

1 THE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR
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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
9 AT SEATTLE

10 MARK FREDERICK DURBIN,

11 Plaintiff,

v.

12 STATE OF WASHINGTON, *et al.*,

13 Defendants.

14 CASE NO. C23-0973-JCC

ORDER

15 This matter comes before the Court on the remaining defendants'¹ motion for a judgment
16 on the pleadings (Dkt. No. 44), which is appropriate when a defendant establishes that no
17 material issue of fact remains and the defendant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. *Hal*
18 *Roach Studios v. Richard Feiner and Co.*, 896 F.2d 1542, 1550 (9th Cir. 1989). Having
19 thoroughly considered the briefing and the relevant record here,² the Court FINDS that a
20 judgment on the pleadings is warranted, and therefore GRANTS in part and DENIES in part
21 Defendants' motion for the reasons explained herein.

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23 ¹ Those defendants are King County, King County Superior Court Commissioner Henry
24 Judson, King County Superior Court Personnel, the King County Prosecutor's Office, the
25 King County Sheriff's Department, and the King County Jail. (See Dkt. Nos. 1 at 2, 44 at 1.) The
Court previously dismissed all claims against all other named defendants. (See Dkt. Nos. 36, 56.)

26 ² The Court summarized Plaintiff's allegations in a prior order, (see Dkt. No. 36 at 1-2),
and it will not repeat them here.

1 Defendants raise various arguments in support of their motion. (See Dkt. No. 44 at 6–18.)
2 They first argue that Plaintiff fails to allege the custom or policy necessary to ascribe municipal
3 liability to King County. (See Dkt. No. 44 at 9–11) (citing *Monell v. Dept. of Soc. Services of*
4 *City of New York*, 436 U.S. 658, 690–91 (1978)). The Court agrees. Plaintiff identifies no clear
5 custom or policy supporting the deprivations he asserts. (See Dkt. No. 57 at 7; *see generally* Dkt.
6 No. 1.) Defendants next argue that Plaintiff’s allegations, even if true, fail to overcome
7 Commissioner Judson’s judicial immunity. (See Dkt. No. 44 at 11.) The Court also agrees. None
8 of the allegations, (*see generally* Dkt No. 1), suggest Commissioner Judson acted in a manner
9 invalidating judicial immunity. *See Forrester v. White*, 484 U.S. 219, 225–30 (1988); *Duvall v.*
10 *Cnty. of Kitsap*, 260 F.3d 1124, 1133 (9th Cir. 2001); *Franceschi v. Schwartz*, 57 F.3d 828, 830–
11 31 (9th Cir. 1995). Defendants makes similar arguments with respect to the King County
12 Prosecuting Attorney’s Office’s immunity. (See Dkt. No. 44 at 12.) And, again, the Court agrees.
13 None of Plaintiff’s allegations, (*see generally* Dkt No. 1), suggest prosecutors acted outside of
14 the scope of their duties, as needed to defeat prosecutorial immunity. *See Buckley v.*
15 *Fitzsimmons*, 509 U.S. 259, 272–73 (1993)).

16 Separately, Defendants argue that Plaintiff’s shotgun complaint, (*see generally* Dkt. No.
17 1), fails to provide sufficiently specific allegations with respect to *each* defendant to comport
18 with Rules 8(a), 9(b), and 10(b). (See Dkt. No. 44 at 14–18) (citing Fed. R. Civ. P. 8–10;
19 *Bautista v. Los Angeles Cnty.*, 216 F.3d 837, 840 (9th Cir. 2000); *Adams v. BRG Sports, Inc.*,
20 2017 WL 5598647, slip op. at 3 (N.D. Cal. 2017)). Again, the Court agrees. In addition, as
21 Defendants note, many of the named defendants are agencies *within* King County. (See Dkt. Nos.
22 44 at 18, 57 at 1–13.) As such, they are not proper defendants for a suit brought pursuant to 42
23 U.S.C. § 1983. *See Wainscott v. Cnty. of San Diego*, 2020 WL 5747389, slip op. at 3 (S.D. Cal.
24 2020) (compiling cases). Each would also serve as a basis to support dismissal of the claims
25 against these defendants.

26 For these reasons, the King County Defendants’ motion for a judgment on the pleadings

1 (Dkt. No. 44) is GRANTED in part and DENIED in part. Plaintiff's § 1983 claims against the
2 King County Defendants are DISMISSED with prejudice and any state law claims against these
3 defendants are DISMISSED without prejudice.³ The Court declines to provide Plaintiff leave to
4 amend, as further amendment would not save these claims.⁴

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6 DATED this 13th day of November 2023.

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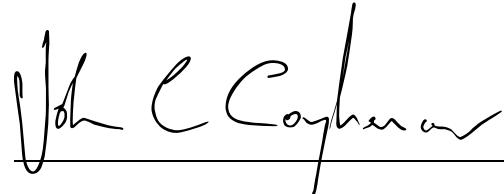
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John C. Coughenour
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

³ Without the jurisdictional anchor of a federal § 1983 claim, the Court declines to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over any remaining state law claims. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1337(c)(3).

⁴ The Court need only do so if it would not be futile. *See, e.g., Barahona v. Union Pac. R.R. Co.*, 881 F.3d 1122, 1134 (9th Cir. 2018). And given the infirmities described above, as well as in prior orders dismissing other defendants in this matter, (*see* Dkt. Nos. 36, 55, 56), the Court FINDS that amendment would be futile.