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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
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10	JOSEPH ZLOZA,	CASE NO. C23-5532JLR
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER
12	V.	
13	BRANDON SOMETHING, et al.,	
14	Defendants.	
15	Before the court is Plaintiff Joseph Zloza's motion to reopen this matter. (Mot.	
16	(Dkt. # 14).) The court DENIES the motion.	
17	On July 2, 2023, the court dismissed Mr. Zloza's original complaint with leave to	
18	amend pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). (7/2/23 Order (Dkt. # 8).) The court	
19	concluded that (1) Mr. Zloza's speculative allegation that Defendant "Brandon	
20	Something" ("Brandon") might be a "dirty Federal Agent" was insufficient to establish	
21	federal question subject matter jurisdiction over this case (id. at 3 (quoting Compl. (Dkt.	
22	# 7) at 3)) and (2) Mr. Zloza did not allege sufficient facts, such as the date and place	

1 where Brandon allegedly spat at him, to give Defendants "fair notice of what [Mr.

Zloza's] claim is and the grounds upon which it rests." (Id. (quoting Pac. Coast Fed'n of

| Fishermen's Ass'ns v. Glaser, 945 F.3d 1076, 1086 (9th Cir. 2019))). Mr. Zloza timely

filed an amended complaint, but that complaint (1) still did not specify the constitutional

or statutory provision on which he based his claim and (2) alleged that Brandon spat on

him on June 1, 2020. (See Am. Compl. (Dkt. # 9).)

On July 19, 2023, the court dismissed Mr. Zloza's amended complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2) and entered judgment. (7/19/23 Order (Dkt. # 10); Judgment (Dkt. # 11).) The court concluded that Mr. Zloza still had not plausibly alleged facts that would allow the court to conclude that his claim "aris[es] under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States" as required to support federal question subject matter jurisdiction over his claim. (7/19/23 Order at 3 (quoting 28 U.S.C. § 1331).) The court also found that the claim was untimely because Mr. Zloza filed the complaint more than three years after his encounter with Brandon. (*Id.* (citing Prop. Compl. (Dkt. # 1)); *see* RCW 4.16.100(1) (setting a two-year statute of limitations for actions for "libel, slander, assault, assault and battery, or false imprisonment").)

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) grants district courts discretion to relieve a party from a judgment or order only where the party demonstrates: (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence which by due diligence could not have been discovered before the court's decision; (3) fraud by the adverse party; (4) the judgment is void; (5) the judgment has been satisfied; or (6) any other reason justifying relief. "A motion under Rule 60(b) must be made within a

reasonable time—and for reasons (1), (2), and (3) no more than a year after the entry of the judgment or order or the date of the proceeding." Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(c)(1).

Here, Mr. Zloza asserts that the court should reopen this case because he "had major brain damage." (Mot. at 1.) Because more than one year has elapsed since the court entered judgment in this case, the court interprets Mr. Zloza's motion to reopen as a motion for relief from judgment pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b)(6), Rule 60's "catch-all" provision. *See Marroquin v. City of Los Angeles*, 112 F.4th 1204, 1217 (9th Cir. 2024). "[R]elief under Rule 60(b)(6) is reserved for 'extraordinary circumstances[.]'" *Id.* (quoting *Martinez v. Shinn*, 33 F.4th 1254, 1262 (9th Cir. 2022) (per curiam). "'Extraordinary circumstances occur where there are "other compelling reasons" for opening the judgment' that prevented the movant from raising the basis of the motion during the pendency of the case." *Martinez*, 33 F.4th at 1262 (quoting *Bynoe v. Baca*, 966 F.3d 972, 979, 983 (9th Cir. 2020)). The court concludes that Mr. Zloza's brain damage may, depending on the circumstances, provide "compelling reasons" to reopen this matter. *See id.*

Accordingly, the court ORDERS Mr. Zloza to file, by no later than **October 17**, **2024**, a document responding to the following:

A. Mr. Zloza shall provide additional details about how his brain damage provides a basis for his motion to reopen. This filing shall inform the court (1) when and where Mr. Zloza suffered his brain damage; (2) the circumstances under which he suffered the brain damage; (3) the effect the brain damage had on Mr. Zloza's ability to

proceed with this lawsuit; and (4) whether the brain damage was the result of conduct by any of the Defendants in this case.

B. Because the court previously found that it lacked subject matter jurisdiction over this case (*see generally* 7/19/23 Order), Mr. Zloza shall also provide the following information: (1) the specific basis of the court's jurisdiction over this matter; (2) if Mr. Zloza continues to assert federal question jurisdiction, the constitutional or statutory provision under which his claim arises; (3) the name of the Defendant or Defendants who violated that provision; (4) exactly what that Defendant did or failed to do and when that conduct occurred; (5) how the Defendant's action or actions are connected to the violation of Mr. Zloza's rights; and (6) the specific injury Mr. Zloza suffered as result of that Defendant's conduct and when he suffered it. (*See* 7/2/23 Order at 4.)

Failure to timely file a response to this order that addresses the foregoing questions will result in the denial of the motion to reopen. The Clerk is DIRECTED to re-note Mr. Zloza's motion to reopen for October 17, 2024.

Dated this 23rd day of September, 2024.

JAMÉS L. ROBART
United States District II

United States District Judge

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