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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

ROBERT L. HARTZOG,  
Plaintiff,

v.

CAROLYN W COLVIN, Acting  
Commissioner of the Social Security  
Administration,  
Defendant.

CASE NO. 13-cv-06015 JRC

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR  
ATTORNEY’S FEES PURSUANT  
TO 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)

This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. 73 and Local Magistrate Judge Rule MJR 13 (*see also* Notice of Initial Assignment to a U.S. Magistrate Judge and Consent Form, ECF No. 5; Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge, ECF No. 6). This matter is before the Court on plaintiff’s Motion for Attorney’s Fees Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (*see* Dkt. 27). Defendant has no objection to plaintiff’s request (*see* Dkt. 28).

The Court may allow a reasonable fee for an attorney who represented a Social Security Title II claimant before the Court and obtained a favorable judgment, as long as such fee is not in

1 excess of 25 percent of the total of past-due benefits. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1); *Grisbrecht v.*  
2 *Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789 (2002). When a contingency agreement applies, the Court will look first  
3 to such agreement and will conduct an independent review to assure the reasonableness of the  
4 fee requested, taking into consideration the character of the representation and results achieved.  
5 *See Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 807, 808 (footnote omitted) (citations omitted). Although the  
6 fee agreement is the primary means for determining the fee, the Court will adjust the fee  
7 downward if substandard representation was provided, if the attorney caused excessive delay, or  
8 if a windfall would result from the requested fee. *See Crawford v. Astrue*, 586 F.3d 1142, 1151  
9 (9th Cir. 2009) (*citing Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 808).

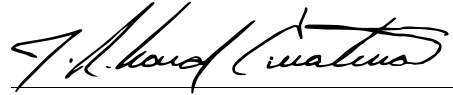
10 Here, the representation was standard, at least, and the results achieved excellent (*see*  
11 Dkt. 27, Attachment 3). *See Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 808. Following stipulated remand  
12 from this Court (Dkts. 20, 21) and another administrative hearing, the Administrative Law Judge  
13 awarded plaintiff disability benefits (Dkt. 27, Attachments 1, 3). There has not been excessive  
14 delay and no windfall will result from the requested fee.

15 Plaintiff's total back payment was \$35,484.00 (*see id.*, Attachments 3, 7). Plaintiff has  
16 moved for attorney's fee of \$8,871.00, representing 25% of the past due benefits, minus the  
17 previously awarded EAJA fees of \$3,807.68 (Dkt. 24), minus an additional voluntary reduction  
18 of \$2,192.32 (*see* Dkt. 27, p. 1) for a net sum of \$2,871.00 (*id.*). *See Parish v. Comm'r. Soc. Sec.*  
19 *Admin.*, 698 F.3d 1215, 1221 (9th Cir. 2012).

20 Based on plaintiff's motion and supporting documents (*see* Dkt. 27, Attachments 1, 3, 4,  
21 5, 6, 7), and with no objection from defendant (Dkt. 28), it is hereby ORDERED that attorney's  
22 fees in the amount of \$2,871.00 be awarded to plaintiff's attorney pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §  
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1 406(b). After paying the attorney's fee, minus any applicable processing fees as allowed by  
2 statute, the Social Security Administration shall release all remaining funds directly to plaintiff.

3 Dated this 11th day of August, 2016.

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5 J. Richard Creatura  
6 United States Magistrate Judge