AND ORDER – 1

(Case No. 2:22-cv-01545-JNW)

The Honorable Jamal N. Whitehead 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 DATANET LLC, Case No. 2:22-cv-1545. 10 Plaintiff, AGREEMENT REGARDING 11 DISCOVERY OF ELECTRONICALLY v. STORED INFORMATION AND ORDER 12 MICROSOFT CORPORATION 13 Defendant. 14 15 The parties hereby stipulate to the following provisions regarding the discovery of 16 electronically stored information ("ESI") in this matter: 17 A. **General Principles** 18 1. An attorney's zealous representation of a client is not compromised by conducting 19 discovery in a cooperative manner. The failure of counsel or the parties to litigation to cooperate 20 in facilitating and reasonably limiting discovery requests and responses raises litigation costs and 21 contributes to the risk of sanctions. 22 As provided in LCR 26(f), the proportionality standard set forth in Fed. R. Civ. P. 2. 23 26(b)(1) must be applied in each case when formulating a discovery plan. To further the 24 application of the proportionality standard in discovery, requests for production of ESI and related 25 responses should be reasonably targeted, clear, and as specific as possible. This agreement is 26 AGREEMENT REGARDING DISCOVERY OF Byrnes • Keller • Cromwell Llp 38TH FLOOR ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION 1000 SECOND AVENUE

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98104 (206) 622-2000 2

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intended to assist the parties in identifying relevant, responsive information that has been stored electronically and is proportional to the needs of the case. The agreement does not supplant the parties' obligations to comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 34.

3. This ESI agreement shall not govern the production of source code. Requested source code shall be made available by the Producing Party as provided for in the parties' protective order.

#### B. **ESI Disclosures**

Within 30 days of entry of this Order, or at a later time if agreed to by the parties, each party shall disclose:

1. Custodial Data Sources.

The parties shall identify the eight (8) custodians most likely to have discoverable ESI in their possession, custody, or control. The custodians shall be identified by name, title, connection to the instant litigation, and the type of information under the custodian's control. If circumstances or discovery so merit, the parties either agree or seek Court intervention to add additional custodians.

- 2. Non-Custodial Data Sources. A list of non-custodial data sources (e.g., shared drives, servers), if any, likely to contain discoverable ESI.
- 3. Third-Party Data Sources. A list of third-party data sources, if any, likely to contain discoverable ESI (e.g., third-party email providers, mobile device providers, cloud storage) and, for each such source, the extent to which a party is (or is not) able to preserve information stored in the third-party data source.
- 4. Inaccessible Data. A list of data sources, if any, likely to contain discoverable ESI (by type, date, custodian, electronic system or other criteria sufficient to specifically identify the data source) that a party asserts is not reasonably accessible under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2)(B).
- 5. Search Terms. For purposes of this Agreement, a "Search Term" may consist of a single word or phrase, or variants of a single word or phrase (such as those that have alternate

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suffixes or prefixes but relate to the same root or different spellings of the same word), and may be accompanied by terms intended to limit the search results via narrowing criteria (such as "AND" or "W/X"). Individual words or phrases separated only by a disjunctive term that broadens the search (such as "OR") will be considered separate Search Terms unless (1) the words or phrases are variants of each other or (2) the words or phrases are joined by other limiting terms, such as term1 and (term2 or term3). The producing party may identify each search term or query returning overbroad results, demonstrate the overbroad results, and offer a counter proposal correcting the overbroad search or query.

6. <u>Foreign Data Privacy Laws</u>. Nothing in this Order is intended to prevent either party from complying with the requirements of a foreign country's data privacy laws, *e.g.*, the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679. The parties agree to meet and confer before including custodians or data sources subject to such laws in any ESI or other discovery request.

### C. ESI Discovery Procedures

- 1. <u>On-Site Inspection of Electronic Media</u>. Such an inspection shall not be required absent a demonstration by the requesting party of specific need and good cause or by agreement of the parties.
- 2. <u>Search Methodology</u>. The parties shall timely confer to attempt to reach agreement on appropriate Search Terms, file type and date restrictions, data sources (including custodians), and other appropriate computer- or technology-aided methodologies, before any such effort is undertaken. The parties shall continue to cooperate in revising the appropriateness of the search methodology.
  - a. Prior to running searches:
- i. The producing party shall disclose the data sources (including custodians), search terms and queries, any file type and date restrictions, and any other methodology that it proposes to use to locate ESI likely to contain responsive and discoverable

information.

ii. Within fourteen (14) days of the producing party's disclosure, and consistent with each party's duty to perform a reasonable search for information responsive to discovery requests, the producing party will first provide a good faith list of no less than ten (10) Search Terms to be run across Custodial and Non-Custodial data. There will be no "individualized" Search Terms on a custodian-by-custodian basis unless agreed to by both sides. In other words, Datanet will prepare one set of Search Terms for all of the Datanet custodians and vice versa for Microsoft. The producing party may provide unique hit counts for each search query.

Within seven (7) days of receiving the producing party's proposed Search Terms, the receiving party may propose additional Search Terms to be run across all of the producing party's Custodial and Non-Custodial data. The total of the producing party's Search Terms and the receiving party's Search Terms shall not exceed 50 total Search Terms. There will be no "individualized" search requests on a custodian-by-custodian basis unless agreed to by both sides.

iii. Within seven (7) days of receiving the receiving party's Search Terms, the parties will engage in a meet and confer process to resolve any disputes. If the dispute(s) are not resolved within seven (7) days of the first meet and confer, the parties will submit the disputes to the Court for resolution.

#### 3. Format.

- a. ESI will be produced to the requesting party with searchable text, in a format to be decided between the parties. Acceptable formats include, but are not limited to, native files, multi-page TIFFs (with a companion OCR or extracted text file), single-page TIFFs (only with load files for e-discovery software that includes metadata fields identifying natural document breaks and also includes companion OCR and/or extracted text files), and searchable PDF.
  - b. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, files that are not easily converted

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format.

c. Each document image file shall be named with a unique number (Bates

to image format, such as spreadsheet, database, and drawing files, will be produced in native

- Number). File names should not be more than twenty characters long or contain spaces. When a text-searchable image file is produced, the producing party must preserve the integrity of the underlying ESI, *i.e.*, the original formatting, the metadata (as noted below) and, where applicable, the revision history.
- d. If a document is more than one page, the unitization of the document and any attachments and/or affixed notes shall be maintained as they existed in the original document.
- e. The full text of each electronic document shall be extracted ("Extracted Text") and produced in a text file unless the document is redacted, in which case, Optical Character Recognition text for the redacted image will be provided. The Extracted Text shall be provided in searchable ASCII text format (or Unicode text format if the text is in a foreign language) and shall be named with a unique Bates Number (*e.g.*, the unique Bates Number of the first page of the corresponding production version of the document followed by its file extension).
- 4. <u>De-Duplication</u>. The parties may de-duplicate their ESI production across custodial and non-custodial data sources after disclosure to the requesting party, and the duplicate custodian information removed during the de-duplication process tracked in a duplicate/other custodian field in the database load file.
- 5. <u>Email Threading</u>. The parties may use analytics technology to identify email threads and need only produce the unique most inclusive copy and related family members and may exclude lesser inclusive copies. Upon reasonable request, the producing party will produce a less inclusive copy.
- 6. <u>Metadata Fields</u>. If the requesting party seeks metadata, the parties agree that only the following metadata fields need be produced, and only to the extent it is reasonably accessible and non-privileged: document type; custodian and duplicate custodians (or storage location if no

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custodian); author/from; recipient/to, cc and bcc; title/subject; email subject; file name; file size; file extension; original file path; date and time created, sent, modified and/or received; and hash value. The list of metadata type is intended to be flexible and may be changed by agreement of the parties, particularly in light of advances and changes in technology, vendor, and business practices.

7. Hard-Copy Documents. If the parties elect to produce hard-copy documents in an electronic format, the production of hard-copy documents will include a cross-reference file that indicates document breaks and sets forth the custodian or custodian/location associated with each produced document. Hard-copy documents will be scanned using Optical Character Recognition technology and searchable ASCII text files will be produced (or Unicode text format if the text is in a foreign language), unless the producing party can show that the cost would outweigh the usefulness of scanning (for example, when the condition of the paper is not conducive to scanning and will not result in accurate or reasonably useable/searchable ESI). Each file will be named with a unique Bates Number (*e.g.*, the unique Bates Number of the first page of the corresponding production version of the document followed by its file extension).

<u>Clawback Protections</u>. Pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any documents, electronically stored information (ESI), or information, whether inadvertent or otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other privilege or protection recognized by law.

Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. At the same time, a party shall not be obligated to conduct a document-by-document review of documents prior to its production; provided however, that a party shall utilize keyword search

terms (e.g., the names of counsel and law firms for the producing party, although the failure to identify a particular counsel or law firm as a keyword term shall not be construed as waiver), analytical software tools and/or other reasonable means to locate and exclude potentially privileged materials prior to the production.

This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply. Should a party choose not to conduct a document-by-document review, the party shall disclose this at the time of production by designating the production volume or Bates ranges and by affixing an appropriate legend to indicate the documents are being produced without review and subject to a Rule 502(d) Clawback ("Subject to Potential Clawback Material"). Such documents produced without review shall be deemed Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only. Consistent with the Clawback provisions herein, disclosure of privileged information without review in this Litigation shall in no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver of, or estoppel as to, any attorney-client, work product or other applicable privilege or immunity in this case or in any other federal or state proceeding. Any privileged material produced pursuant to this paragraph shall be deemed to have been produced without waiver under Rule 502(d).

#### D. Preservation of ESI

The parties acknowledge that they have a common law obligation, as expressed in Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(e), to take reasonable and proportional steps to preserve discoverable information in the party's possession, custody, or control. With respect to preservation of ESI, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. Absent a showing of good cause by the requesting party, the parties shall not be required to modify the procedures used by them in the ordinary course of business to back-up and archive data; provided, however, that the parties shall preserve all discoverable ESI in their possession, custody, or control.
- 2. The parties will supplement their disclosures in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P.

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26(e) with discoverable ESI responsive to a particular discovery request or mandatory disclosure where that data is created after a disclosure or response is made (unless excluded under Sections (D)(3) or (E)(1)-(2)).

- 3. Absent a showing of good cause by the requesting party, the following categories of ESI need not be preserved:
  - a. Deleted, slack, fragmented, or other data only accessible by forensics.
  - b. Random access memory (RAM), temporary files, or other ephemeral data that are difficult to preserve without disabling the operating system.
  - c. On-line access data such as temporary internet files, history, cache, cookies, and the like.
  - d. Data in metadata fields that are frequently updated automatically, such as last-opened dates (see also Section (E)(5)).
  - e. Back-up data that are duplicative of data that are more accessible elsewhere.
  - f. Server, system or network logs.
  - g. Data remaining from systems no longer in use that is unintelligible on the systems in use.
  - h. Electronic data (*e.g.*, email, calendars, contact data, and notes) sent to or from mobile devices (*e.g.*, iPhone, iPad, Android devices), provided that a copy of all such electronic data is automatically saved in real time elsewhere (such as on a server, laptop, desktop computer, or "cloud" storage).

# E. Privilege Logs

1. A producing party shall create a privilege log of all documents fully withheld from production on the basis of a privilege or protection, unless otherwise agreed or excepted by this Agreement and Order. Privilege logs shall include a unique identification number for each document and the basis for the claim (attorney-client privileged or work-product protection). For ESI, the privilege log may be generated using available metadata, including author/recipient or to/from/cc/bcc names; the subject matter or title; and date created. Should the available metadata provide insufficient information for the purpose of evaluating the privilege claim asserted, the

1	producing party shall include such additional information as required by the Federal Rules of Civil	
2	Procedure. Privilege logs will be produced to all other parties no later than 30 days before the	
3	deadline for filing motions related to discovery unless an earlier deadline is agreed to by the parties.	
4	2. Redactions need not be logged so	long as the basis for the redaction is clear on the
5	redacted document.	
6	3. With respect to privileged or work-product information generated after the filing of	
7	the complaint, parties are not required to include any such information in privilege logs.	
8	4. Activities undertaken in compliance with the duty to preserve information are	
9	protected from disclosure and discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(3)(A) and (B).	
10	Dated: September 1, 2023.	
11	BYRNES KELLER CROMWELL LLP	MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP
12		
13	By /s/ Bradley S. Keller	By /s/ Patty Eakes
14	Bradley S. Keller WSBA #10665 By /s/ Jofrey M. McWilliam	Patty Eakes, WSBA #18888 By /s/ Molly A. Terwilliger
15	Jofrey M. McWilliam, WSBA #28441 1000 Second Avenue, 38th Floor	Molly A. Terwilliger, WSBA #28449
16	Seattle, WA 98104 (206) 622-2000	1301 Second Avenue, Suite 2800 Seattle, WA 98101
17	bkeller@byrneskeller.com	(206) 274-6400
18	MESSNER REEVES LLP	patty.eakes@morganlewis.com molly.terwilliger@morganlewis.com
	Gregory P. Sitrick (pro hac vice)	Andrew V. Devkar (admitted pro hac
19	Isaac S. Crum ( <i>pro hac vice</i> ) Sharif Ahmed ( <i>pro hac vice</i> )	vice) MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP
20	7250 N. 16th Street, Suite 410 Phoenix, AZ 85020	2049 Century Park East, Suite 700
21	gsitrick@messner.com	Los Angeles, CA 90067-3109 (310) 907-1000
22	icrum@messner.com sahmed@messner.com	andrew.devkar@morganlewis.com
23	Attorneys for Plaintiff Datanet LLC	Natalie A. Bennett (admitted <i>pro hac vice</i> ) MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP
24		1111 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20004-2541
25		(202) 739-3000 natalie.bennett@morganlewis.com
26		namico comica (a) morganic w 15.00m
	AGREEMENT REGARDING DISCOVERY OF ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION AND ORDER – 9 (Case No. 2:22-cv-01545-JNW)	Byrnes • Keller • Cromwell Lip 38th Floor 1000 Second Avenue Seattle, Washington 98104 (206) 622-2000

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Karon N. Fowler (admitted *pro hac vice*) 1 MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 110 North Wacker Drive, Suite 2800 2 Chicago, IL 60606-1511 karon.fowler@morganlewis.com 3 4 Austin L. Zuck (admitted *pro hac vice*) Katerina Hora Jacobson (admitted pro hac 5 vice) MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 1400 Page Mill Road 6 Palo Alto, CA 94304 7 (650) 843-4000 austin.zuck@morganlewis.com 8 katerina.horajacobson@morganlewis.com Attorneys for Defendant Microsoft 9 **Corporation** 10 **ORDER** 11 Based on the foregoing, IT IS SO ORDERED. 12 DATED: September 13, 2023. 13 land W 14 15 Jamal N. Whitehead United States District Judge 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

AGREEMENT REGARDING DISCOVERY OF ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION AND ORDER – 10 (Case No. 2:22-cv-01545-JNW)