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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
9 AT SEATTLE

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11 JASON PAUL KELLEY,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 KING COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF
ADULT AND JUVENILE DETENTION,
et al.,

15 Defendants.
16

CASE NO. 22-CV-01105-LK

ORDER ADOPTING REPORT AND
RECOMMENDATION

17 This matter comes before the Court on the Report and Recommendation of United States
18 Magistrate Judge Michelle L. Peterson. Dkt. No. 8. Having reviewed this document, the remaining
19 record, and the applicable law, the Court adopts the Report and Recommendation and dismisses
20 this action without prejudice for failure to prosecute.

21 **I. BACKGROUND**

22 In August 2022, pro se plaintiff Jason Paul Kelley sued King County Department of Adult
23 and Juvenile Detention and Jail Health Services under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Dkt. No. 5 at 1. He alleged
24 that jail staff failed to provide timely and adequate treatment for his swollen left leg—a painful

1 condition that continued to worsen and eventually spread to his foot. *See id.* at 4–8. Mr. Kelley
2 also moved for leave to proceed in forma pauperis (“IFP”). Dkt. No. 3. After granting IFP status,
3 Dkt. No. 4, Judge Peterson screened Mr. Kelley’s complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A and
4 declined to direct service on defendants because of several deficiencies, Dkt. No. 6 at 3–5. Judge
5 Peterson nonetheless granted Mr. Kelley leave to amend. *Id.* at 5. The Clerk mailed copies of these
6 orders to Mr. Kelley’s jail address.

7 This mail was returned to the Court with a notation indicating that Mr. Kelley had been
8 released from custody. Dkt. No. 7. After sixty days passed without notification from Mr. Kelley
9 as to his current address, Judge Peterson recommended dismissing this action without prejudice
10 for failure to prosecute. Dkt. No. 8 at 2; *see* LCR 41(b)(2). No objections have been filed.

11 II. DISCUSSION

12 The Court generally reviews findings and recommendations “*if objection is made*, but not
13 otherwise.” *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003) (en banc)
14 (emphasis in original). Even so, the Court’s independent review confirms that this action should
15 be dismissed. A pro se litigant must keep the Court and opposing parties advised of his current
16 mailing address. LCR 41(b)(2). If mail directed to a pro se plaintiff by the clerk is returned by the
17 Postal Service, and if such plaintiff fails to notify the Court and opposing parties within 60 days
18 thereafter of his current mailing address, the Court may dismiss the action without prejudice for
19 failure to prosecute. *Id.* That is the case here. The orders mailed to Mr. Kelley were returned as
20 undeliverable following his release from confinement and more than sixty days have passed with
21 no update as to his current address. Dkt. Nos. 7, 9.

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The Court ADOPTS Judge Peterson's Report and Recommendation, Dkt. No. 8, and DISMISSES without prejudice Mr. Kelley's complaint. Dkt. No. 5. The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Order to Mr. Kelley at his last known address.


Lauren King
United States District Judge