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has been requested, and to provide the jurisdictional basis for the suit in each filing.

ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Rule 37(a)(1)(A) are imposed for the benefit of the Court and the parties. They are intended to ensure that parties have an inexpensive and expeditious opportunity to resolve discovery disputes and that only genuine disagreements are brought before the Court. In the circumstances presented here, compliance with the Rule would have involved face-to-face or telephonic communications regarding the relevance of the information plaintiff requests (i.e., why she needs the information to prove her Fair Housing Act claim) and the nature of and justifications for defendant's objections. That did not happen. In filing this motion, plaintiff relied on an email demanding supplementation and putting the onus on defendant to contact her if defendant thought further discussion would be helpful. This is plainly insufficient. Plaintiff, as the moving party, must confirm that the parties have reached an impasse on every issue that is brought before the Court. Inquiring whether defendant would like to continue discussing perceived shortcomings in the production and threatening - then filing - a motion to compel cuts short any opportunity the parties had to resolve this dispute without Court intervention. The motion to compel is therefore DENIED.² Dated this 19th day of June, 2020. MMS Casnik Jnited States District Judge

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ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

substantively unsupported.

² Plaintiff's request for sanctions under Rule 11 is denied as procedurally improper and