IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL FIRST DISTRICT, STATE OF FLORIDA

NOT FINAL UNTIL TIME EXPIRES TO FILE MOTION FOR REHEARING AND DISPOSITION THEREOF IF FILED

D.S., the child,

Appellant,

CASE NO. 1D07-0148

v.

STATE OF FLORIDA,

Appellee.

_____/

Opinion filed August 21, 2007.

An appeal from the Circuit Court for Gadsden County. Angela C. Dempsey, Judge.

Nancy A. Daniels, Public Defender, and M. J. Lord, Assistant Public Defender, Tallahassee, for Appellant.

Bill McCollum, Attorney General, and Carolyn J. Mosley, Assistant Attorney General, Tallahassee, for Appellee.

PER CURIAM.

AFFIRMED.

BARFIELD and ROBERTS, JJ., CONCUR; BROWNING, C.J., CONCURS BY SEPARATE OPINION.

BROWNING, C.J., concurring opinion.

I concur in the result, as it is based on binding precedent. However, I think the precedent that sanctions a minor's waiver of his or her Miranda rights without the consent of the minor's parents, legal guardian, or attorney is simply bad law and should be changed. It is a paradox to me that minors, who are unable to legally contract in the State of Florida, except in very limited situations, are authorized to waive their Miranda rights. I think the law should be changed to provide that a minor may not waive Miranda rights unless the minor's attorney, a parent, or a legal guardian consents to the waiver. The law should not sanction a situation, such as here, where a minor is questioned in the presence of his parent and denies committing the crime he was convicted of, but is later removed from the public school system, without either of his parents' knowledge, and is taken to the police station, where he purportedly waives his Miranda rights under questioning without the minor's parent's, attorney's, or legal guardian's consent and confesses to the crime. The law should not sanction such a waiver, for all of the reasons society limits a minor's right to contract, drive, drink, serve in the military, etc. Accordingly, I concur with the majority opinion as a distasteful duty.