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On December 7, 2009, the court converted these motions, pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 12(d), to motions for summary judgment under Fed.R.Civ.P. 56, on the basis that the motions are supported by documents outside the pleadings. Dkt. 41.

On December 8, 2009, defendants Kingery, Quade, Evans and the City of Poulsbo filed a Motion for Reconsideration of the Court's December 7, 2009 Minute Order. Dkt. 42. These defendants object to converting these motions to motions for summary judgment. They argue that the documents that were filed in support of their motions were referred to in the Second Amended Complaint, and should therefore be considered as part of the complaint, not documents outside the pleadings. These defendants contend that issues of qualified immunity should be determined as early as possible in the litigation, prior to discovery.

The Joint Status Report in this case is due by December 15, 2009, and has not yet been filed.

Local Rule CR 7(h)(1) provides as follows:

Motions for reconsideration are disfavored. The court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of manifest error in the prior ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to its attention earlier with reasonable diligence.

The court recognizes that a decision on qualified immunity should be made early in the proceedings so that the costs and expenses of trial are avoided where the defense is dispositive. *Johnson v. County of Los Angeles*, 340 F.3d 787, 791 (9th Cir. 2003). Qualified immunity is "an entitlement not to stand trial or face the other burdens of litigation." *Mitchell v. Forsyth*, 472 U.S. 511, 526 (1985). The privilege is an immunity from suit rather than a mere defense to liability; and like an absolute immunity, it is effectively lost if a case is erroneously permitted to go to trial. *Id.* As a result, it is important to resolve immunity questions at the earliest possible stage in litigation. *Hunter v. Bryant*, 502 U.S. 224, 227 (1991).

In support of their pending motions, the Poulsbo defendants provided a large number of documents. Some of those documents were quoted verbatim in the Second Amended Complaint, but most of those documents appear to contest and contradict the facts set forth in the Second Amended Complaint. Plaintiff should have the opportunity to provide a meaningful response to those documents. The Poulsbo defendants have not shown manifest error in the prior ruling, nor have they made a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to the court's attention earlier with reasonable

diligence. The motion for reconsideration should be denied.

It is unclear whether and what discovery is needed to respond to the issues of qualified immunity regarding the individual Poulsbo defendants, and whether and what discovery is needed to respond to the motion regarding the City of Poulsbo. The parties may wish to engage in limited discovery, so that the issues presented in these motions may be fully addressed. At the very least, in their Joint Status Report and Discovery Plan, the parties should consider phased discovery, addressing the issues of qualified immunity and the issues presented in the City of Poulsbo's motion to dismiss, before the parties engage in more extensive discovery. The parties may also wish to consider whether these motions are premature, and whether to strike the motions and set new deadlines in the Joint Status Report and Discovery Plan for re-filing them.

Therefore, it is hereby

ORDERED that plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration and Motion to Enlarge Time (Dkt. 42) is **DENIED**.

The Clerk is directed to send uncertified copies of this Order to all counsel of record and to any party appearing *pro se* at said party's last known address.

DATED this 9th day of December, 2008.

Robert J. Bryan

United States District Judge.