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IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

2 GATEWAY MORTGAGE GROUP LLC,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

4 v.

1

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NO. 34,249

5 MARCIA LISA BAGLEY, and 6 RICHARD PAUL BAGLEY,

Defendants-Appellants,

8 and

7

9 SUNDANCE ESTATES COMMUNITY10 ASSOCIATION, INC.,

11 Defendant.

12 APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF BERNALILLO COUNTY 13 Ned Fuller, District Judge

14 Little Bradley & Nesbit, PA

15 Rachel M. Chiado

16 Albuquerque, NM

17 for Appellee

18 Joshua R. Simms, PC

19 Joshua R. Simms

20 Albuquerque, NM

1 for Appellants

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MEMORANDUM OPINION

3 GARCIA, Judge.

4 {1} Homeowners Marcia and Richard Bagley appeal from the district court's order
5 denying their motion to set aside a default judgment and vacate sale. [RP 110] We
6 issued a notice of proposed disposition proposing to affirm, and Homeowners have
7 responded with a memorandum in opposition. We have carefully considered the
8 arguments raised in that memorandum; however, for the reasons stated in the notice
9 of proposed disposition and below, we continue to believe that summary affirmance
10 is appropriate in this case. We therefore affirm the district court's decision.

11 [2] In our notice, we proposed to hold that Gateway Mortgage Group, LLC
12 (Plaintiff) established its standing as a holder in due course of the note on the basis
13 that it is the original lender and had possession of the original note at the time of the
14 filing of the complaint. [RP 6-9] As an alternative basis, we further proposed to
15 conclude that because the allegations in the complaint were deemed admitted by
16 Homeowners when they failed to contest the foreclosure, *see Passino v. Cascade Steel*17 *Fabricators, Inc.*, 1986-NMCA-078, ¶ 8, 105 N.M. 457, 734 P.2d 235, *overruled on*18 *other grounds by Burge v. Mid-Continent Cas. Co.*, 1997-NMSC-009, ¶¶ 23-24, 123

N.M. 1, 933 P.2d 210; Gallegos v. Franklin, 1976-NMCA-019, ¶ 36, 89 N.M. 118, 1 547 P.2d 1160, and those allegations established that Plaintiff was the holder of the 2 3 note, Plaintiff had satisfied its burden under Bank of New York v. Romero, 2014-NMSC-007, 320 P.3d 1 and Deutsche Bank Nat'l Trust Co. v. Beneficial New Mexico 4 Inc., 2014-NMCA-090, 335 P.3d 217, cert. granted 2014-NMCERT-008 (No. 34,726, 5 Aug. 29, 2014). Further, we proposed to reject Homeowners' challenge to Plaintiff's 6 standing based on the validity of a mortgage assignment by Mortgage Electronic 7 Registration Systems, Inc. (MERS), because the right to enforce a mortgage can 8 9 follow the right to enforce the note and MERS' role as nominee for a lender, including the lenders successor and assigns, has been recognized as an authorized role in the 10 assignment of a mortgage. Flagstar Bank, FSB v. Licha, 2015-NMCA-___, ¶ 17, (No. 11 12 33,150 June 4, 2015) We do not reiterate our analysis here; instead, we focus on Homeowner's arguments in his memorandum in opposition. 13

14 {3} In response to our notice, Homeowners ask this Court to treat the issue of
15 standing in this case in the same manner that our Supreme Court treated comparative
16 negligence in *Burge*. [MIO 2-3] In that case, the Court held that "a defaulting party
17 admits only to the liability aspect of the complaint, thus reserving for the damages
18 hearing a determination of damages in accordance with the application of comparative
19 negligence and apportionment of damages" under New Mexico precedent. *Burge*,

1 1997-NMSC-009, ¶22. In other words, when a party defaults in a negligence case, the
2 tortfeasor is still entitled to show the extent to which its damages should be reduced
3 based on the other party's comparative fault. *See id.* ¶¶ 24-25. In essence,
4 Homeowners ask this Court to set aside the general rule that "once default judgment
5 has been entered, liability is not an issue, and the allegations of the complaint become
6 findings of fact[,]" *id.* ¶ 23 (internal quotation marks and citation omitted), in
7 foreclosure cases where a defendant has defaulted and standing is at issue.

8 We decline to address Homeowners' argument with respect to Burge, because **{4**} even if we adopted Homeowners' approach, Homeowners would not prevail in this 9 appeal. As we noted above, there were two alternative bases for affirmance, and 10 Homeowners' argument addresses only one of them. Homeowners have failed to 11 address our proposed conclusion that Plaintiff established its standing as a holder in 12 due course of the note on the basis that it is the original lender and had possession of 13 14 the original note at the time of the filing of the complaint. See Hennessy v. Duryea, 15 1998-NMCA-036, 924, 124 N.M. 754, 955 P.2d 683 ("Our courts have repeatedly held that, in summary calendar cases, the burden is on the party opposing the proposed 16 disposition to clearly point out errors in fact or law."). We continue to believe that, 17 18 even setting aside the default, Plaintiff has established standing to enforce the note in 19 this case.

Further, with respect to Homeowners' argument relative to the mortgage 1 **{5}** assignment, we are unpersuaded by Homeowners' memorandum in opposition and 2 continue to believe that Homeowners' challenge to Plaintiff's standing based on the 3 4 validity of a mortgage assignment by MERS is without merit. See Simson v. 5 *Bilderbeck, Inc.*, 1966-NMSC-170, ¶ 13-14, 76 N.M. 667, 417 P.2d 803 (recognizing that "[i]t has frequently been held that a mortgage is but an incident to the debt, the 6 payment of which it secures, and its ownership follows the assignment of the debt" 7 8 and concluding that the plaintiff, "[h]aving a right . . . to enforce the note, . . . could foreclose the mortgage" (internal quotation marks and citation omitted)); *Flagstar*, 9 __-NMCA-___,¶17. 10

11 {6} Accordingly, based on the foregoing discussion and our notice of proposed12 disposition, we affirm the district court's decision in this case.

13 {7} IT IS SO ORDERED.
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16 WE CONCUR:

TIMOTHY L. GARCIA, Judge

18 JAMES J. WECHSLER, Judge

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20 LINDA M. VANZI, Judge