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1	IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO
2	LORRAINE POLLACK,
3	Petitioner-Appellee,
4	v. NO. 34,453
5	GABRIEL POLLACK,
6	Respondent-Appellant.
	APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF BERNALILLO COUNTY Debra Ramirez, District Judge
	Lorraine Pollack Albuquerque, NM
11	Pro Se Appellee
	Gabriel Pollack Albuquerque, NM
14	Pro Se Appellant
15	MEMORANDUM OPINION
16	GARCIA, Judge.
17	Appellant-Respondent Gabriel Pollack (Husband), in a self-represented
18	capacity, appeals from the district court's rulings relating to the division of the

community property and debt upon his divorce from Appellee-Petitioner Lorraine Pollack (Wife). [RP 213, 233, 235] Our notice proposed to affirm, and Husband filed a timely memorandum in opposition. We remain unpersuaded by Husband's arguments and therefore affirm.

- **{2**} In issue (a), Husband makes a number of arguments in support of his central contention that the district court's division of property was not equitable. [DS 3] Our notice perceived no basis upon which to conclude that the district court abused its discretion in the allocation of property, and provided detailed reasons in support of our view. See generally Olivas v. Olivas, 1989-NMCA-064, ¶ 20, 108 N.M. 814, 780 10 P.2d 640 (upholding a property valuation for purposes of making an equal division of property because it was supported by substantial evidence). Husband has not pointed 12 out any additional facts or law to dispute the reasons set forth in our notice. See 13 Hennessy v. Duryea, 1998-NMCA-036, ¶ 24, 124 N.M. 754, 955 P.2d 683 ("Our 14 courts have repeatedly held that, in summary calendar cases, the burden is on the party 15 opposing the proposed disposition to clearly point out errors in fact or law.").
- 16 For the reasons detailed in our notice, we affirm this issue.

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17 In issue (b), Husband argues specifically that the district court did not properly **{3}** 18 value the sports memorabilia. [DS 3; MIO 2; RP 219] In his memorandum in 19 opposition, Husband expresses his view that the "court overlooked the substantial

1	value associated with these assets" and argues that Wife should be required to return
2	them to Husband. [MIO 2] We acknowledge Husband's particular frustration as
3	extended to the sports memorabilia, but emphasize that matters relating to the division
4	of property and its appropriate valuation was for the district court, as factfinder, to
5	resolve. As we provided in our notice, we defer to the factfinder for the valuation of
6	property and division of assets, and hold that there is no basis upon which to conclude
7	that the district court abused its discretion. See generally Fitzgerald v. Fitzgerald,
8	1962-NMSC-028, ¶ 5, 70 N.M. 11, 369 P.2d 398 (providing that findings of value in
9	the division of community property in a divorce action go to weight to be given to the
10	testimony and is to be determined by the trier of the facts, not by an appellate court);
11	Buckingham v. Ryan, 1998-NMCA-012, ¶ 10, 124 N.M. 498, 953 P.2d 33 ("[W]hen
12	there is a conflict in the testimony, we defer to the trier of fact.").
13	For the reasons set forth above and in our notice, we affirm.
14	{5} IT IS SO ORDERED.
15 16	TIMOTHY I CARCIA Judgo
17	TIMOTHY L. GARCIA, Judge WE CONCUR:
1 /	WE CONCUR:
18	IAMES I WECHSIED Judgo
17	JAMES J. WECHSLER, Judge

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1 2	LINDA M. VANZI, Judge	