

1 THE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR

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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
8 AT SEATTLE

9 JEFF OLBERG, *et al.*,

CASE NO. C18-0573-JCC

10 Plaintiffs,

ORDER

11 v.

12 ALLSTATE INSURANCE COMPANY, *et*  
13 *al.*,

14 Defendants.

15  
16 This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiffs' motion to seal Plaintiff's motion for  
17 class certification and supporting documents (Dkt. No. 103). Having thoroughly considered the  
18 briefing and the relevant record, the Court hereby GRANTS the motion for the reasons explained  
19 herein.

20 Consistent with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2, Local Civil Rule 5(g), and the  
21 protective orders entered in this matter (Dkt. Nos. 32, 83), Plaintiff filed a redacted version of its  
22 motion for class certification (Dkt. No. 104) and a sealed unredacted version of the motion (Dkt.  
23 No. 106); a sealed declaration from John M. DeStefano with associated exhibits (Dkt. Nos. 107,  
24 107-1–107-22); a sealed declaration from Larry Hausman-Cohen (Dkt. No. 107-23); sealed  
25 expert reports by David Schwickerath, Lance Kaufman, William Berglund, and Darrell Harber  
26 with associated exhibits (Dkt. Nos. 107-24–27); and a sealed declaration from Elizabeth Gibson

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1 with associated exhibits (Dkt. No. 107-28). The redacted and sealed information contained in  
2 these documents has been designated by Defendants’ counsel as confidential and/or highly  
3 confidential-attorney’s eyes only pursuant to the previously entered protective orders in this case.  
4 (Dkt. Nos. 103 at 2, 110 at 2–4; *see* Dkt. Nos. 32, 83.) Defendants assert the documents contain  
5 proprietary information that could be used by competitors against Defendants if made publicly  
6 available. (Dkt. Nos. 103 at 2–4, 110 at 4–6.)

7 “Historically, courts have recognized a ‘general right to inspect and copy public records  
8 and documents, including judicial records and documents.’” *Kamakana v. City & Cnty. of*  
9 *Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (9th Cir. 2006) (quoting *Nixon v. Warner Commc’ns, Inc.*, 435  
10 U.S. 589, 597 (1978)). That right is reduced when applied to confidential and proprietary  
11 business records. *Id.* at 1179; *see In re Electronic Arts*, 298 F. App’x 568, 569 (9th Cir. 2008).  
12 This is particularly true for records attached to nondispositive motions. *In re Midland Nat. Life*  
13 *Ins. Co. Annuity Sales Practices Litig.*, 686 F.3d 1115 (9th Cir. 2012).

14 The motion at issue is a class certification motion (Dkt. No. 104). While courts may  
15 consider the merits of a party’s underlying claim in ruling on such motions, the primary  
16 consideration for the Court is whether the class device is appropriate. *Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v.*  
17 *Dukes*, 564 U.S. 338, 348–49 (2011). This Court considers the class certification motion here to  
18 be nondispositive. On this basis, it applies the “good cause” standard articulated in Federal Rule  
19 of Civil Procedure 26(c). *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d at 1180. Therefore, only a “particularized  
20 showing” of harm from disclosure is required. *Id.*

21 The Court has reviewed the records at issue and concluded that a showing of harm has  
22 been made in the instant matter. Disclosure of the sensitive information included in the records  
23 would cause irreparable harm to Defendants because it would provide Defendants’ competitors  
24 information about how it conducts its business.

25 For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs’ motion to seal (Dkt. No. 103) is GRANTED. The  
26 Clerk is DIRECTED to maintain under seal Docket Numbers 106 and 107-1 through 107-28.

1 DATED this 31st day of March 2021.

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5 John C. Coughenour  
6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
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