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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
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11	RICKY PATU,	CASE NO. 15-5332 RJB-KLS
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER
13	v.	
14	PIERCE COUNTY JAIL, C/O LEE,	
15	Defendants.	
16	This matter comes before the Court on the	Plaintiff's letter (Dkt. 19). The Court has
17	considered this pleading and remaining record.	
18	On June 11, 2015, a Report and Recommen	ndation was filed regarding this civil rights
19	case. Dkt. 9. It recommended dismissing Plaintiff	f's Amended Complaint because Plaintiff,
20	despite being given an opportunity to amend his co	omplaint and cure several deficiencies, failed
21	to state a viable claim against the Pierce County Ja	il, his claims are barred by the statute of
22	limitations, and he failed to exhaust his claims in a	accord with the Prison Litigation Reform Act
23	42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a). <i>Id.</i> The Report and Recom	mendation also recommended that this
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dismissal count as a strike pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). *Id.* The Report and
 Recommendation was adopted and the case was closed. Dkt. 13.

On June 29, 2015, Plaintiff filed a letter demanding settlement of the case and that certain
parties "file a motion." Dkt. 15.

To the extent Plaintiff intended this June 29, 2015 letter to be a motion, the motion was
denied because the case was closed. Dkt 17. Further, the motion was denied because Plaintiff
failed to identify any basis for his motion. *Id*.

8 On July 1, 2015, Plaintiff filed a "Motion to Reopen Case" in which he stated that he 9 wanted the courts "to acknowledge [his] authentic claim of not being treated," and that he 10 wanted to file a motion regarding discovery. Dkt. 16. This pleading also provided: "please 11 acknowledge of dismissing my case of taking the strike off my federal record." *Id*.

On July 6, 2015, Plaintiff's motion to reopen case was construed as a motion for
reconsideration and was denied. Dkt 17. Plaintiff was reminded that the case was closed. *Id.*He was informed that aside from a notice of appeal, further motions or pleadings Plaintiff filed in
this case would be docketed, but no further action will be taken on them. *Id.*

On July 13, 2015, Plaintiff filed a fourth application to proceed IFP (Dkt. 18), despite the
fact that IFP was originally granted (Dkt. 4) when the case began.

Plaintiff sent another letter, dated July 16, 2015, which was received by the district court
in Seattle on July 24, 2015, and filed in the district court in Tacoma on July 28, 2015. Dkt. 19.
In this July 28, 2015 letter, Plaintiff notes that some of his other cases were dismissed for failure
to state a claim, but were not counted as strikes under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). *Id.* The letter further
provides: "please notify me so we could rectify this small issue of properly disposing the
complaints." *Id.*

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2 ac	ct on the fourth application to proceed IFP (Dkt. 18) or on the July 28, 2015 letter (Dkt. 19).
3	On January 6, 2016, Plaintiff filed a notice of appeal. Dkt. 20. On February 12, 2016,
4 th	ne U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit issued an order, noting that Plaintiff's July 28,
5 20	015 letter (Dkt. 19) appears to challenge this Court's June 29, 2015 judgment. Dkt. 23. It
6 or	rdered that proceedings there be held in abeyance pending this Court's consideration of whether
7 th	ne July 28, 2015 letter is a timely filed motion under Fed. R. of Appellate Procedure 4 (a)(4),
8 an	nd, if so, whether the motion should be granted or denied. <i>Id</i> .
9	In light of the Ninth Circuit's order, the Court will consider Plaintiff's July 28, 2015
10 le	etter (Dkt. 19) and the Plaintiff's fourth application to proceed IFP (Dkt. 18).
11	Fed. R. of Appellate Procedure 4(a) provides: "[i]f a party timely files in the district court
12 an	ny of the following motions under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the time to file an
13 ap	ppeal runs for all parties from the entry of the order disposing of the last such remaining motion
14	(4) to alter or amend the judgment under Rule 59."
15	Timeliness. Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e), "[a] motion to alter or amend a judgment must be
16 fil	iled no later than 28 days after entry of the judgment." Plaintiff's July 28, 2015 letter, received
17 by	y the district court in Seattle on July 24, 2015 is timely under Rule 59(e). It was received by the
18 cc	ourt less than 28 days after entry of the judgment.
19	Motion Under Rule 59(e). "Amendment or alteration is appropriate under Rule 59(e) if (1)
20 th	ne district court is presented with newly discovered evidence, (2) the district court committed
21 cl	lear error or made an initial decision that was manifestly unjust, or (3) there is an intervening
22 ch	hange in controlling law." Zimmerman v. City of Oakland, 255 F.3d 734, 740 (9th Cir. 2001).
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1	To the extent that Plaintiff's July 28, 2015 letter (Dkt. 19) a moves for an alteration or
2	amendment of the June 29, 2015 judgment under Rule 59, the motion should be denied. Plaintiff
3	did not present the Court with newly discovered evidence. Zimmerman, at 740. There is no
4	showing that the Court "committed clear error or made a decision that was manifestly unjust."
5	Id. Under § 1915(g), "a dismissal without prejudice may count as a strike" as "long as the
6	dismissal is made because the action is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim." O'Neal v.
7	Price, 531 F.3d 1146, 1154 (9th Cir. 2008) (citing Day v. Maynard, 200 F.3d 665, 667 (10th
8	Cir.1999)). The dismissal without prejudice here was for failure to state a claim, and was
9	properly counted as a strike under § 1915. Further, there is no showing that there was "an
10	intervening change in controlling law." Zimmerman, at 740. Plaintiff provides no reasoning or
11	authority challenging the decision to dismiss the case or have the dismissal count as a strike. The
12	undersigned has no authority to alter the decisions or judgments in his other cases. Plaintiff's
13	motion to amend or alter the judgment in this case under Rule 59(e) (Dkt. 19), to the extent he
14	makes one, should be denied.
15	Fourth Motion to Proceed IFP. Plaintiff's fourth application to proceed IFP (Dkt. 18)
16	should be stricken as moot. IFP was granted when the case began. Dkt. 4.
17	It is ORDERED that:
18	• Plaintiff's fourth application to proceed IFP (Dkt. 18) is stricken as MOOT ; and
19	• Plaintiff's July 28, 2015 letter, construed as a motion to alter or amend the
20	judgment under Rule 59(e), (Dkt. 19) IS DENIED.
21	The Clerk is directed to send uncertified copies of this Order to U.S. Magistrate judge
22	Karen L. Strombom, all counsel of record, and to any party appearing pro se at said party's last
23	known address.
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Dated this 24th day of February, 2016.

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ROBERT J. BRYAN United States District Judge