

THE HONORABLE THOMAS S. ZILLY

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

LEONARD C. LINDSAY; and
CARL E.W. ZEHNER,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CARNIVAL CORPORATION;
CARNIVAL PLC; HOLLAND
AMERICA LINE, INC.; HOLLAND
AMERICA LINE – U.S.A., INC., *et al.*,

Defendants.

C20-982 TSZ

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE
ORDER¹**

1. PURPOSES, LIMITATIONS AND GOOD CAUSE

1.1 Purposes and Limitations

As the parties have represented that discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than

¹ Counsel for both parties are engaged in discovery in multiple cases in this district and the Central District of California. This proposed protective order is substantively identical to the protective order entered in *Archer, et al. v. Carnival Corporation, et al.*, No. 2:20-cv-04203-RGK-SK (C.D. Cal.), and it is based on one of the model protective orders provided by Magistrate Judge Jacqueline Chooljian of the Central District of California. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with Local Civil Rule 26(c).

1 prosecuting this litigation may be warranted, this Court enters the following
2 Protective Order. This Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures
3 or responses to discovery. The protection it affords from public disclosure and use
4 extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential
5 treatment under the applicable legal principles. Further, as set forth in Section 12.3,
6 below, this Protective Order does not entitle the parties to file confidential
7 information under seal. Rather, when the parties seek permission from the court to
8 file material under seal, the parties must comply with Local Civil Rule 5(g) and with
9 any pertinent orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge.

10 1.2 Good Cause Statement

11 This action is likely to involve personal medical information, financial
12 records, and trade secrets . In light of the nature of the claims and allegations in this
13 case and the parties' representations that discovery in this case will involve the
14 production of confidential records, and in order to expedite the flow of information,
15 to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery
16 materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep
17 confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of
18 such material in connection with this action, to address their handling of such
19 material at the end of the litigation, and to serve the ends of justice, a protective
20 order for such information is justified in this matter. The parties shall not designate
21 any information/documents as confidential for tactical reasons and without a good
22 faith belief that such information/documents have been maintained in a confidential,
23 non-public manner, and that there is good cause or a compelling reason why it
24 should not be part of the public record of this case.

1 1.3. Materials Produced May Be Used in the Following Cases

2 To promote judicial economy and efficiency, materials produced and depositions
3 taken in this litigation maybe shared with counsel in the following cases provided
4 counsel signs this protective order and agrees to be bound by its terms: *Lindsay, et*
5 *al. v. Carnival Corporation, et al.*, No. 2:20-cv-00982-TSZ (W.D. Wash.) and
6 *Grimms et al. v. Carnival Corporation et al.*, No. 2:21-cv-00311-TSZ (W.D.

7 Wash.).1.4 Materials Produced in Other Cases

8 To promote judicial economy and efficiency, the materials produced and
9 depositions taken in the following related cases may be treated as if obtained
10 through discovery in the present litigation, provided counsel signs this protective
11 order and agrees to be bound by its terms:

12 *Lindsay, et al. v. Carnival Corporation, et al.*, No. 2:20-cv-00982-TSZ (W.D.
13 Wash.); *Grimms et al. v. Carnival Corporation et al.*, No. 2:21-cv-00311-TSZ
14 (W.D. Wash.).

15 The Parties agree that depositions transcripts and exhibits from *Archer et al.*
16 *v. Carnival Corporation et al.*, No. 2:20-cv-04203-RGK (C.D. Cal.), may be used in
17 the present litigation. Defendants further agree to reproduce in the present litigation
18 the documents that were produced in *Archer et al. v. Carnival Corporation et al.*,
19 No. 2:20-cv-04203-RGK (C.D. Cal.), to the extent those documents were (1) within
20 the custodial files of Holland America Line or Carnival Corporation & plc, and (2)
21 not related solely to the *Archer* plaintiffs (*i.e.*, the “DARC production series). To
22 the extent that *Archer* production documents are not in the custodial files of Holland
23 America Line or Carnival Corporation & plc, Counsel for Plaintiffs may continue to
24 access those documents that were produced in *Archer* for purposes of requesting that
25 they be reproduced in the present litigation.

1 2. DEFINITIONS

2 2.1 Action: The instant action: *Lindsay, et al., v. Carnival Corporation,*
3 *et al.*, No. 2:20-cv-00982-TSZ (W.D. Wash.).

4 2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the
5 designation of information or items under this Order.

6 2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of
7 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for
8 protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in
9 the Good Cause Statement.

10 2.4 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”
11 Information or Items: extremely sensitive “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or
12 Items, the disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would create a
13 substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

14 2.5 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
15 their support staff).

16 2.6 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
17 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
18 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES
19 ONLY.”

20 2.7 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless
21 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
22 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or
23 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

24 2.8 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
25 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
26 an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

1 2.9 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action
2 or its affiliates, including their support staff. House Counsel does not include
3 Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

4 2.10 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
5 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

6 2.11 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a
7 party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and
8 have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm
9 which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

10 2.12 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
11 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
12 support staffs).

13 2.13 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
14 Discovery Material in this Action.

15 2.14 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation
16 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
17 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)
18 and their employees and subcontractors.

19 2.15 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
20 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
21 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

22 2.16 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery
23 Material from a Producing Party.

24 3. SCOPE

25 The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as
26 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected
27 Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material;

1 and (3) any deposition testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their
2 Counsel that might reveal Protected Material, other than during a court hearing or at
3 trial.

4 Any use of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial shall be
5 governed by the orders of the presiding judge. This Order does not govern the use
6 of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial.

7 4. DURATION

8 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
9 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
10 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
11 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with
12 or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and
13 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action,
14 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
15 pursuant to applicable law.

16 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

17 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

18 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under
19 this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific documents and
20 things that qualify under the appropriate standards. To the extent that it is not
21 unreasonably burdensome, the Designating Party should designate for protection
22 only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications
23 that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or
24 communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably
25 within the ambit of this Order.

26 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations
27 that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper

1 purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose
2 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating
3 Party to sanctions.

4 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
5 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
6 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

7 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in
8 this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of Section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
9 stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
10 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
11 produced.

12 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

13 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic
14 documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions), that the Producing Party affix
15 at a minimum, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
16 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to each page that contains protected material. If
17 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
18 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
19 appropriate markings in the margins), to the extent that it is not unreasonably
20 burdensome to do so.

21 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection
22 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
23 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
24 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
25 deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the inspecting Party has identified the
26 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which
27 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,

1 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the
2 “CONFIDENTIAL”, or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES
3 ONLY” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or
4 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
5 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings
6 in the margins), to the extent that it is not unreasonably burdensome to do so

7 (b) for testimony given in depositions, such testimony is preferably
8 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
9 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” during the course of the deposition when
10 appropriate, but nevertheless shall be provisionally designated as
11 “CONFIDENTIAL” in its entirety until 30 calendar days after receipt of the final
12 transcript have past (or a date otherwise agreed by the parties), by which time each
13 Party shall provide to the other Party an identification of any changes or additions to
14 the portions of the transcript that it designates as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
15 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” The Parties further agree,
16 pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(e), that any deponent may review
17 and sign their deposition transcript within 30 calendar days of the party receiving
18 the transcript.

19 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and
20 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on
21 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the
22 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’
23 EYES ONLY.” If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection,
24 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s),
25 to the extent that it is not unreasonably burdensome to do so.

26 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
27 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive

1 the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material.
2 Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable
3 efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this
4 Order.

5 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
7 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's
8 Scheduling Order.

9 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
10 resolution process under Local Civil Rule 37.

11 6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on
12 the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper
13 purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other
14 parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating
15 Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall
16 continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is
17 entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the
18 challenge.

19 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

20 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
21 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
22 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such
23 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the
24 conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a
25 Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below.

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1 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
2 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
3 authorized under this Order.

4 7.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless
5 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a
6 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated
7 “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

8 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as
9 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
10 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

11 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of
12 the Receiving Party or its affiliates to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for
13 this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgement and Agreement to Be
14 Bound” (Exhibit A);

15 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
16 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
17 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

18 (d) the court and its personnel;

19 (e) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
20 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
21 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

22 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
23 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
24 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

25 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
26 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

1 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the
2 Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party
3 requests that the witness sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
4 (Exhibit A); and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information
5 unless they sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),
6 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
7 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected
8 Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
9 anyone except as permitted under this Protective Order;

10 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
11 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions; and

12 (j) Plaintiffs to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action
13 and who have signed the “Acknowledgement and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit
14 A).

15 7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES
16 ONLY” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in
17 writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or
18 item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only
19 to:

20 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as well
21 as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary
22 to disclose the information for this Action;

23 (b) the House Counsel of the Receiving Party or its affiliates to whom
24 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
25 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);
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1 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
2 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
3 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

4 (d) the court and its personnel;

5 (e) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
6 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
7 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

8 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
9 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
10 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

11 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
12 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and

13 (h) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
14 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

15 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED
16 PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

17 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
18 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action by
19 another Party as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
20 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” that Party must:

21 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification
22 shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order unless prohibited by law;

23 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order
24 to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the
25 subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include
26 a copy of this Protective Order; and

1 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be
2 pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

3 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with
4 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this
5 action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’
6 EYES ONLY” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or
7 order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission, or
8 unless otherwise required by the law or court order. The Designating Party shall
9 bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential
10 material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or
11 encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from
12 another court.

13 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE
14 PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

15 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a
16 Non-Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
17 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” Such information produced by
18 Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief
19 provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as
20 prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

21 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
22 produce a Non-Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
23 subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s
24 confidential information, then the Party shall:

25 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
26 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
27 agreement with a Non-Party;

1 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Protective
2 Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
3 description of the information requested; and

4 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
5 Non-Party, if requested.

6 (c) If a Non-Party represented by counsel fails to commence the process
7 called for by Local Civil Rule 37, et seq. within 14 days of receiving the notice and
8 accompanying information or fails contemporaneously to notify the Receiving Party
9 that it has done so, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's confidential
10 information responsive to the discovery request. If an unrepresented Non-Party fails
11 to seek a protective order from this court within 14 days of receiving the notice and
12 accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party's
13 confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party
14 timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any
15 information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality
16 agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court unless otherwise
17 required by the law or court order. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-
18 Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its
19 Protected Material.

20 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

21 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
22 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
23 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
24 Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve
25 all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to
26 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and
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1 (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement
2 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A).

3 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR
4 OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL

5 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
6 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
7 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
8 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever
9 procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production
10 without prior privilege review.

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15 12. MISCELLANEOUS

16 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
17 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

18 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. No Party waives any right it
19 otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item
20 on any ground not addressed in this Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives
21 any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
22 by this Protective Order.

23 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
24 Protected Material must comply with Local Civil Rule 5-g and with any pertinent
25 orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge. Protected Material may
26 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the
27 specific Protected Material at issue. If a Party’s request to file Protected Material

1 under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information
2 in the public record unless (a) otherwise instructed by the court or (b) if the
3 Receiving Party receives notice from the Designating Party that it intends to seek
4 reconsideration of the court's order denying the request to file the Protected
5 Materials under seal and such motion for reconsideration is filed prior to the time
6 limit imposed by the court for filing the information in the public record.

7 12.4 Redaction of Protected Material Containing Personal Confidential
8 Information Before Filing. The Parties contemplate that they may produce
9 Protected Material that contains individual's personal confidential information
10 pursuant to the terms of this Order. Prior to filing any such Protected Material in
11 any Court, the filer must comply with Local Civil Rule 5.2-1 and Federal Rule of
12 Civil Procedure 5.2 by redacting any sensitive and private information, including
13 but not limited to personal identifying information on any medical records, passport
14 numbers, driver license numbers, full home addresses, and financial account
15 numbers.

16 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

17 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in Section 4, within 60
18 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return
19 all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in
20 this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
21 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
22 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving
23 Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same
24 person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60-day deadline that (1) identifies
25 (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or
26 destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
27 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any

1 of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
2 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing
3 transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert
4 reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such
5 materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or
6 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in
7 Section 4.

8 14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate
9 measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary
10 sanctions.

11
12 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

13
14 DATED: September 1, 2021 LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN &
BERNSTEIN, LLP

15
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class

DATED: September 1, 2021

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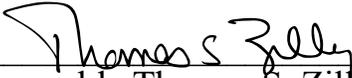
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Telephone: (713) 576-2400
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Attorneys for Defendants

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: September 8th, 2021



Honorable Thomas S. Zilly
United States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

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I, _____ [print or type full name], of
_____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that
I have read in its entirety and understand the Protective Order that was issued by the
United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on
_____ in the case of *Lindsay, et al., v. Carnival Corporation,*
et al., No. 2:20-cv-00982-TSZ (W.D. Wash.). I agree to comply with and to be bound
by all the terms of this Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure
to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt.
I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that
is subject to this Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance
with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court
for the Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this
action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____