

allege that the bank's employees, agents and contractors have caused damage to plaintiffs' credit

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rating and have caused them emotional distress and other common law and statutory damages that are cognizable. Accordingly, the Motion to Dismiss [Dkt. #6] is **DENIED**. 2 3 As for the Motion to Remand, the defendant carries the burden of establishing the propriety of removal. Duncan v. Stuetzel, 76 F.3d 1480, 1485 (9th Cir. 1986). Any doubt as to the right of removal is resolved in favor of remand. Gaus v. Miles, Inc., 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th 5 Cir. 1992). The Court is satisfied that there is total diversity among the parties. The amount in 6 controversy is questionable as to its sufficiency (more than \$75,000). The removing defendant 7 must show to a legal certainty that the amount in controversy exceeds the statutory threshold. 8 The plaintiffs assure the Court that their claims do not exceed the value of \$75,000. They plainly state this in the Amended Complaint. The circumstances alleged in the Amended Complaint are 10 relatively minor in nature and support the plaintiffs' argument that the total damages are less 11 12 than \$75,000. 13 Therefore, the Motion to Dismiss [Dkt. 6] is **DENIED** and the Motion to Remand [Dkt. 14 #11] is **GRANTED**. Dated this 17<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2013. 15 16 17 RONALD B. LEIGHTON 18 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE 19 20 21 22 23 24