


**EXHIBIT 2**

## Terminology Used By The Parties to Refer to AutoLink

Terms	Generally Mean(s)
<b>AutoLink server</b>	A program that runs on a computer at Google that processes requests from the AutoLink client. <sup>1</sup>
<b>AutoLink client</b>	A feature in the Google Toolbar. The Toolbar can be installed in a web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer or Mozilla Firefox) on a user's computer. <sup>2</sup>
<b>AutoLink button</b>	A button on the Google Toolbar that pertains to the AutoLink feature (shown inside the red box). <sup>3</sup> 
<b>first URL, redirect request URL</b>	The URL created by the AutoLink client after a browser user has pressed the AutoLink button. <sup>4</sup>  The general format of the URL is:  <code>http://www.google.com/tbproxy/[command + attributes]</code> <sup>5</sup>  An example is:  <code>http://www.google.com/tbproxy/redir?hl=en&amp;lt=isbn&amp;q=0471118494&amp;lpi=0</code> <sup>6</sup>
<b>Hyperlink with the first URL created by the AutoLink client</b>	A hyperlink with the first URL that is shown in a web browser (with the AutoLink client installed) with blue highlighted and underlined text (see below "0471118494"). <sup>7</sup> A browser user must click this hyperlink to send the first URL to the AutoLink server. <sup>8</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Google's Reply to Its PFOF (filed concurrently herewith) No. 58 (undisputed).

<sup>2</sup> Google's Reply to Its PFOF No. 50.

<sup>3</sup> Djabarov Decl. (Dkt. No. 33) at ¶ 2.

<sup>4</sup> Google's Reply to Its PFOF No. 54.

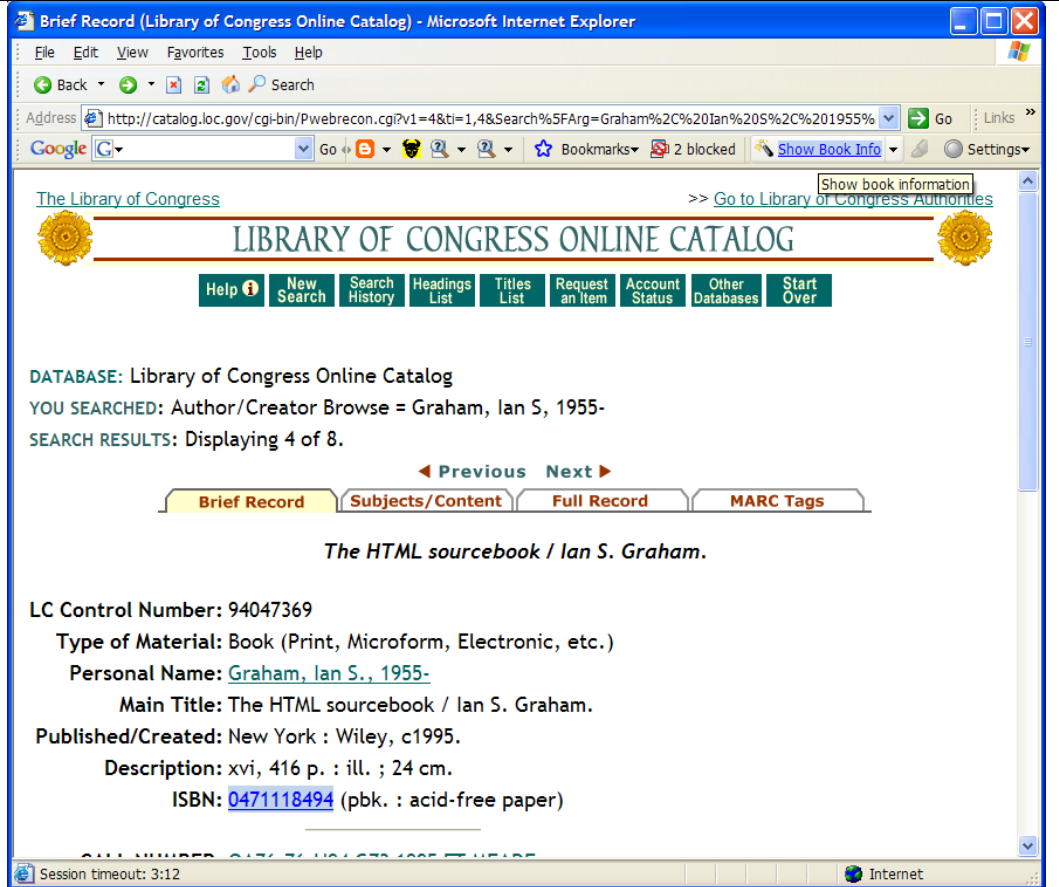
<sup>5</sup> Djabarov Decl. (Dkt. No. 33) at ¶ 4(a).

<sup>6</sup> Djabarov Decl. (Dkt. No. 33) at ¶¶ 10, 12(a), and 14(e).

<sup>7</sup> Djabarov Decl. (Dkt. No. 33) at ¶ 8.

<sup>8</sup> Google's Reply to Its PFOF No. 57 (undisputed).

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<p><b>second URL,</b> redirect request URL</p>	<p>The URL created by the AutoLink server after the browser user has selected a hyperlink with the first URL (or redirect request URL). There are over 20 different formats for the second URL.<sup>9</sup></p> <p>An example is:</p> <p><a href="http://www.amazon.com/exec/obidos/ASIN/0471118494">http://www.amazon.com/exec/obidos/ASIN/0471118494</a><sup>10</sup></p>
<p><b>DOM</b></p>	<p>Document Object Model, which is a standard for specifying how a document can be logically structured.<sup>11</sup></p>
<p><b>DOM API</b></p>	<p>Document Object Model Application Programmer Interface, which is a computer program that comes with the browser. The AutoLink client can use the DOM API to manipulate the DOM file.<sup>12</sup></p>

<sup>9</sup> Google’s Reply to Its PFOF No. 58 (undisputed).

<sup>10</sup> Djabarov Decl. (Dkt. No. 33) at ¶¶ 12(b) and 14(f).

<sup>11</sup> Dkt. No. 129-14, (Niro Decl. Exh. M, Definition of DOM); Dkt. No. 127 (HyperPhrase NonInf. Opp’n Br.) at 29.

<sup>12</sup> Google’s Reply to Its PFOF, No. 55.

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<b>DOM file,</b> DOM document, DOM representation of the web page	A file, created by the browser from a web page, that is operated on by the AutoLink client through the DOM API. The DOM file is presented as a logical structure rather than as a collection of tagged words, for example as a treelike hierarchy of nodes in which the document is an object containing other objects. <sup>13</sup>
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<sup>13</sup> Niro Decl. Exh. M (Dkt. No. 129-14), Definition of DOM; HyperPhrase Noninf. Opp. (Dkt. No. 127) at 29.