IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

NO. 2007-CA-02106-COA

STONE COUNTY PUBLISHING, INC. D/B/A
THE TIMES OF STONE COUNTY AND SOUTH
MISSISSIPPI

APPELLANT

v.

BILL PROUT, DARRELL BERRY, DONNA ROUSE, MIKE CAIN AND THOMAS E. HALL

APPELLEES

DATE OF JUDGMENT: 06/20/2007

TRIAL JUDGE: HON. LISA P. DODSON

COURT FROM WHICH APPEALED: STONE COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT: DARREN E. GRAY ATTORNEY FOR APPELLEES: REBECCA C. TAYLOR

NATURE OF THE CASE: CIVIL - OTHER

TRIAL COURT DISPOSITION: UPHELD DECISION OF THE BOARD OF

ALDERMAN NOT TO ACCEPT BID TO

PUBLISH LEGAL NOTICES

DISPOSITION: AFFIRMED-06/23/2009

MOTION FOR REHEARING FILED:

MANDATE ISSUED:

BEFORE MYERS, P.J., GRIFFIS AND ISHEE, JJ.

ISHEE, J., FOR THE COURT:

This matter comes before us on appeal from a decision originally made by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wiggins ("Board"). Stone County Publishing, Inc. d/b/a *The Times of Stone County and South Mississippi* ("*Times*") requested that the City of Wiggins solicit bids from qualified newspapers for the purpose of publishing the city's legal notices. The two newspapers that are published in Stone County, the *Times* and the *Stone County Enterprise* ("*Enterprise*"), each submitted their bids; however, the bid provided by the *Times*

did not include circulation figures as requested, and the price quoted by the *Times* was higher than that which was quoted by the *Enterprise*. As a result, the Board awarded the contract to the *Enterprise*. The *Times* appealed to the Stone County Circuit Court, which upheld the Board's decision. Aggrieved, the *Times* appealed, asserting that the Board's failure to consider the *Times*'s bid was not in compliance with Mississippi statutory and case law. Finding no error, we affirm.

FACTS

- ¶2. There are two newspapers published in Stone County, Mississippi: the *Enterprise* and the *Times*. The *Enterprise* has been around for a number of years, and the *Times* is a newer publication. The *Times* had been in existence for nearly two years when, on September 19, 2006, Tim Cain ("Cain") approached the Board on behalf of the *Times* asking that they invite competitive bids from local newspapers for the privilege of publishing legal notices pursuant to Mississippi Code Annotated section 21-39-3 (Rev. 2007).
- ¶3. The following timetable of events was derived from the minutes from the Board's meeting. On October 3, 2006, Cain appeared again before the Board and asked that they advertise with the *Times*. Before agreeing to do so, the Board asked Cain to provide circulation figures, which he agreed to do, and the matter was to be put on hold until the Board received the requested information. Two weeks later, the Mayor of Wiggins informed the Board that the *Times* was not going to present its circulation numbers in written form. This prompted the Board's attorney to seek an Attorney General's Opinion for guidance on the issue of whether "a newspaper seeking to be considered a 'newspaper qualified to publish legal notices' pursuant to Miss. Code Ann. [s]ection 21-39-3 in a municipality must furnish

the municipality information concerning its general circulation and/or bona fide paying subscribers pursuant to Miss. Code Ann.[section] 13-3-31(1)(a) and (b)[.]" In an opinion dated October 27, 2006, the Attorney General replied that municipal authorities could require newspapers to provide evidence of compliance with the statute. On November 7, 2006, the *Times*'s attorney and Cain asked the Board for the *Times* to be deemed qualified to publish legal notices. The attorney and Cain were asked by motion to provide "sworn evidence of the circulation of *The Times* pursuant to the statutory requirement that a newspaper qualified to publish legal notices maintains a numerically substantial, geographically widespread, demographically diversified circulation to bona fide paying subscribers."

¶4. The *Times* and the *Enterprise* were both given notice on November 15, 2006, that the Board would be receiving bids on December 5, 2006, for its publication of legal notices. This included notice that the Board had the right to reject any bid from a newspaper that was unqualified to publish legal notices pursuant to the statute. The only bids received were those from the *Times* and the *Enterprise*, and the Board found that: (1) the *Enterprise* submitted the lower bid, and (2) the *Enterprise* provided its circulation figures, but the *Times* did not. Accordingly, the Board passed the following motion, which the *Times* would like to have set aside:

Bill Prout made a motion [that] the *Stone County Enterprise* publish the proceedings, ordinances, resolutions and other notices required to be published for the City of Wiggins and that since *The Times of Stone County and South Mississippi* has not provided any circulation information whatsoever to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for consideration, its bid not be considered since no determination can be made as to whether or not the newspaper complies with [s]ection 13-3-31 or whether it is qualified to publish legal notices of the City of Wiggins.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

¶5. Mississippi Code Annotated section 11-51-75 (Rev. 2002) grants an aggrieved party the right to appeal a decision of a municipality to the circuit court; however, judicial review is limited. *Gannett River States Publ'g Corp. v. Jackson Advocate*, 856 So. 2d 247, 249 (¶10) (Miss. 2003). A decision or order of a municipality will be upheld unless the order was not supported by substantial evidence, was arbitrary or capricious, was beyond the municipality's scope or power, or was in violation of the aggrieved party's constitutional or statutory rights. *Id.* at (¶8). "Likewise, so long as the governing body's decision is 'fairly debatable,' [appellate courts] are without authority to supplant the municipality's legislative action." *Id.*

DISCUSSION

- ¶6. The *Times* alleges that the Board's decision not to consider its bid was "arbitrary, capricious, not based on substantial evidence and violated [its] statutory rights." It contends that the Board failed to consider the *Times* as required by Mississippi Code Annotated section 13-3-31 (Supp. 2008) and that no evidence was presented indicating that the *Times* was not qualified to publish legal notices. Mississippi Code Annotated section 13-3-31 reads in pertinent part:
 - (1) Whenever it is required by law that any summons, order, citation, advertisement or other legal notice shall be published in a newspaper in this state, it shall mean, in addition to any other requirements imposed by law, publication in some newspaper which:
 - (a) Maintains a general circulation predominantly to bona fide paying subscribers within the political subdivision within which publication of such legal notice is required.

 The term "general circulation" means numerically

substantial, geographically widespread, demographically diversified circulation to bona fide paying subscribers. .

. .

- ¶7. The circuit court found that while the Board would be unable to determine that a newspaper is unqualified based solely on circulation figures, nothing prohibits the Board from obtaining and using those figures as a factor in determining whether or not a newspaper is qualified. If the figures are sufficiently high or low in a particular geographic area, it may be possible to decide whether or not a newspaper is in general circulation. Therefore, a request for circulation figures is not arbitrary or capricious.
- ¶8. The Board, however, never concluded that the *Times* was unqualified. To the contrary, the Board expressly stated in its motion that no determination could be made whether the *Times* was qualified or in compliance with section 13-3-31 since it did not receive any circulation information. The circuit court held that the determining issue in this case, however, was not that of circulation figures, but it was instead the lower bid submitted by the *Enterprise*. We agree.
- ¶9. Mississippi Code Annotated section 21-39-3 states, in part, that:

In municipalities in which there is more than one newspaper qualified to publish legal notices, the governing authorities of such municipality shall enter into a contract for the publication of its proceedings, ordinances, resolutions, and other notices required to be published only after inviting competitive bids from such newspapers. Such contracts *shall be let to the lowest bidder* among them for a period of not more than twelve months from the date of such contract.

(Emphasis added). The statute specifically uses the word "shall," and "[w]hen used in a statute, the word 'shall' is mandatory . . . [and] eliminat[es] any possible interjections of judicial discretion." *D.D.B. v. Jackson County Youth Court*, 816 So. 2d 380, 383 (¶7) (Miss.

2002). The Board invited and accepted bids from both the *Times* and the *Enterprise* as required, and both parties agree that the *Enterprise* submitted the lower bid. Pursuant to the language of the statute, the Board was required to award the contract to publish legal notices to the lowest bidder. Therefore, we find that the Board acted in accordance with the statute, and we affirm the judgment of the Board and the circuit court affirming the Board's decision to award the contract to the *Enterprise* to publish legal notices. This issue is without merit.

¶10. THE JUDGMENT OF THE STONE COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT IS AFFIRMED. ALL COSTS OF THIS APPEAL ARE ASSESSED TO THE APPELLANT.

KING, C.J., LEE AND MYERS, P.JJ., IRVING, GRIFFIS, BARNES, ROBERTS, CARLTON AND MAXWELL, JJ., CONCUR.