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9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
10 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT TACOMA

11 RICKY ANTHONY YOUNG,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 SCOTT RUSSELL et al.,

15 Defendants.

CASE NO. C13-5079 BHS-JRC

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF A
SIXTY-DAY EXTENSION OF TIME
TO CONDUCT DISCOVERY

16 The District Court has referred this 42 U.S.C. § 1983 civil rights action to United States
17 Magistrate Judge J. Richard Creatura. The Court's authority for the referral is 28 U.S.C. §
18 636(b)(1)(A) and (B), and local Magistrate Judge Rules MJR3 and MJR4.

19 Plaintiff asks the Court for a one-hundred-eighty-day extension of time to conduct
20 discovery (ECF No. 46). The Court grants plaintiff a sixty-day extension of time. The Court
21 denies any further extension at this time because plaintiff has failed to show that a longer
22 extension of time is warranted. Plaintiff also filed a motion to compel discovery that the Court
23 will address separately (ECF No. 48).
24

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EXTENSION OF TIME TO CONDUCT
DISCOVERY - 1

1 requests because they were not addressed to a particular defendant and were sent to
2 “defendants.” (ECF No. 46, p. 1). Defendants’ action in refusing to answer this request was
3 substantially justified pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(g) and 34(a) because discovery must be
4 signed by the person who is certifying the answer to be true and correct to the best of their
5 knowledge. Thus, discovery should be addressed to a particular person.

6 Defendants moved to stay discovery on April 9, 2013 (ECF No. 18). Defendants
7 answered two outstanding requests for production on May 10, 2013 (ECF No. 47, Exhibit C-4).
8 Thereafter, on June 6, 2013, defendants informed plaintiff by letter that they would not be
9 answering further requests for production until the Court had ruled on a motion to stay discovery
10 (ECF No. 47, Exhibit C-4, p.1 of 7, letter dated June 6, 2013). The parties have not briefed the
11 propriety of defendants’ refusal. Defendants’ refusal may have been improper under Local Rule
12 7(j), which addresses relief from a deadline.

13 The Court entered a scheduling order in this case that gave the parties five months to
14 conduct discovery (ECF No. 8). Defendants’ refusal to provide discovery while their motion to
15 stay discovery was pending effectively reduced plaintiff’s ability to complete discovery within
16 the set time frame.

17 The Court has wide discretion to control discovery as part of the Court’s inherent power
18 to control its own docket. *Little v. City of Seattle*, 863 F.2d 681, 685 (9th Cir. 1988). Discovery
19 rulings will not be overturned absent a clear abuse of discretion. *Id.* A sixty-day extension of
20 time will allow plaintiff time to discover what information or facts defendants have in their
21 possession and ameliorates defendants’ conduct of stopping the discovery process. Accordingly,
22 the Court grants plaintiff a sixty-day extension of time to conduct discovery. The Courts’
23 scheduling order is modified as follows:

1 a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a motion
2 for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other sworn
3 testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, you must set
4 out specific facts in declarations, deposition, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated
5 documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendant's
6 declarations and documents and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for
7 trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if
8 appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will
9 be dismissed and there will be no trial.

10 *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952, 962-963 (9th Cir. 1998).

11 Joint Status Report

12 Counsel and pro se parties are directed to confer and provide the court with a joint status
13 report by no later than February 28, 2014. The joint status report shall contain the following
14 information by corresponding paragraph numbers:

15 1. A short and concise statement of the case, including the remaining legal and
16 factual issues to be determined at trial;

17 2. A narrative written statement from each party setting forth the facts that will be
18 offered by oral or written documentary evidence at trial;

19 3. A list of all exhibits to be offered into evidence at trial;

20 4. A list of the names and addresses of all the witnesses each party intends to call
21 along with a short summary of anticipated testimony of each witness.

22 5. Whether the parties agree to arbitration or mediation under this district's
23 arbitration program, and if so whether the arbitration will be final and conclusive or the right to
24 trial de novo will be preserved (see Local Rule CR 39.1(d));

6. Whether the case should be bifurcated by trying the liability issues before the
damages issues, or specially managed in any other way;

7. Any other suggestions for shortening or simplifying the trial in this case;

1 8. The date the case will be ready for trial, considering Local Rule CR 16 deadlines;

2 9. The dates on which trial counsel are unavailable and any other complications to
3 be considered in setting a trial date;

4 10. Whether the trial will by jury or non-jury;

5 11. The number of trial days required, and suggestions for shortening trial;

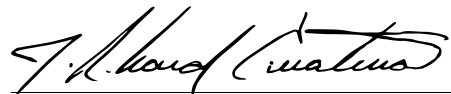
6 12. The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all trial counsel and
7 unrepresented (pro se) parties who intend to appear at trial.

8 If the parties are unable to agree on any part of the report, they may answer in separate
9 paragraphs. Separate reports are not to be filed. Plaintiff's counsel (or plaintiff, if pro se) will be
10 responsible for initiating communications for the preparation of the joint status report.

11 Proof of Service & Sanctions

12 All motions, pretrial statements and other filings shall be accompanied by proof that such
13 documents have been served upon counsel for the opposing party (or upon any party acting pro
14 se). The proof shall show the day and manner of service and may be by written acknowledgment
15 of service, by certificate of a member of the bar of this court, by affidavit of the person who
16 served the papers, or by any other proof satisfactory to the court. Such proof of service shall
17 accompany both the original and duplicates filed with the Clerk. Failure to comply with the
18 provisions of this Order can result in dismissal/default judgment or other appropriate sanctions.

19 Dated this 2nd day of August, 2013.

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21 J. Richard Creatura
22 United States Magistrate Judge