Miller v. Pollard Doc. 19

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

MICHAEL MARIO MILLER,
Petitioner,

٧.

Case No. 12-C-0945

WILLIAM POLLARD, Warden, Waupun Correctional Institution, Respondent.

## ORDER

On November 19, 2012, in response to respondent's motion to dismiss the petition on the ground that it contained both exhausted and unexhausted claims, petitioner filed a motion for stay and abeyance pursuant to Rhines v. Weber, 544 U.S. 269 (2005). On January 18, 2013, I issued an order denying that motion on the ground that there was no need for stay-and-abeyance because petitioner agreed to abandon the unexhausted claim and the respondent conceded that the petitioner had exhausted his two remaining claims. However, petitioner has asked me to reconsider this decision. He states that at the time he filed his stay-and-abeyance motion, he was unable to utilize the assistance of an inmate that had been helping him prepare his filings in this case and therefore was unable to adequately explain his need for stay and abeyance.

In his motion for reconsideration, petitioner makes clear that he has two claims pending in state court that have not been fully exhausted, and that those claims are different than the two claims he has included in his petition. Thus, although his petition currently contains only exhausted claims, he wishes to finish exhausting the two additional claims in state court and then add them to the petition. However, should I enter a decision

on the merits of the current petition before petitioner exhausts his two additional claims,

petitioner would likely be barred from obtaining federal review of those claims under the

principles relating to second or successive habeas petitions. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b).

Moreover, if I dismiss the current petition without prejudice, there is a danger that when

petitioner attempts to file a new petition after exhausting his additional claims in state court,

his original claims will be barred by the one-year statute of limitations in 28 U.S.C.

§ 2244(d). For this reason, petitioner prefers the stay-and-abeyance procedure, which

would avoid any problems with either the second-or-successive doctrine or the statute of

limitations.

The respondent has not indicated that he opposes the petitioner's renewed request

for stay and abeyance. Given this, and given that it appears that petitioner has good

reasons for requesting stay and abeyance, his motion for reconsideration will be granted.

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that petitioner's motion for reconsideration is

GRANTED. This case shall be stayed until the proceedings in state court relating to

petitioner's two additional claims have concluded.

Dated at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this 11th day of April, 2013.

s/ Lynn Adelman

LYNN ADELMAN

District Judge

2