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4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
5 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
6 AT TACOMA

7 GLENDA NISSEN,

8 Plaintiff,

9 v.

10 MARK LINDQUIST, et al.,

11 Defendants.

CASE NO. C16-5093BHS

ORDER GRANTING IN PART
DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
DISMISS AND PLAINTIFF'S
MOTION FOR LEAVE TO
AMEND

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13 This matter comes before the Court on Defendants Mark Lindquist ("Lindquist"),
14 Mark and Chelsea Lindquist, and Pierce County's ("County") (collectively,
15 "Defendants") motion to dismiss (Dkt. 25) and Plaintiff Glenda Nissen's ("Nissen")
16 motion for leave to amend (Dkt. 39). The Court has considered the pleadings filed in
17 support of and in opposition to the motions and the remainder of the file and hereby rules
18 as follows:

19 **I. PROCEDURAL HISTORY**

20 On February 1, 2016, Nissen filed a complaint against Defendants in Pierce
21 County Superior Court for the State of Washington. Dkt. 1, Ex. A. Nissen asserted
22 causes of action for violations of her constitutional rights, abuse of process, invasion of

1 | privacy, constructive discharge, outrage, violations of Washington Law Against
2 | Discrimination, RCW Chapter 49.60 (“WLAD”), and breach of contract. *Id.*

3 | On February 5, 2016, Defendants removed the matter to this Court. Dkt. 1.

4 | On February 22, 2016, Defendants moved to dismiss. Dkt. 9. On April 20, 2016,
5 | the Court granted the motion and granted Nissen leave to amend. Dkt. 18.

6 | On April 28, 2016, Nissen filed a first amended complaint (“FAC”) asserting
7 | seven causes of action: (1) violations of her civil rights, including her First Amendment
8 | right to freedom of speech and her Fourteenth Amendment rights to procedural and
9 | substantive due process; (2) abuse of process; (3) invasion of privacy, false light; (4)
10 | constructive discharge; (5) outrage; (6) violations of the WLAD; and (7) breach of
11 | contract. Dkt. 20 (“FAC”). The FAC is 104 pages long and includes 76 pages of
12 | appendices. *Id.*

13 | On May 12, 2016, Defendants moved to dismiss the FAC. Dkt. 25. On May 31,
14 | 2016, Nissen responded. Dkt. 27. On June 3, 2016, Defendants replied and moved to
15 | strike portions of Nissen’s response. Dkt. 28.

16 | On August 11, 2016, the Court granted Defendants’ motion in part and requested
17 | additional briefing. Dkt. 34. On August 12, 2016, Nissen filed a motion for
18 | reconsideration. Dkt. 31. On August 18, 2016, the Court denied Nissen’s motion. Dkt.
19 | 33.

20 | On August 22, 2016, Nissen filed a supplemental response. Dkt. 34. On August
21 | 26, 2016, Defendants filed a supplemental reply. Dkt. 35. On January 2, 2017, the Court
22 |

1 granted Defendants’ motion in part and requested additional briefing on Nissen’s state
2 law claims. Dkt. 37.

3 On January 20, 2017, Nissen filed a supplemental response and a motion for leave
4 to amend her complaint. Dkts. 38, 39. On January 27, 2017, Defendants filed a
5 supplemental brief. Dkt. 40. On February 1, 2017, Defendants notified the Clerk that the
6 Court should disregard the supplemental brief and that Defendants would file a corrected
7 document. Dkt. 41. On February 9, 2017, Defendants responded to Nissen’s motion for
8 leave. Dkt. 42. On February 14, 2017, Nissen replied. Dkt. 43.

9 II. DISCUSSION

10 A. Motion to Dismiss

11 Defendants argue that “[b]ecause [Nissen] failed to interpose additional briefing
12 on the state law claims, as ordered by the Court, Defendants ask that the Court grant
13 dismissal based on the briefing to date.” Dkt. 40 at 2. The Court agrees with Defendants
14 that failure to file a brief in opposition may be construed as an admission that the motion
15 has merit. Local Rules, W.D. Wash. LCR 7(b)(2). Moreover, Nissen concedes that at
16 least some of her claims were without merit because “she has reduced the number of her”
17 state law claims in her proposed amended complaint. Dkt. 39 at 3. Therefore, based on
18 the briefing, lack thereof, and the remaining record, the Court grants the remainder of
19 Defendants’ motion to dismiss and dismisses Nissen’s state law claims without prejudice.

1 **B. Motion For Leave to Amend**

2 At this point of the proceeding, “a party may amend its pleading only with the
3 opposing party’s written consent or the court’s leave. The court should freely give leave
4 when justice so requires.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(a)(2).

5 In this case, Nissen seeks leave to amend her complaint on numerous issues. Dkt.
6 39 at 3. Defendants identify numerous potential problems with the proposed complaint.
7 Dkt. 43. Even if correct, these problems are beyond the scope of a motion to amend. The
8 Court should grant leave when justice requires, and the Court has dismissed the majority
9 of Nissen’s claims without prejudice and with leave to amend. Accordingly, allowing
10 amendment is warranted. Nissen, however, is forewarned that Rule 8(a)(2) may be
11 violated by a complaint “replete with conclusory, vague, and immaterial facts not
12 obviously connected to any particular cause of action.” *Weiland v. Palm Beach Cty.*
13 *Sheriff’s Office*, 792 F.3d 1313, 1321 (11th Cir. 2015).

14 **III. ORDER**

15 Therefore, it is hereby **ORDERED** that Defendants’ motion to dismiss (Dkt. 25) is
16 **GRANTED in part** as to Nissen’s state law claims and Nissen’s motion for leave to
17 amend (Dkt. 39) is **GRANTED**. Nissen shall file an amended complaint as a separate
18 document on the electronic docket no later than March 17, 2017.

19 Dated this 13th day of March, 2017.

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21 BENJAMIN H. SETTLE
22 United States District Judge