

THE HONORABLE KYMBERLY K. EVANSON

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the Use
and Benefit of SCI INFRASTRUCTURES,
LLC; AND SCI INFRASTRUCTURES, LLC,
a Washington limited liability company,

CASE NO. 2:22-cv-00299-KKE

PROTECTIVE ORDER

Plaintiffs,

v.

CHEROKEE GENERAL CORPORATION, an
Oregon corporation; and HARTFORD FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY, a Connecticut
corporation,

Defendants.

CHEROKEE GENERAL CORPORATION, an
Oregon corporation,

Counterclaim and Third-Party Plaintiff,

v.

SCI INFRASTRUCTURES, LLC, a
Washington limited liability company; and
SWISS RE CORPORATE SOLUTIONS
AMERICAN INSURANCE CORPORATION
f/k/a NORTH AMERICAN SPECIALTY
INSURANCE COMPANY, Bond No. 2216797

Counterclaim Defendants.

1 STIPULATION

2 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

3 Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or
4 private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby
5 stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
6 acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket
7 protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public
8 disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential
9 treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file
10 confidential information under seal.

11 2. “CONFIDENTIAL” AND “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” MATERIAL

12 2.1 Confidential Material. “Confidential” material shall include the following
13 documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged: (i) the parties’ tax information,
14 financial information, bidding information; (ii) commercially sensitive
15 communications/documents and/or means/methods of production which are trade secrets and/or
16 would provide competitive advantage to third parties if disclosed; (iii) any materials disclosed by
17 a party or a third party in the United States Court of Federal Claims, *Cherokee General*
18 *Corporation v. United States*, Case No. 18-412C (“COC Action”) that was designated as
19 “Confidential”/“Protected Information,” pursuant to the Protective Order entered on or about
20 December 7, 2018 in the COC Action (herein “COC Protective Order”); and (iv) any materials
21 disclosed by a party or a third party in the United States District Court Western District Of
22 Washington, Case No. 2:17-cv-01908-JLR: *Pinnacle Crushing and Construction LLC, Et Al., v.*
23 *Cherokee General Corporation Et Al.*, Case No. 2:17-cv-01908-JLR (herein “First Lawsuit”) that
24 was designated as “Confidential”/“Protected Information”, pursuant to the Protective Order
25 entered on or about November 15, 2018 in that action (herein “First Lawsuit Protective Order”).

26 2.2 Attorneys’ Eyes Only. “Attorneys’ Eyes Only” material shall include information

1 or documents that a party or third-party in good faith reasonably believes contains, constitutes, or
2 includes highly confidential information or material that is believed in good faith to be not only
3 confidential, but also constitute trade secrets or commercial business information that could be
4 used to the detriment of the producing party's business, including: information reflecting pricing,
5 profits, competitive analysis, strategies, marketing plans, operational plans, and unreleased
6 initiatives, services, and/or business deals.

7 3. SCOPE

8 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material and
9 attorneys' eyes only material (as defined above), but also: (1) any information copied or extracted
10 from confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential
11 material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that
12 might reveal confidential or attorneys' eyes only material.

13 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in
14 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

15 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL OR ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY
16 MATERIAL

17 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential or attorneys' eyes only
18 material that is disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this
19 case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential or
20 attorneys' eyes only material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the
21 conditions described in this agreement. Confidential or attorneys' eyes only material must be
22 stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that
23 access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

24 4.2 Defendant, Counterclaimant, and Third-Party Plaintiff Cherokee General
25 Corporation ("Cherokee"), represents it is in possession of documents that may have been
26 designated as "Confidential"/"Privileged Information" in the COC Action and First Lawsuit by

1 the parties to the same and/or other third parties (“COC/First Lawsuit Confidential Material”). The
2 parties to this dispute shall treat all such COC/First Lawsuit Confidential Material as Confidential
3 under this Protective Order. If a party to this lawsuit desires to remove a “Confidential”/“Privileged
4 Information” designation of a non-party to this Lawsuit, or otherwise handle/use COC/First
5 Lawsuit Confidential Material in a manner not authorized by this Protective Order, then that party
6 shall: (i) negotiate for the terms for treatment/use of the COC/First Lawsuit Confidential Material
7 with the third party who applied COC/First Lawsuit Confidential Material designation
8 “Confidential”/“Privileged Information” in the COC Action or First Lawsuit (Prior Designating
9 Party); and/or (ii) apply to this Court for relief from this Protective Order after providing
10 reasonable notice to that Prior Designating Party.

11 4.3 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered
12 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any
13 confidential material only to:

14 (a) the receiving party’s counsel of record in this action, as well as employees
15 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

16 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the
17 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties
18 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney’s Eyes Only and is so
19 designated;

20 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
21 litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

22 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

23 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
24 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
25 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
26 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

1 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
2 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
3 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
4 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
5 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
6 under this agreement;

7 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
8 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

9 4.4 Disclosure of Attorneys’ Eyes Only Material. Unless otherwise ordered by the court
10 or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose materials
11 designated for attorneys’ eyes only to:

12 (a) Outside counsel for the parties in this litigation, and employees or contract
13 personnel retained by such attorneys’ offices (such as secretaries, legal assistants, and document
14 copying, coding, or imaging services) to whom it is necessary to disclose such information or
15 material in furtherance of the prosecution or defense of this action, any mediator selected to
16 mediate this matter, and any arbitrator selected to hear this matter;

17 (b) The Court and its personnel, as necessary in support of motions, pleadings,
18 and other court papers and proceedings;

19 (c) Court reporters and videographers and their assistants, to the extent
20 reasonably necessary for reporting of depositions and hearings; or

21 (d) Experts and consultants retained by an attorney, to whom disclosure is
22 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgement and
23 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A).

24 4.5 Filing Confidential or Attorneys’ Eyes Only Material. Before filing confidential or
25 attorneys’ eyes only material or discussing or referencing such material in court filings, the filing
26 party shall confer with the designating party, in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to

1 determine whether the designating party will remove the confidential or attorneys' eyes only
2 designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion to seal or stipulation and
3 proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the designating party must
4 identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential or attorneys' eyes only information at issue,
5 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing
6 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and
7 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material
8 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the
9 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.
10 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with
11 the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

12 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

13 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party
14 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take
15 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate
16 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,
17 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the
18 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
19 unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

20 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
21 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to
22 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses
23 and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

24 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for
25 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties
26 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

1 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
2 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or
3 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must
4 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

5 (a) Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and
6 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),
7 the designating party must affix the word “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”
8 to each page that contains confidential or attorneys’ eyes only material. If only a portion or portions
9 of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the producing party also must clearly identify
10 the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the margins).

11 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties
12 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial
13 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony
14 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the
15 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or
16 exhibits thereto, as confidential or as attorneys’ eyes only. If a party or non-party desires to protect
17 confidential information at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

18 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place
19 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word
20 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”. If only a portion or portions of the
21 information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify
22 the protected portion(s).

23 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
24 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s
25 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a
26 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated

1 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

2 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

3 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of
4 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality or
5 attorneys' eyes only designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness,
6 unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does
7 not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge
8 promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

9 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute
10 regarding confidential or attorneys' eyes only designations without court involvement. Any motion
11 regarding confidential or attorneys' eyes only designations or for a protective order must include
12 a certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good
13 faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute
14 without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the
15 conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

16 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
17 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality or
18 attorneys' eyes only status under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule
19 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party.
20 Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
21 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions.
22 All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential or attorneys' eyes
23 only material until the court rules on the challenge.

24 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER
25 LITIGATION

26 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels

1 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or as
2 “ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”, that party must:

3 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the
4 subpoena or court order;

5 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
6 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
7 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

8 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
9 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

10 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

11 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
12 or attorneys’ eyes only material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
13 agreement, the receiving party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the
14 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected
15 material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the
16 terms of this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment
17 and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

18 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED
19 MATERIAL

20 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently
21 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
22 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision
23 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or
24 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the
25 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

26 10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

1 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
2 party must return all confidential or attorneys' eyes only material to the producing party, including
3 all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate
4 methods of destruction.

5 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all
6 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,
7 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work
8 product, even if such materials contain confidential or attorneys' eyes only material.

9 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a
10 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

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1 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

2 DATED: 11/13/23

s/ Khalid Aziz
Attorneys for Plaintiff and Counterclaim
Defendant SCI Infrastructures LLC

4 DATED: 11/13/23

s/ David Vaz
Attorneys for Defendant and Third-Party and
Counterclaim Plaintiff Cherokee General
Corporation

8 DATED: 11/13/23

s/ Paul Friedrich
Attorneys for Counterclaim
Defendant Swiss Re Corporate Solutions
American Insurance Corporation f/k/a North
American Specialty Insurance Company

1 EXHIBIT A

2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of
4 _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of
5 perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
6 issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the
7 case of _____ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials**
8 **assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this
9 Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could
10 expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will
11 not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective
12 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

13 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
14 Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
15 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

16 Date: _____

17 City and State where sworn and signed: _____

18 Printed name: _____

19 Signature: _____

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