1 2 Honorable Ronald B. Leighton 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN WASHINGTON AT TACOMA DIVISION 10 11 12 13 14 MAJOR MARGARET WITT, No. C06-5195 RBL 15 Plaintiff, 16 DECLARATION OF SARAH A. DUNNE IN SUPPORT OF REPLY 17 V. MEMORANDUM FOR MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER 18 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF PROHIBITING INTERFERENCE 19 THE AIR FORCE; ET AL., WITH NON-PARTY WITNESSES BY **DEFENDANTS** 20 Defendants 21 NOTE ON MOTION CALENDAR: MAY 7, 2010 22 ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED 23 24 Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Sarah Dunne, hereby declare as follows: 25 1. I am counsel for the plaintiff and have personal knowledge of the facts contained 26 in this Declaration. 27 2. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of Defendants United 28 States et al. Supplemental Responses to Requests 3, 4, and 5 of Plaintiff's First Set of Requests

Decl of Sarah A. Dunne in Support of Reply Memo for Mot for Prot Order Prohibiting Interference with Non-Party Witnesses by Def. (C06-9195)--1

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AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION OF
WASHINGTON FOUNDATION
705 Second Avenue, Suite 300
Seattle, Washington 98104-1799
(206) 624-2184

for Admission propounded in *Log Cabin Republicans v. United States*, Case No CV04-8425 (C.D. Cal.).

- 3. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of an excerpt from the deposition of Master Sergeant Stacey Julian, dated March 18, 2010.
- 4. On April 21, 2010, I conducted a witness interview of a current unit member of the 446th AES who is a gay or lesbian service member. This service member has retained private counsel to represent him/her during this litigation in the event s/he decides to testify and tell the truth about the unit culture and his/her sexual orientation. His/her attorney was also present when I conducted the interview.
- 5. On April 21, 2010, government counsel and I participated in a telephone conference concerning the issue of non-party witness interference. We discussed the issue for almost thirty minutes but were unable to reach a resolution amenable to both parties. Among the issues we discussed was whether the DoD *Touhy* regulations were applicable in litigation involving the United States as a party and if they were not, whether the conduct of the Department of Justice attorneys and Air Force counsel violated Rule 3.4(a), 8.4(a) and (d), and 1.7(a) of the Washington Rules of Professional Conduct.
- believed the *Touhy* regulations did not apply in litigation involving the United States based on the case law and my prior experience as a trial attorney for the United States Department of Justice. I further raised the point with government counsel that Plaintiff's counsel believed the only basis for objecting to the interviews was because of some privilege, such as national security. But I made the point that Plaintiff's counsel did not believe someone's sexual orientation was a matter of national security. Because Air Force counsel had previously raised the argument at the end of MSgt. Stacey Julian's deposition that the Air Force represented current personnel in their "official capacity," (Julian Dep. 63:19-64:18), I also informed government counsel that we believe any assertion of joint representation by the Government of the Defendants and Air Force personnel was a conflict under Rule 1.7(a) because current unit members may have interests adverse to Defendants. To support this, I shared with government

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counsel that I knew of at least one current gay or lesbian unit member of the 446th AES who had retained private counsel. Government counsel contended that it could not order its client to issue a curative instruction and I asserted to government counsel that I did not believe DOJ could avoid its ethical obligations based on this reason pursuant to 8.4(a) and 8.4(d). We also discussed the fact that Washington had adopted Rule 3.4(a) but had not adopted Model Rule 3.4(f), as noted in Washington Comment [5].

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this Declaration was executed on May 7, 2010 in Seattle, Washington.

\_<u>/s/ Sarah A. Dunne</u>
Sarah A. Dunne, WSBA #34869

Support of Reply Memorandum for Motion for Protective order Prohibiting Interference Non-

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Attorneys for Defendants

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Legal Program Assistant 705 Second Avenue, Suite 300 njenkins@aclu-wa.org

## **EXHIBIT A**

	·	
1	TONY WEST	
2	Assistant Attorney General ANDRE BIROTTE, Jr.	
3	United States Attorney VINCENT M. GARVEY	
4	PAUL G. FREEBORNE W. SCOTT SIMPSON	
	JOSHUA E. GARDNER	•
5	RYAN B. PARKER U.S. Department of Justice	
6	Civil Division Federal Programs Branch	
7	∥ P O Box 883	
8	Telephone: (202) 353-0543	
9	Washington, D.C. 20044 Telephone: (202) 353-0543 Facsimile: (202) 616-8202 E-Mail: paul.freeborne@ usdoj.gov	
10	Attorney for Defendants United States of America and Secretary of Defense	
11	·	TDICT COUDT
12	UNITED STATES DIS FOR THE CENTRAL DISTR	CICT OF CALIFORNIA
13	EASTERN DI	
14	LOG CABIN REPUBLICANS,	No. CV04-8425 (VAP) (Ex)
15	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES
16	v. (	TO REQUESTS 3, 4, AND 5 OF PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF
17	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND () ROBERT GATES, Secretary of Defense,	REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION
18	Defendants.	
j	Defendants.	
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_		UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CIVIL DIVISION, FEDERAL PROGRAMS BRANCH, P.O. BOX 883, BEN FRANKLIN STATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20044 (202) 353-0543

Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26 and 36, and as directed by the March 16, 2010 Order of the Magistrate Judge (Doc. 127), Defendants hereby supplement their responses to Plaintiff's requests for admission ("RFAs").

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 36(a)(4) directs that "when good faith requires that a party qualify an answer or deny only a part of a matter, the answer must specify the part admitted and qualify or deny the rest." The Court's Order overruled Defendants' objections to Requests for Admission 3, 4, and 5 and ordered the United States to "unqualifiedly admit or deny" the requests.

The Court's Order has placed Defendants in an untenable position. Counsel in this litigation represents the United States. However, the Executive and Legislative Branches have yet to express a unified position on the subject matter of Plaintiff's RFAs. For these reasons, it is Defendants' position that providing a single-word, unqualified answer in response would be inaccurate, incomplete, and inconsistent with the mandatory provisions of Rule 36(a)(4).

The President of the United States, who formulates the policy of the Executive Branch, has stated, including in his State of the Union Address on January 27, 2010, that 10 U.S.C. § 654, the statute enacting "Don't Ask Don't Tell" ("DADT"), should be repealed. The President has further said that DADT does not contribute to, and indeed weakens our national security, and he has stated that "[w]e cannot afford to cut from our ranks people with the critical skills we need to fight any more than we can afford - for our military's integrity - to force those willing to do so into careers encumbered and compromised by having to live a lie."

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While this Administration contends that DADT is wrong as a matter of policy and should be repealed, it also recognizes that this view does not abrogate the President's responsibility to "take Care that the Laws are faithfully executed," U.S. Const., Art. II, Sec. 3. Moreover, the Department of Justice generally defends the constitutionality of duly enacted statutes. In enacting Section 654, Congress determined in 1993 that DADT was necessary "in the unique circumstances of military service," 10 U.S.C. § 654. The United States, in defending the constitutionality of Section 654, has maintained that this Administration's efforts to effect repeal do not compel the conclusion that Section 654 is unconstitutional. In the absence of the Court's order, counsel for the United States would provide Plaintiff an answer that accurately reflects the Defendants' position which a single-word response cannot convey. The Court's order does not permit the United States to provide an answer that, in good faith, "speciffies] the part admitted and qualifies] or den[ies] the rest," Fed. R.Civ. Proc. 36(a)(4), in view of the disagreement between the Executive Branch's view as articulated in 2010 and Congress' view as articulated in its 1993 enactment of Section 654.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Department of Justice has a longstanding and bipartisan tradition of defending federal statutes where reasonable arguments can be made in support of their constitutionality, even if the Executive Branch disagrees with a particular statute as a matter of policy, as it does here.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CIVIL DIVISION, FEDERAL PROGRAMS BRANCH, P.O. Box 883, Ben Franklin Station Washington, D.C. 20044 (202) 353-0543

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## PROOF OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I served DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION by electronic mail and regular mail upon the persons below on April 12, 2010:

Dan Woods White & Case LLP 633 West Fifth Street, Suite 1900 Los Angeles, CA 90071-2007 Tel. (213) 620-7714

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above is true and correct.

Paul G. Freeborne

## **EXHIBIT B**

- 1 prevent it from happening would be granted; is that
- 2 right?
- 3 A. Yes, for a small moment.
- 4 Q. Small moment, what does that mean, a couple of days?
- 5 A. No, the conversation that she had, and I don't know who
- she had it with, but it was with your office.
- 7 O. Mm-hmm.
- 8 A. That there was a -- something was put in that they
- 9 wanted to try to stop depositions. I didn't know if it
- 10 was mine or all of them.
- 11 Q. I see.
- 12 A. But I didn't think that that would happen, so I
- 13 figured.
- 14 Q. But in any event the Air Force's attorneys never told
- 15 you that that attempt was made?
- 16 A. No.
- MR. LOBSENZ: Thank you.
- 18 (Off the record)
- COLONEL CARNES: I'd like to make a comment.
- I do represent him in an official capacity.
- MR. LOBSENZ: I'm not really sure what you
- mean by that. But he isn't a party, and I don't
- believe you represent witnesses.
- COLONEL CARNES: In an official capacity, and
- 25 he is a member of the Air Force. And the Air Force is

1	my client.
2	MR. LOBSENZ: I agree with that, but he's
3	not. And I don't know that we need to have that
4	discussion here now, but it might turn into an issue
<u>5</u>	later. But I did feel that it was important for me to
<mark>6</mark>	say that I would complain to the Judge bitterly if you
7	in any way purported to give him legal advice. Because
8	I think that is a conflict there, you can't do that.
9	You represent the Air Force, but you don't represent
10	all the employees of the Air Force. You represent
11	those within the control group of the Air Force, which
12	is probably the Secretary of the Air Force and the
13	Assistant Secretary and maybe a few high-ranking
14	Generals, and that is it. You don't represent the
<mark>15</mark>	witnesses. But if we disagree about that, we can
<mark>16</mark>	either
<mark>17</mark>	MR. BUCKINGHAM: At that time and place.
18	COLONEL CARNES: Resolve that issue.
19	(Deposition concluded)
20	(Signature reserved)
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