1 2 THE HONORABLE TANA LIN 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 ELVIA HAJRIC, No. 2:22-cv-01340-TL Plaintiff, JOINT STIPULATED PROTECTIVE 10 ORDER 11 v. **NOTE ON MOTION CALENDAR:** EQUIFAX INFORMATION SERVICES, 12 July 21, 2023 LLC, EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., and AMERICAN 13 EXPRESS, 14 Defendants. 15 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by and between Plaintiff ELVISA HAJRIC and 16 Defendants EQUIFAX INFORMATION SOLUTION SERVICES LLC ("Equifax") and 17 EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC. ("Experian") through their respective 18 attorneys of record, as follows: 19 **PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS** 1. 20 Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or 21 private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties 22 hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The 23 parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket 24 protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public 25 disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to 26 JOINT STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER (2:22-cv-01340-TL) - 1

confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

- "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged:
 - a) information prohibited from disclosure by statute;
 - b) information that the party has a reasonable and good faith belief contains a trade secret, including, but not limited to, disclosure logs, D/R logs, transaction logs, admin reports, and Defendants' confidential policies and procedures;
 - c) research, technical, commercial or financial information that the party has
 maintained as confidential, and that, if disclosed to customers or competitors,
 would tend to damage the party's competitive position or expose an individual to
 identity theft;
 - d) information and documents that a party has a reasonable and good faith belief constitutes, contains, or refers to proprietary technology or information owned or developed by the producing party, and that, if disclosed to customers or competitors, would tend to damage the party's competitive position, including, but not limited to, Defendants' confidential policies and procedures, disclosure logs, D/R logs, transaction logs, and Admin reports.
 - e) proprietary and confidential documents detailing practices and procedures the public dissemination of which could result in a competitive disadvantage to the disclosing party or potentially compromise data security and/or fraud prevention processes; confidential personal, business or financial information; private financial information; valuable research, development, commercial, financial, technical, and/or other proprietary information not specifically identified herein; commercial information (including information implicating privacy rights of third

parties); and information otherwise generally unavailable to the public, or which
may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state or federal
statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law.

SCOPE
The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

4. <u>ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL</u>

- 4.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.
- 4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any confidential material only to:
- (a) the receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;
 - (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney's Eyes Only and is so designated;

JOINT STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER (2:22-cv-01340-TL) - 3

1	(c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
2	litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);
3	(d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;
4	(e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of
5	confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service
6	instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately
7	return all originals and copies of any confidential material;
8	(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
9	reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
10	(Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of
11	transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must
12	be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted
13	under this agreement;
14	(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
15	custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.
16	All persons receiving documents produced pursuant to this Order shall be advised of their
17	confidential nature. All persons to whom confidential information and/or documents are
18	disclosed are hereby enjoined from disclosing same to any person except as provided herein, and
19	are further enjoined from using same except in the preparation for and trial of the above-
20	captioned action between the named parties thereto. No person receiving or reviewing such
21	confidential documents, information or transcript shall disseminate or disclose them to any
22	person other than those described above in Section 4.2 and for the purposes specified, and in no
23	event shall such person make any other use of such document or transcript.
24	4.3 <u>Filing Confidential Material</u> . Before filing confidential material or discussing or
25	referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,
26	in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will

remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion 1 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the 2 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue, 3 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing 4 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and 5 6 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material 7 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal. 8 9 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with

5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

the strong presumption of public access to the Court's files.

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this JOINT STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER (2:22-cv-01340-TL) - 5

agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

- (a) <u>Information in documentary form</u>: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate markings in the margins).
- (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within thirty days after receiving the transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.
- on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).
- 5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party's right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

JOINT STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER (2:22-cv-01340-TL) - 6

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
- 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer.</u> The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a faceto-face meeting or a telephone conference.
- 6.3 <u>Judicial Intervention</u>. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable). The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER

22 <u>LITIGATION</u>

- 23 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
- 24 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that
- party must:
- 26 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the

1	subpoena or court order;
2	(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
3	issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is
4	subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and
5	(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by
6	the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.
7	8. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>
8	If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential
9	material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving
10	party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized
11	disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material,
12	(c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of
13	this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and
14	Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
15	9. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED</u>
16	<u>MATERIAL</u>
17	When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently
18	produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the
19	receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This
20	provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery
21	order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree
22	to the entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.
23	10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS
24	Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving
25	party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts
26	and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of

1	destruction. The parties agree to confirm destruction	on of confidential materials, if that is the	
2	chosen method for treatment of confidential mater	ials upon conclusion of the litigation.	
3	Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are	e entitled to retain one archival copy of all	
4	documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, an	nd hearing transcripts, correspondence,	
5	deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorne	ey work product, and consultant and expert	
6	work product, even if such materials contain confi	dential material.	
7	7 The confidentiality obligations imposed by	this agreement shall remain in effect until a	
8	designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a	designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.	
9			
10	IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL	OF RECORD:	
11	Dated: July 21, 2023		
12		<i>tzchak Zelman</i> ael Clark Brubaker, WSBA # 49804	
	BRU	BAKER LAW GROUP PLLC	
13	1100	6 NE 184 th Pl.	
14	<i>1</i>	dinville, WA 98072	
	E	shone: (206) 335-8746 l: michael@brubakerlawgroup.com	
15	5 Emai	i. michael@ordoakeriawgroup.com	
16	6 Yitze	hak Zelman (<i>pro hac vice</i>)	
		CUS & ZELMAN LLC	
17	701	Cookman Ave Ste 300	
18	X	ry Park, NJ 07712	
10	reiep	shone: (732) 298-6256	
19	9 Emai	l: <u>yzelman@marcuszelman.com</u>	
20	0 Attor	neys for Plaintiff Elvisa Hajric	
21	1		
22	2		
23	3		
24	4		
25	5		
26	6		

1		
2	DATED: July 21, 2023	/s/ Andrew R. Escobar Andrew Ramiro Escobar, WSBA # 42793
3		SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
4		999 Third Ave Ste. 4700 Seattle, WA 98104
4		Telephone: (206) 946-4910
5		Email: <u>aescobar@seyfarth.com</u>
6		Adam T. Hill (pro hac vice pending)
7		SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
0		233 South Wacker Drive
8		Suite 8000 Chicago, IL 60606-6448
9		Tel: (312) 460-5954
1.0		Fax: (312) 460-7961
10		ahill@seyfarth.com
11		Attorneys for Defendant
12		Equifax Information Services, LLC
13		
14	DATED: July 21, 2023	/s/ Sara J. Wadsworth
		Amy Lopez (<i>pro hac vice</i>) JONES DAY
15		3161 Michelson Drive, Ste. 800
16		Irvine, CA 92612
		Telephone: (949) 851-3939
17		Email: amylopez@jonesday.com
18		Sara Jane Wadsworth, WSBA # 55952
19		STOEL RIVES
		600 University St. Ste. 3600
20		Seattle, WA 98101-3197
21		Telephone: (206) 624-0900 Email: sara.wadsworth@stoel.com
22		Linair. sara.wadsworth@stoci.com
22		Attorneys for Defendant Experian Information
23		Solutions, Inc
24		
25		
26		

1	PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED that the above Stipulated
2	Protective Order is hereby GRANTED.
3	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any
4	documents, electronically stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or
5	otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or
6	state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those
7	documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any
8	other privilege or protection recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the
9	maximum protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b)
10	do not apply. Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to
11	conduct a review of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance,
12	responsiveness and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production.
13	Information produced in discovery that is protected as privileged or work product shall be
14	immediately returned to the producing party.
15	
16	DATED: <u>July 25, 2023</u>
17	
18	Jana St.
19	Tana Lin United States District Judge
20	omica states District vaage
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

l	<u>EXHIBIT A</u>
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND
3	I, [print or type full name], of
4	[print or type full address], declare under penalty of
5	perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was
6	issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on [date] in the
7	case of Elivsa Hajric v. Equifax Information Services, LLC, Case No. 2:22-cv-01340-TL. I agree
8	to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I
9	understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and
10	punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
11	any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity
12	except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.
13	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
14	Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated
15	Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.
16	Date:
17	City and State where sworn and signed:
18	Printed name:
19	Signature:
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I hereby certify that on the date below, I caused the foregoing document to be
3	electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send
4	notification of such filing to all counsel of record.
5	Dated this 21st day of July 2023.
6	
7	/s/ Sara J. Wadsworth
8	Sara J. Wadsworth, WSBA No. 55952 Attorney for Defendant Experian Information
9	Solutions, Inc.
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

26