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5	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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8	FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION, its successors or assigns,	CASE NO. C12 5472 DUC
9		CASE NO. C12-5472 BHS
10	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO
11	V.	REMAND UNLAWFUL DETAINER ACTION AND
12	NED E. POUEU, et al.,	DENYING COSTS AND FEES
13	Defendants.	
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15	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff Federal National Mortgage	
16	Association's ("Federal") motion to remand an unlawful detainer action and for costs and	
	fees. Dkt. 4. Although Defendants removed this action from state court to federal court	
17	on May 30, 2012, they have failed to file a response to Federal's instant motion to	
18	remand.	
19	Rule 7(b)(2) of the Local Rules states that "[i]f a party fails to file papers in	
20	opposition to a motion, such failure may be considered by the court as an admission that	
21	the motion has merit."	
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On June 28, 2012, Federal filed a motion to remand the unlawful detainer action to state court. Dkt. 4. In its motion, Federal demonstrates that this Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the action. Thus, relief cannot be obtained through this Court and remand to state court is proper. *Id.* Further, Defendants have failed to file a brief in opposition to this motion, which the Court considers an admission that Federal's motion has merit pursuant to Rule 7(b)(2). Accordingly, the Court concludes that Federal's motion to remand should be granted.

Federal also requests an award of costs and fees associated with preparing this motion. In summary, Federal argues it should be awarded costs and fees because Defendants' sole argument for removal was meritless and caused unnecessary delay and expense in this case. Dkt. 4 at 9. Additionally, Federal notes that Defendants' removal took place exactly one day before the state court's hearing on the unlawful detainer action and nearly a month after the removal period had expired, suggesting that Defendants' actions were designed simply to delay proceedings and are in bad faith. *See id*.

While the Court disapproves of tactics designed to unnecessarily delay proceedings, it also recognizes, as does Federal, that the Defendants in this case are *pro se*. *Id*. Unless Defendants were clearly acting in bad faith, the Court grants some leeway to *pro se* parties as they attempt to navigate a complex legal system. The Court does not find the Defendants clearly acted in bad faith. Therefore, the Court declines to grant Federal's request for costs and fees.

The Court, having considered the pleadings filed in support of the motion and the remainder of the file, does hereby find and ORDER that Federal's motion to remand (Dkt. 4) is **GRANTED**, and their motion for costs and fees (Dkt. 4) is **DENIED**. Dated this 22nd day of August 2012. United States District Judge