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5	UNITED STATES D	ISTRICT COURT
6	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
7	ATTAC	OMA
8	COSMO SPECIALTY FIBERS, INC., et	
9	al.,	CASE NO. C15-5485 BHS
10	Plaintiffs,	ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR
11	v.	RECONSIDERATION
12	RICHARD BASSETT, et al.,	
13	Defendants.	
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15	This matter comes before the Court on Defendants Richard Bassett and Charlestown Investments Holdings, Ltd.'s ("Defendants") motion for reconsideration (Dkt. 26). The Court has considered the pleadings filed in support of and in opposition to the motion and the remainder of the file and hereby denies the motion for the reasons	
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18	stated herein.	
19	I. PROCEDURA	AL HISTORY
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21	On July 14, 2015, Plaintiffs Cosmo Specialty Fibers, Inc. ("Cosmo"), Cosmopolis	
22	Holdings, LLC, Gores Capital Partners II, LP,	and Gores Co-Invest Partnership II, LP
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1	(confectively Plaintiffs) fried a complaint against Defendants asserting claims for	
2	misrepresentation or fraud in the inducement, fraudulent concealment, negligent	
3	misrepresentation, breach of contract, and a violation of Washington's Consumer	
4	Protection Act ("CPA"), RCW Chapter 19.86. Dkt. 1.	
5	On August 5, 2015, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss. Dkt. 14. Defendants	
6	argue that Plaintiffs' claims are compulsory counterclaims that should have been brought	
7	in Cato Sales and Trading v. Cosmo Specialty Fibers, Inc., No. C14-5549BHS (W.D.	
8	Wash.) ("Cato v. Cosmo") and, in the alternative, Plaintiffs fail to state a claim for relief.	
9	Id. On October 5, 2015, the Court granted the motion in part and denied the motion in	
10	part. Dkt. 22. With respect to the compulsory counterclaims issue, the Court concluded	
11	that Plaintiffs are separate legal entities than defendant in Cato v. Cosmo. Id. at 3–4. On	
12	October 19, 2015, Defendants filed a motion for reconsideration as to the separate legal	
13	entities conclusion. Dkt. 26. At the pretrial conference in Cato v. Cosmo, the Court	
14	orally requested a response. On November 2, 2015, Plaintiffs responded. Dkt. 33.	
15	II. DISCUSSION	
16	Motions for reconsideration are governed by Local Rule CR 7(h), which provides	
17	as follows:	
18	Motions for reconsideration are disfavored. The court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of manifest error in the	
19	prior ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to its attention earlier with reasonable diligence.	
20	Local Rules, W.D. Wash. LCR 7(h)(1).	
21	Local Rules, W.D. Wash. LCR /(II)(1).	
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In this case, Defendants argue that they have new evidence and that the Court committed manifest error. With regard to the former, Defendants' new evidence fails to show identity of the parties. Defendants cite to pretrial statements and jury instructions in the *Cato v. Cosmo* matter for the proposition that the parties are "effectively one and the same." Dkt. 26 at 4. Defendants, however, fail to show how the assertion of an affirmative defense allows the Court to disregard the corporate form in a separate action. Therefore, the Court concludes that Defendants' new evidence is without merit.

With regard to the alleged manifest error, Defendants fail to establish that the Court's conclusion was erroneous. The Court recognizes Defendants' position that some courts have disregarded the corporate form in certain, specific situations. *See*, *e.g.*, *Transamerica Occidental Life Ins. Co. v. Aviation Office of Am., Inc.*, 292 F.3d 384, 386 (3d Cir. 2002) (claims against parent company should have been brought in action against member company). Defendants have failed to show that this is an unusual situation in which the corporate form should be disregarded. It is undisputed that the cases involve separate contracts; this case involves a consulting agreement while the other case involves an agency agreement. While this complaint mentions the agency agreement, it is not a suit for "breach of the *same contract*." Dkt. 26 at 7. In any event, Plaintiffs make a very persuasive argument that dismissal is not the appropriate remedy when the companion case is still ongoing. *See*Dkt. 33 at 7–9 (compulsory counterclaims cannot be asserted in a second, separate action after *conclusion* of the first).

III. ORDER Therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED** that Defendants' motion for reconsideration (Dkt. 26) is **DENIED**. Dated this 24th day of November, 2015. United States District Judge