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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
9	AT TA	COMA	
10	MATTHEW HOPKINS,		
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. 3:15-CV-05554-BHS-DWC	
12	v.	ORDER ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME TO	
13	LESLIE SZIEBERT,	COMPLETE DISCOVERY AND ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL	
14	Defendant.	DISCOVERY	
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16	The District Court has referred this action	n, filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, to United	
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18	States Magistrate Judge David W. Christel. Befo		
19	of Time (Dkt. 48) and Plaintiff's Motion to Com	pel Discovery (Dkt. 49).	
20	I. Motion to Compel Discovery		
21	Plaintiff is a civilly-committed detainee	at the Washington State Special Commitment	
22	Center ("SCC"). Dkt. 6, p. 1, ¶ 8.2. As Plaintiff i	s involuntarily committed at the SCC, Plaintiff	
23	is unable to leave the confines of the SCC to con	duct discovery. Plaintiff alleges he is unable to	
24	afford a court reporter to transcribe any depositions. Dkt. 49, p. 3. Plaintiff also alleges he is ORDER ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME TO COMPLETE DISCOVERY AND ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION		
	TO COMPEL DISCOVERY - 1		

unable to record the audio from any deposition he were to take, as SCC residents are prohibited
from owning or otherwise having access to audio recording devices. Dkt. 49, p. 3. Plaintiff has
moved for an order pursuant to Rule 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure: 1) requesting to
depose Defendant Leslie Sziebert; and 2) "grant[ing] permission" for Plaintiff to bring a
recording device into the SCC in order to record the depositions of Defendant Sziebert. Dkt. 49,
p. 4. ¹

First, under Rule 37, a party may move to compel a deponent to answer a question, or to
compel a party to attend their own deposition. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(3) & 37(d). But, Plaintiff
attached a letter from Defendant Sziebert's counsel, Gregory G. Silvey, indicating he intended to
"work with [Plaintiff] to schedule an agreeable time" to take Defendant Sziebert's deposition,
and that Plaintiff had the obligation to make arrangements for the deposition in compliance with
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Dkt. 49, p. 17.² To the extent Plaintiff is seeking to compel
Defendant Sziebert to attend his own deposition, such a motion is premature.

Second, Plaintiff couches his request for a tape recorder as motion to compel discovery
under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(a)(2); however, Plaintiff's motion cannot properly be
considered a motion to compel. Plaintiff is not requesting Defendant Sziebert be compelled to
disclose facts, produce discovery, or answer deposition questions. Instead, Plaintiff is requesting
the Court compel a non-party (namely, the SCC itself) to alter its security protocols to permit

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- ¹ Plaintiff indicates someone named David Dearinger is in possession of the recording devices, and is able to bring them to the SCC. David Dearinger is not a party to this case.
 Further, his relationship to the parties, his qualifications to be an impartial custodian of the tape recorders, his clearance to visit the SCC, and a host of other questions pertaining to his identity, fitness, and security are unanswered throughout Plaintiff's briefing. To the extent Plaintiff is asking the Court to permit Mr. Dearninger to enter onto SCC grounds, such a request is denied.
 ² Though Plaintiff indicates in his motion he would like to take the deposition of Defendant Sziebert on December 1, 2016, Plaintiff does not provide any evidence he has noticed the depositions of Defendant Sziebert as he was required to do under Rule 30(b).

Plaintiff to have access to a tape recorder on SCC grounds, so that he may comply with his
 obligations under Rule 30 to procure some form of transcription or recording of an oral
 deposition. Rule 37(a)(2) does not contemplate such relief, and Plaintiff has provided no
 authority to the Court suggesting otherwise.

5 In any event, Plaintiff has not demonstrated his proposed relief is necessary or even 6 appropriate. Defendant Sziebert proposed at least one less-burdensome alternative to Plaintiff's 7 requested relief: namely, Plaintiff may conduct the deposition via telephone, with the deponent and the recording device located outside of the SCC. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(b)(4)("the parties 8 9 may stipulate—or the court may on motion order—that a deposition be taken by telephone or 10 other remote means."). As Plaintiff indicates a tape recorder is *available*, just not *accessible* to 11 Plaintiff while he is confined at the SCC (see Dkt. 49, p. 4), Defendant Sziebert's proposal would 12 seem to adequately address Plaintiff's need to record depositions in compliance with Fed. R. Civ. 13 P. 30.

Finally, Defendant Sziebert's proposed solution could have been achieved easily enough
through a good faith effort to meet and confer on discovery matters. The Court notes Plaintiff did
not indicate he had made arrangements for a tape recorder until he filed his motion to compel;
for his part, Defendant Sziebert did not propose a telephonic deposition until he filed his
response to Plaintiff's motion. *See* Dkt. 49, pp. 14, 17. In the future, the Court directs both
parties attempt a more robust discussion of discovery disputes prior to seeking judicial relief.
Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion to Compel is denied.

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II.

Motion for Appointment of Counsel

Plaintiff also seeks an order appointing counsel, or, in the alternative, stand-by counsel.
Dkt. 49, p. 4.

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1	No constitutional right to appointed counsel exists in a Section 1983 action. Storseth v.	
2	Spellman, 654 F.2d 1349, 1353 (9th Cir. 1981); see United States v. \$292,888.04 in U.S.	
3	Currency, 54 F.3d 564, 569 (9th Cir. 1995) ("[a]ppointment of counsel under this section is	
4	discretionary, not mandatory"). However, in "exceptional circumstances," a district court may	
5	appoint counsel for indigent civil litigants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1) (formerly 28	
6	U.S.C. § 1915(d)). Rand v. Roland, 113F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), overruled on other	
7	grounds, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998). To decide whether exceptional circumstances exist, the	
8	Court must evaluate both "the likelihood of success on the merits [and] the ability of the	
9	[plaintiff] to articulate his claims <i>pro se</i> in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved."	
10	Wilborn v. Escalderon, 789 F.2d 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986) (quoting Weygandt v. Look, 718	
11	F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983)). A plaintiff must plead facts showing he has an insufficient grasp	
12	of his case or the legal issues involved and an inadequate ability to articulate the factual basis of	
13	his claims. Agyeman v. Corrections Corp. of America, 390 F.3d 1101, 1103 (9th Cir. 2004).	
14	Here, Plaintiff argues counsel should be appointed for him due to the logistical	
15	difficulties he has encountered in attempting to conduct and record depositions. But, Plaintiff has	
16	not demonstrated this case involves complex facts or law. Further, a review of Plaintiff's	
17	pleadings, motions, and other submissions in the record reflects Plaintiff understands the legal	
18	issues involved in his claim, and has been able to adequately articulate a factual basis for his	
19	claims. Accordingly, Plaintiff's Motion is denied without prejudice.	
20	III. Motion for an Extension of Time	
21	Plaintiff requests the deadline for the completion of discovery be extended to February 1,	

2017. Dkt. 48. Defendant Leslie Sziebert has no objection to the proposed extension. Dkt. 51.

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1	After consideration of the record, Plaintiff's Motion is granted. The Amended Pretrial
2	Scheduling Order (Dkt. 15, 31) is amended as follows:
3	(1) All discovery shall be completed by February 1, 2017.
4	(2) Any dispositive motion shall be filed and served on or before April 1, 2017.
5	The Court also notes this is Plaintiff's third request for an extension of time to complete
6	discovery. Thus, further extensions of time to complete discovery will be granted only upon a
7	showing of good cause.
8	Dated this 9th day of December, 2016.
9	No Muite
10	David W. Christel
11	United States Magistrate Judge
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