any potential conflict with the protective order previously entered in the WWTCOA Action, this

²⁷ protective order is intended to provide the same protection for documents initially produced or filed in the WWTCOA Action that are re-produced in this litigation.

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3. <u>SCOPE</u>

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

8 4.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

9 4.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed 10 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, 11 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to 12 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential 13 material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner 14 that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

- 15 4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise
 16 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may
 17 disclose any confidential material only to:
- (a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so
designated;

(c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for
this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit
A);

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(d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 3 (CASE NO. 2:17-CV-00827-TSZ)

KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP 1100 PEACHTREE STREET, SUITE 2800 ATLANTA, GA 30309-4528 (404) 815-6500 FAX: (404) 815-6555 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication
 of confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
(Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
under this agreement;

(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

4.3 <u>Filing Confidential Material</u>. Before filing confidential material or discussing or referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party to determine whether the designating party will remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

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DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

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Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

(a) <u>Information in documentary form:</u> (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents
and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial
proceedings), the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that
contains confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making
appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) <u>Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings</u>: the parties and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

(c) <u>Other tangible items</u>: the producing party must affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

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CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality
designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to
challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
original designation is disclosed.

6.2 <u>Meet and Confer</u>. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on

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other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to
 maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

3 7. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER</u> 4 LITIGATION

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party must:

8 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
9 subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
by the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

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UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

9. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED</u> MATERIAL

When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 7 (CASE NO. 2:17-CV-00827-TSZ) provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery
 order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree
 to the entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

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10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert
work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a
designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

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IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD. DATED: August 8, 2018.

BRUCKER LAW OFFICE

18 19 20	By: <u>/s/ Jan E. Brucker (with express permission)</u> Jan E. Brucker, WSBA No. 12160 801 Second Avenue, Suite 800 Seattle, WA 98104	
21	206.489.5553 E-mail: jan@bruckerlawoffice.com	
22	Attorney for Plaintiffs Top Notch Solutions, Inc., and	
23	Habib (Robert) Rashidi	
24	BETTS, PATTERSON & MINES, P.S.	
25	By: <u>/s/ S. Karen Bamberger (with express permission)</u>	
26	By: <u>/s/ Natasha A. Khachatourians (with express</u> <u>permission)</u>	
27	S. Karen Bamberger, WSBA #18478	
	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 8KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP(CASE NO. 2:17-CV-00827-TSZ)1100 PEACHTREE STREET, SUITE 2800 ATLANTA, GA 30309-4528	

(404) 815-6500 FAX: (404) 815-6555

1	Natasha A. Khachatourians, WSBA #42685
	Betts, Patterson & Mines, P.S.
2	One Convention Place, Suite 1400 701 Pike Street
3	Seattle WA 98101-3927
4	Telephone: (206) 292-9988
5	Facsimile: (206) 343-7053 E-mail: <u>kbamberger@bpmlaw.com</u>
6	E-mail: <u>nkhachatourians@bpmlaw.com</u>
	Attorneys for Defendant Crouse and Associates
7	Insurance Brokers, Inc.
8	
9	THE O'MEARA LAW OFFICE, P.S.
10	By: /s/ Michael O'Meara (with express permission)
11	Michael O'Meara, WSBA #41502
	1602 Virginia Ave. Everett, WA 98201
12	Telephone (425)-263-1732
13	Email: michael@omearalawoffice.com
14	Attorneys for Defendant Law Offices of Pucin &
15	Freidland, P.C.
16	
	KILPATRICK, TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP
17	By: <u>/s/ John Neeleman</u>
18	John Neeleman, WSBA # 19752 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
19	Seattle, WA 98101
20	Phone: 206-224-2864
	Fax: 206-623-6793 Email: <u>jneeleman@kilpatricktownsend.com</u>
21	
22	Attorneys for Defendant McGriff, Seibels & Williams, Inc.
23	wittants, Inc.
24	
25	
26	
27	
	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 9 (CASE NO. 2:17-CV-00827-TSZ)KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP 1100 PEACHTREE STREET, SUITE 2800 ATLANTA, GA 30309-4528 (404) 815-6500 FAX: (404) 815-6555

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PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any documents in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other proceeding in any other court, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other privilege or protection recognized by law.

DATED: September 7, 2018.

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Thomas S. Zilly United States District Judge

1	<u>EXHIBIT A</u>		
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
3	I, [print or type full name], of		
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty		
5	of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was		
6	issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the		
7	case of [insert formal name of the case and the number and initials		
8	assigned to it by the court]. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this		
9	Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could		
10	expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will		
11	not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective		
12	Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.		
13	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the		
14	Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated		
15	Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.		
16	Date:		
17	City and State where sworn and signed:		
18	Printed name:		
19	Signature:		
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	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER – PAGE 11KILPATRICK TOWNSEND & STOCKTON LLP 1100 PEACHTREE STREET, SUITE 2800 ATLANTA, GA 30309-4528 (404) 815-6500 FAX: (404) 815-6555		

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