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5	LIMITED STATES D	ISTRICT COLIRT	
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA		
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8	MITCHELL LEE VARNELL,	CASE NO. C15-5443BHS-DWC	
9	Plaintiff,	ORDER ADOPTING REPORT	
10	V.	AND RECOMMENDATION	
11	WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS,		
12	Defendant.		
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14	This matter comes before the Court on the Report and Recommendation ("R&R")		
15	of the Honorable David W. Christel, United States Magistrate Judge (Dkt. 106), the		
16	Court's order adopting the R&R (Dkt. 115), Plaintiff Mitchell Lee Varnell's ("Varnell")		
17	motion for reconsideration, and Varnell's objections to the R&R (Dkt. 119).		
18	On October 28, 2016, Judge Christel issued the R&R recommending that the		
19	Court deny Varnell's motion for a preliminary injunction. Dkt. 106. On December 7,		
20	2016, the Court adopted the R&R stating that no objections had been filed. Dkt. 115. On		
20	December 13, 2016, Varnell filed objections. Dkt. 119. On December 20, 2016, Varnell		
	filed a motion for reconsideration of the Court order. Dkt. 120.		
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## A. Reconsideration

In his motion, Varnell asserts that he did not receive the R&R in a timely fashion because of a mistake at his institution. Dkt. 120. Varnell requests that the Court reconsider its order adopting the R&R in light of the objections he has filed as promptly as possible. *Id.* The Court finds that the interests of justice and due process comport with considering Varnell's objections. Therefore, the Court grants Varnell's motion for reconsideration and vacates its previous order.

## B. Objections

The district judge must determine de novo any part of the magistrate judge's disposition that has been properly objected to. The district judge may accept, reject, or modify the recommended disposition; receive further evidence; or return the matter to the magistrate judge with instructions. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3).

In this motion, the issue is whether Defendants must transport Varnell to medical appointments in a vehicle with cushioned seats or with prescribed medical cushions. The record shows that Varnell's provider initially authorized a vehicle with cushioned seats, but then rescinded that order and prescribed two medical cushions for transport in vehicles with hard plastic seats. Dkt. 106 at 7. To the extent that Varnell claims this is a violation of his Eight Amendment right, the Court agrees with Judge Christel that, at most, Varnell has shown a difference of medical opinion and not the required deliberate indifference. *Id.* Thus, Varnell has failed to show a likelihood of success on the merits of his claim and the motion for a preliminary injunction fails. To the extent that Varnell argues that Defendants are violating his rights under the Americans with Disabilities Act,

1	the Court agrees with Judge Christel that the argument is beyond the scope of the		
2	operative complaint. <i>Id</i> . at 9–11.		
3	Therefore, the Court having considered the R&R, Varnell's objections, and the		
4	remaining record, does hereby find and order as follows:		
5	(1)	The Court <b>GRANTS</b> Varnell's motion for reconsideration (Dkt. 120)	
6	(2)	The Court VACATES its previous order (Dkt. 115);	
7	(3)	The R&R is <b>ADOPTED</b> ; and	
8	(4)	The Court <b>DENIES</b> Varnell's motion for a preliminary injunction (Dkt.	
9		32).	
10	Dated this 24th day of January, 2017.		
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12		BENJAMIN H. SETTLE	
13		United States District Judge	
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