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THE HONORABLE RICHARD A. JONES
THE HONORABLE MICHELLE L. PETERSON

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

B.F. and A.A., minors, by and through their
guardian Joey Fields, et al.

Plaintiffs,

v.

AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware
corporation, and A2Z DEVELOPMENT
CENTER, INC., a Delaware corporation,

Defendants.

Case No.: 2:19-cv-910-RAJ-MLP

**STIPULATED MOTION TO MODIFY
SCHEDULING ORDER REGARDING
CLASS CERTIFICATION DISCOVERY
DEADLINES**

**DATE OF TELEPHONIC HEARING:
Tuesday, December 17, 2019 at 3:00 P.M.**

ORAL ARGUMENT SCHEDULED

1 **INTRODUCTION**

2 Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16(b)(4) and LCR 16(b)(5), Plaintiffs and
3 Defendants Amazon.com, Inc. and a2z Development Center, Inc. (collectively, “Amazon”)
4 respectfully submit this joint motion requesting that the Court modify the Rule 16(b) and Rule
5 23(d)(2) Scheduling Order Regarding Class Certification (Dkt. No. 54) by 120 days to allow the
6 parties to complete class certification discovery and proceed with briefing on Plaintiffs’ motion
7 for class certification. The current deadline for the parties to complete discovery on class
8 certification issues is January 7, 2020, with Plaintiffs’ class certification motion to follow on
9 February 7, 2020. As the Court acknowledged at the October 17, 2019 hearing in this matter, this
10 schedule set “an aggressive timetable” for class certification discovery, and the Court invited the
11 parties, after diligent efforts, to seek relief from deadlines that proved unworkable.

12 Since that hearing, the parties believe that they have worked diligently and in good faith to
13 satisfy their respective discovery obligations. The parties have also met and conferred extensively
14 on discovery matters, among other things to narrow areas of dispute. Despite these efforts,
15 however, the current timetable for completing class certification discovery is unfeasible, and there
16 are several reasons for an extension of the deadlines concerning class certification in this case.
17 Given the complexity of the legal issues and the technology in this case, Plaintiffs’ discovery
18 requests seek extensive technical and business sensitive information concerning a core Amazon
19 service. The parties have disputes over the scope of discovery and have brought one dispute over
20 whether Plaintiffs state claims entitling them to discovery based on post-recording use and
21 disclosure of voice recordings for resolution by the Court. In addition, Plaintiffs have sought leave
22 to file a proposed second amended complaint that would add new claims under California law on
23 behalf of a California class and could affect the scope of discovery. All the disputed discovery
24 issues cannot be resolved before the January 7, 2020 class certification discovery deadline. Nor
25 can all documents be collected before disputes over scope are unresolved. Moreover, while the
26 parties have been working to schedule depositions in this matter, it is not possible to complete all
27 the necessary depositions – including of the named class representatives, their guardians, and
28 relevant Amazon witnesses – before the current deadline.

1 For these reasons, the parties respectfully request an extension of 120 days to all current
 2 discovery and briefing deadlines concerning class certification. The parties propose that the Court
 3 modify the case calendar set forth in the Rule 16(b) and Rule 23(d)(2) Scheduling Order Regarding
 4 Class Certification as follows:

Event	Current Deadline	Proposed Deadline
Deadline to complete discovery on class certification	January 7, 2020	May 6, 2020
Deadline for Plaintiffs to file Motion for Class Certification	February 7, 2020	June 8, 2020
Deadline for Amazon to File Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	March 28, 2020	July 27, 2020
Deadline for Plaintiffs to file Reply re: Plaintiffs' Class Certification Motion	April 15, 2020	August 13, 2020

15 This schedule accords more closely with the circumstances that this very complicated action
 16 presents. Accordingly, the parties request that the Court extend both parties' deadlines in the
 17 current scheduling order for 120 days, as proposed above.

18 **BACKGROUND**

19 **I. DISCOVERY EFFORTS TO DATE**

20 On June 11, 2019, the initial complaint was filed in this action, naming Plaintiff C.O. Dkt.
 21 No. 1. On July 8, 2019, counsel for Plaintiffs filed their First Amended Complaint, adding 21
 22 minor plaintiffs and seven causes of action. *See* Dkt. No. 24 (“FAC”). On September 11, 2019,
 23 the Court entered a scheduling order setting a deadline for the parties to complete discovery on
 24 class certification by January 7, 2020, and for Plaintiffs to file their motion for class certification
 25 by no later than February 7, 2020, with Amazon’s opposition to follow on March 28, 2020 and the
 26 Plaintiffs reply due April 15, 2020. Dkt. No. 54.

27 Amazon filed a motion to compel this action to individualized arbitration and to dismiss or
 28 stay Plaintiffs’ claims pending arbitration on September 12, 2019. Dkt. No. 55. Following this

1 motion, on September 23, 2019, Amazon responded to Plaintiffs’ discovery requests with
2 objections that merits discovery should be stayed and that Plaintiffs’ discovery requests were
3 premature until the Court decided Amazon’s pending Arbitration Motion. Plaintiffs responded by
4 filing a motion to compel discovery responses on October 3, 2019. Dkt. No. 70.

5 This Court issued a report and recommendation (the “Report”) denying Amazon’s motion
6 to compel arbitration on October 21, 2019. Dkt. No. 78. On October 21, 2019, the Court also
7 granted Plaintiffs’ motion to compel discovery and ordered Amazon to provide substantive
8 responses to Plaintiff’s discovery requests within two weeks. It also ordered the parties to meet
9 and confer on a coordinated discovery effort that will take the similar putative class actions
10 pending in other districts into account. Dkt. No. 79. On November 4, 2019, Amazon filed its
11 objection to the Report. Dkt. No. 86. The same day, Amazon also provided substantive responses
12 to Plaintiffs’ discovery requests, together with a production totaling over 10,000 pages. The parties
13 reached agreement on how to coordinate discovery between this case and other pending matters,
14 including understandings concerning the extent to which other parties could rely upon discovery
15 received in one matter in another, and limitations on the ability of a side to seek identical discovery-
16 related relief in one proceeding after an adverse decision in another. The parties filed the ESI
17 Agreement on November 7, 2019. Dkt. No. 90. Plaintiffs filed their response to Amazon’s
18 objections to the Report on November 18, 2019. Dkt. No. 92. Judge Jones has yet to take action
19 on the Report, and Amazon’s motion to compel arbitration is thus still pending.¹

20 Following Amazon’s supplemental response, the parties conferred extensively about
21 Amazon’s amended responses to Plaintiffs’ discovery requests, both over email and in telephonic
22 conferences on November 6, 2019; November 14, 2019; November 15, 2019; and November 19,
23 2019. In addition to its November 4 production, Amazon produced more than 12,000 additional
24 pages of documents on November 27, 2019. This production included confidential Amazon

25 _____
26 ¹If the motion to compel arbitration were denied, the Federal Arbitration Act provides an appeal
27 as of right to such a decision. Amazon reserves the right to seek a stay of this action pending an
28 appeal of the district court’s ultimate decision, and Amazon does not waive any rights to arbitration
by its submission of this Joint Motion or its other conduct of discovery as ordered by the Court.
That said, Amazon also fully understands the Court’s order to proceed with discovery, and it is
complying without hesitation or ambiguity, even while preserving its potential rights to arbitration.

1 documents concerning Alexa’s architecture and how it operates, all privacy policies, all Alexa
2 Terms of Use, Amazon disclosures about Alexa recordings, Alexa privacy settings, and settings
3 for Alexa kid skills. On December 11, 2019, Amazon produced roughly 6,800 audio streams of
4 the Alexa interactions for the accounts identified in the FAC. On December 13, 2019, the parties
5 exchanged lists of document custodians and non-custodial sources of documents pursuant to the
6 ESI Order. The parties reached an impasse on a major issue that requires a decision from the
7 Court: whether Plaintiffs are entitled to discovery on Amazon’s actual and potential post-recording
8 use and disclosure of voice recordings. On December 13, 2019, Plaintiffs filed the joint motion
9 on their motion to compel discovery. Dkt. No. 96.

10 On December 6, Plaintiffs filed a motion for leave to file a Second Amended Complaint.²
11 Dkt. No. 93. The Proposed Second Amended Complaint seeks to join three new plaintiffs, drop
12 several current plaintiffs (whose claims in the FAC Plaintiffs dismissed voluntarily after filing the
13 motion for leave to amend), and add a claim under California law. *See generally* Dkt. No. 94-1
14 (“PSAC”).

15 The parties conferred by telephone on the PSAC on December 6, 2019; December 10,
16 2019; and December 11, 2019. During these calls, the parties also discussed the current case
17 schedule and agreed that a 120-day extension was needed to allow the parties complete class
18 certification discovery. Accordingly, the parties contacted the Court on December 11, 2019 to
19 request a telephonic hearing for an extension.

20 **II. REMAINING TASKS FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION DISCOVERY**

21 The parties anticipate having to perform substantial work before class certification
22 discovery can close.³ Amazon needs to collect documents from the relevant custodians (who have

23 ² Amazon is considering Plaintiffs’ motion for leave to file its proposed second amended
24 complaint, and it reserves the right to oppose the proposed amendment or to bring motions under
25 Rule 12 if and when the proposed second amended complaint is filed on the docket. In addition,
26 Amazon reserves the right to bring a motion to dismiss the First Amended Complaint, as Amazon
has, pending decision on the motion to compel discovery, not substantively responded to the
27 Plaintiffs’ claims in this action. *See Aetna Life Ins. Co. v. Alla Med. Servs., Inc.*, 855 F.2d 1470,
1475 (9th Cir. 1988). Plaintiffs reserve all rights with respect to Amazon’s potential motions.

28 ³ This is a partial statement of work that the parties anticipate performing during class certification
discovery. The parties reserve the right to file additional motions or seek relief from the Court
based on case developments or prospective disputes.

1 been identified and are in the process of meet and confer); to review the results; and to produce
2 responsive materials. Amazon contends that the scope of the claims that remain in the case after
3 motions to dismiss will affect this process. This case concerns a core Amazon service, and
4 Amazon’s documents concerning Alexa are extensive, voluminous, and often technical; Amazon
5 advises that retrieving this information from Amazon’s systems is complicated. Plaintiffs also
6 need to respond to Amazon’s outstanding written discovery which seeks identification of which
7 utterances are by any of the identified Plaintiffs, as opposed to other household members, among
8 other things. To the extent that there are disagreements between the parties as to the adequacy of
9 production of documents, these will need to be negotiated or, if necessary, brought to the Court.

10 The parties also will be taking and defending depositions of multiple named class
11 representatives, their guardians, and relevant Amazon personnel. Plaintiffs are minor children
12 living in multiple different states, and scheduling the necessary depositions – over the holidays –
13 so they all conclude before the January 7, 2020 cutoff is impracticable. Amazon’s witnesses
14 cannot be effectively deposed before production of the bulk of Amazon’s documents. In addition,
15 there is anticipated motion practice relating to the pleadings, including Plaintiffs’ pending motion
16 for leave to file the PSAC (Dkt. No. 93) and Amazon’s intended motion to dismiss the operative
17 complaint (whether the FAC or the PSAC). These matters may affect the scope of discovery, and
18 there is good cause to extend the schedule to afford time for the Court to resolve these key disputes
19 and conduct discovery in an efficient manner.

20 ARGUMENT

21 Under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a pretrial scheduling order may be modified
22 for “good cause and with the judge’s consent.” Fed. R. Civ. P 16(b)(4). The focus of the inquiry
23 into whether good cause exists is on “the diligence of the party seeking the extension.” *See*
24 *Pinnacle Great Plains Operating Co., LLC v. Wynn Dewsnap Revocable Tr.*, No. 4:13-CV-00106-
25 EJM-CW, 2015 WL 759003, at *1 (D. Idaho Feb. 23, 2015) (modifying case management order in
26 light of motion for leave to amend complaint) (quoting *Johnson v. Mammoth Recreations, Inc.*,
27 975 F.2d 604, 609 (9th Cir. 1992)). Good cause exists thus exists where scheduling deadlines
28 cannot be met despite a party’s diligence. *Id.*

1 Here, there are several reasons for the Court to enter an order extending the schedule for
2 class certification discovery by 120 days. First, the parties have diligently pursued their discovery
3 obligations and continue to do so. Amazon has produced documents reflecting the architecture
4 and operation of Alexa, privacy policies, and terms, among other things, and it is also produced
5 recordings of Alexa interaction for the accounts at issue in the FAC. The parties meet and confer
6 regularly on discovery matters to narrow the areas of dispute, and where they were unable to reach
7 a compromise, have brought that dispute before the Court.

8 Second, an extension is necessary to allow each side to depose witnesses with knowledge
9 relevant to class certification issues. This dispute concerns claims from over twenty minor class
10 representatives, brought on their behalf by their guardians, and Amazon, and – while the parties
11 are still conferring as to the logistical details – each side anticipates that it will seek multiple
12 depositions. It is impracticable for the parties to complete the necessary depositions before the
13 January 7, 2020 cutoff, and the extension will allow the parties to more efficient sequence and
14 schedule depositions in this matter.

15 Third, from Defendants’ perspective a 120-day extension will allow the Court enough time
16 to settle the pleadings in the case. Amazon has not yet answered or filed a Rule 12 motion in
17 response to the First Amended Complaint, much less the Second Amended Complaint if its
18 permitted to be filed, as Defendants believe is needed to decide the scope of class certification
19 issues. Plaintiffs do not necessarily agree that this requires an extension, though they agree that
20 an extension is needed for the other reasons described above.

21 Considering the complexity of the case, and coordinating discovery across the numerous
22 plaintiffs and guardians, the present scheduling order regarding class certification does not permit
23 adequate time for either of party to meet the deadlines. Accordingly, the parties seek a 120-day
24 extension of all case deadlines concerning class certification discovery and briefing.

25 **CONCLUSION**

26 In light of the above, the parties respectfully request that the Court grant this joint request
27 to modify the scheduling order and extend all deadlines regarding class certification by 120 days.

28 DATED: December 16, 2019

1
2 For Plaintiffs and the Putative Class

For Defendants, AMAZON.COM, INC. and
A2Z DEVELOPMENT CENTER, INC.

3
4 By /s/ Lauren M. Hudson

By /s/ Jeffrey A. Ware

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1 **ORDER**

2 Based on the foregoing, the Court GRANTS the joint motion and MODIFIES the case
3 calendar as follows:

4

5 Event	Old Deadline	New Deadline
6 Deadline to complete discovery on class 7 certification	January 7, 2020	May 6, 2020
8 Deadline for Plaintiffs to file Motion for Class 9 Certification	February 7, 2020	June 8, 2020
10 Deadline for Amazon to File Opposition to 11 Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	March 28, 2020	July 27, 2020
12 Deadline for Plaintiffs to file Reply re: Plaintiffs' 13 Class Certification Motion	April 15, 2020	August 13, 2020

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16 IT IS SO ORDERED.

17 DATED: December 17, 2019

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21 MICHELLE L. PETERSON
22 United States Magistrate Judge

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Jeffrey A. Ware, hereby certify that on December 16, 2019, I caused the foregoing
**STIPULATED MOTION TO MODIFY SCHEDULING ORDER REGARDING CLASS
CERTIFICATION DISCOVERY DEADLINES** to be served on the following parties as
indicated below:

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Dated: December 16, 2019

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