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1 **IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO**

2 **STATE OF NEW MEXICO,**

3 Plaintiff-Appellee,

4 v.

NO. 33,286

5 **BEVERLY BACA,**

6 Defendant-Appellant.

7 **APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF BERNALILLO COUNTY**

8 **Christina P. Argyres, District Judge**

9 Gary K. King, Attorney General

10 Albuquerque, NM

11 for Appellee

12 Jorge A. Alvarado, Chief Public Defender

13 Sergio J. Viscoli, Assistant Appellate Defender

14 Albuquerque, NM

15 for Appellant

16 **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

17 **KENNEDY, Chief Judge.**

1 {1} Beverly Baca (Defendant) appeals from the district court's affirmance of her
2 convictions for careless driving and DWI (first offense) based on impairment to the
3 slightest degree due to the ingestion of drugs. Our notice proposed to affirm, and
4 Defendant filed a timely memorandum in opposition. We remain unpersuaded by
5 Defendant's arguments and therefore affirm.

6 {2} Defendant continues to argue that the evidence was insufficient to support her
7 DWI conviction (first offense). [DS 30; MIO 23] *See State v. Sutphin*, 1988-NMSC-
8 031, ¶ 21, 107 N.M. 126, 753 P.2d 1314 (setting forth the standard of review).
9 Defendant's conviction for DWI requires findings that she was driving a motor
10 vehicle and, at the time, was under the influence of drugs to such a degree that she was
11 incapable of safely driving a vehicle. *See* NMSA 1978, § 66-8-102(B) (2010).

12 {3} Regarding evidence that Defendant was under the influence of drugs, she
13 admitted to officers that she was taking prescription medication and illegal drugs and
14 was self-medicating by taking two Valium instead of her regular dose of one. [RP
15 106, 100, 101-02] Defendant also admitted that her drugs were causing her balance
16 issues and caused her to walk into walls at home. [RP 106, 107] An SLD analyst
17 testified that diazepam (Valium), nordiazepam (a metabolite of diazepam), and
18 ecogonine methyl ester (a metabolite of cocaine) were found in Defendant's blood
19 sample. [RP 106] We consider also Officer MacFarlane's testimony that he thought

1 Defendant was under the influence of drugs based on his observations during the
2 traffic accident investigation and the field sobriety tests. [RP 106] In addition,
3 Sergeant White testified that Defendant was under the influence of a central nervous
4 stimulant and a narcotic analgesic based on the results of the clinical evaluation during
5 the DRE, in which Defendant's blood pressure, body temperature, and pulse were
6 outside the normal range. [RP 106, 102-03; DS 18-19] While Defendant was
7 cooperative during the DRE, she had a hard time sitting still, her legs were bouncing,
8 her speech was slurred, and her eyes were very watery. [RP 102; DS 20]

9 {4} Regarding evidence that Defendant was incapable of safely driving at the time
10 of the accident, Officer McFarlane testified that Defendant rear-ended a pickup truck,
11 and Defendant admitted that she was not paying attention while driving. [RP 106, 99]
12 Officer McFarlane further testified that Defendant had delayed responses, slurred
13 speech, and a difficult time following instructions during the field sobriety tests. [RP
14 106, 99-100; DS 1-2] Officer McFarlane testified that, during the field sobriety tests,
15 Defendant had to lean on her vehicle and performed the field sobriety tests badly,
16 exhibiting problems with coordination and balance. [RP 106, 100; DS 2-4] Similarly,
17 Sergeant White testified that, during her DRE evaluation, Defendant performed the
18 psycho-physical tests badly, again demonstrating problems with coordination,
19 balance, and her ability to follow instructions. [RP 106, 101; DS 16-17] Based on the
20 clinical evaluations, his observations, and Defendant's admissions, Sergeant White

1 testified that Defendant was not able to operate a motor vehicle safely due to her
2 consumption of drugs. [RP 102-03; DS 20-21]

3 {5} Based on the foregoing, we conclude that substantial evidence supports the
4 district court's finding that Defendant was under the influence of drugs to such a
5 degree that she was incapable of safely driving a vehicle. *See State v. Sparks*, 1985-
6 NMCA-004, ¶ 6, 102 N.M. 317, 694 P.2d 1382 (defining substantial evidence as that
7 evidence which a reasonable person would consider adequate to support a defendant's
8 conviction). In so concluding, we acknowledge that Sergeant White's conclusion that
9 Defendant was under the influence of a central nervous system stimulant and a
10 narcotic analgesic was contradicted by the testimony about the blood test results from
11 the SLD analyst and Dr. Reyes. [RP 107; DS 24-26; MIO 25-26] As pointed out by
12 the district court, however, the test results clearly demonstrated Valium was present
13 in Defendant's system and Dr. Reyes acknowledged that every person reacts to the
14 drug differently and was unable to say that the amount consumed by Defendant could
15 not impair her ability to drive. [RP 107] As noted above, Defendant admitted to
16 taking an extra dose of Valium and admitted that her medication was causing her to
17 have balance problems. [RP 107] We acknowledge that there were conflicts in the
18 evidence regarding whether Defendant was under the influence of drugs—namely,
19 whether the “lower range of the therapeutic level” of Valium ingested by Defendant
20 would cause her to have impaired driving [MIO 28] and whether other medical

1 conditions, such as Graves disease and bipolar illness, caused her slurred speech and
2 balance problems. [DS 21; MIO 25, 28] We acknowledge also Defendant's version
3 of the incident that the accident was caused by her reaching for something on her
4 vehicle's floorboard, rather than by her incapacitation caused by drugs. [MIO 25] In
5 our view, however, these were matters for the fact-finder to assess. *See generally*
6 *State v. Salas*, 1999-NMCA-099, ¶ 13, 127 N.M. 686, 986 P.2d 482 (recognizing that
7 it is for the fact-finder to resolve any conflict in the testimony of the witnesses and to
8 determine where the weight and credibility lay).

9 {6} Based on the reasoning set forth in our notice and above, we affirm Defendant's
10 convictions for careless driving and DWI (first offense).

11 {7} **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

12
13

RODERICK T. KENNEDY, Chief Judge

14 **WE CONCUR:**

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16

JONATHAN B. SUTIN, Judge

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18

MICHAEL E. VIGIL, Judge