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4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
5 AT SEATTLE

6 BAO XUYEN LE, as Personal
7 Representative of the Estate of Tommy Le;
HOAI "SUNNY" LE; and DIEU HO,

8 Plaintiffs,

9 v.

10 REVEREND DR. MARTIN LUTHER
11 KING, JR. COUNTY; and KING
COUNTY DEPUTY SHERIFF CESAR
12 MOLINA,

13 Defendants.

C18-55 TSZ

MINUTE ORDER

14 The following Minute Order is made by direction of the Court, the Honorable
Thomas S. Zilly, United States District Judge:

15 (1) The deferred portions of plaintiffs' motions to exclude expert testimony,
16 docket nos. 67 and 95, are GRANTED in part and DENIED in part, and defendants'
supplemental motion in limine concerning expert testimony, docket no. 173, is
17 GRANTED in part, STRICKEN in part, and DENIED in part, as follows:

18 (a) Defendant King County's expert James Borden and plaintiffs'
19 experts William Harmening and Scott DeFoe will not be permitted to testify at
trial concerning whether or not King County Deputy Sheriff Cesar Molina used
20 lawful, reasonable, justified, or appropriate force when he shot Tommy Le on
June 14, 2017. Although the Federal Rules of Evidence do not preclude an expert
21 from opining about an ultimate issue, *see* Fed. R. Evid. 704(a), the Court may bar
such testimony when it is not helpful to the jury, *see* Fed. R. Evid. 702(a), or when
22 it might be unduly prejudicial, *see* Fed. R. Evid. 403. *See United States v. Diaz*,
876 F.3d 1194, 1196-97 (9th Cir. 2017); *see also United States v. Schatzle*, 901
F.2d 252, 257 (2d Cir. 1990); *Falk v. Clarke*, 1990 WL 43581 at *5 (N.D. Ill.

1 Apr. 3, 1990). The Court concludes that the issue of whether or not the force used
2 by Deputy Molina was excessive is properly within the province of the jury, and
3 that expert testimony will not assist the jury in making this determination. *See*
4 *Seals v. Mitchell*, 2011 WL 1399245 at *9 (N.D. Cal. Apr. 13, 2011); *see also*
5 *Halsted v. City of Portland*, 2012 WL 13054271 at *1-*2 (D. Ore. Mar. 7, 2012);
6 *Shannon v. Koehler*, 2011 WL 10483363 at *29-*30 (N.D. Iowa Sep. 16, 2011)
7 (reasoning that an expert’s opinion concerning the reasonableness of an officer’s
8 conduct is a legal conclusion, not a fact-based opinion that might assist the jury);
9 *United States v. Eberle*, 2008 WL 4858438 at *2-*3 (E.D. Mich. Nov. 10, 2008).
10 In addition, the experts will not be permitted to opine about which version of
11 events is more credible or which facts actually occurred, they may not speculate
12 about the intent, motive, or state of mind of anyone involved, including Tommy
13 Le and Deputy Molina, and they may not testify about the law concerning the use
14 of force. *See* Fed. R. Evid. 704 advisory committee’s note to 1972 proposed rule
15 (these provisions protect against “the admission of opinions which would merely
16 tell the jury what result to reach”); *Halsted*, 2012 WL 13054271 at *2.

17 (b) Borden, Harmening, and DeFoe will, however, be permitted to
18 testify about law enforcement practices, tactics, techniques, and training, which
19 are subjects beyond the common knowledge of the average juror. *See Bates v.*
20 *King County*, 2007 WL 1412889 at *3 (W.D. Wash. May 9, 2007); *see also Seals*,
21 2011 WL 1399245 at *10. They may also respond to hypotheticals posed by
22 counsel. To the extent that any of their opinions are speculative, irrelevant, unduly
23 prejudicial, outside their field of expertise, or otherwise inadmissible, the Court
will address any objection made during the course of their testimony at trial.

(c) Plaintiffs have indicated that they do not intend to call Robert
Johnson as a witness, and defendants’ motion to preclude him from testifying
about hedonic damages is therefore STRICKEN as moot.

(d) Except as granted or stricken, the motions are DENIED.

(2) The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Minute Order to all counsel of
record.

Dated this 29th day of May, 2019.

William M. McCool
Clerk

s/Karen Dews
Deputy Clerk