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IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO

2 STATE OF NEW MEXICO,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

4 v.

3

NO. 34,517

5 KEVEN VALLE a/k/a 6 KEVIN VALLE,

7 Defendant-Appellant.

8 APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF BERNALILLO COUNTY 9 Christina P. Argyers, District Judge

10 Hector H. Balderas, Attorney General

11 Santa Fe, NM

12 for Appellee

13 Jorge A. Alvarado, Chief Public Defender

14 Santa Fe, NM

15 Josephine H. Ford, Assistant Appellate Defender

16 Albuquerque, NM

17 for Appellant

18

MEMORANDUM OPINION

19 GARCIA, Judge.

I an on Defendant appeals from the district court's memorandum opinion in an on record appeal of the metropolitan court proceedings, where Defendant was convicted
 for aggravated DWI and a stop sign violation. Unpersuaded that Defendant
 demonstrated error, we issued a notice of proposed summary disposition, proposing
 to affirm. Defendant has responded to our notice with a memorandum in opposition.
 We have considered Defendant's response and remain unpersuaded that Defendant
 has established error. We, therefore, affirm.

8 On appeal, Defendant pursues two issues: (1) the metropolitan court abused its **{2**} discretion by denying Defendant a continuance, thereby excluding the defense witness 9 who did not appear for trial; [DS 22; MIO 4-7] and (2) insufficient evidence was 10 presented to support his conviction for aggravated DWI. [DS 23; MIO 7-8] Our notice 11 proposed to hold that the district court's analysis was thorough and well-reasoned, and 12 we proposed to adopt it in its entirety. We informed Defendant that if he wishes to 13 pursue his appeal to achieve an alternative resolution, then he must persuade us that 14 the district court's analysis was incorrect. We address only those arguments Defendant 15 16 has pursued in response to our notice, and take this opportunity to express our 17 appreciation for the conciseness and responsiveness of his memorandum in 18 opposition.

19 **Denial Of A Continuance**

Defendant contends that the district court's analysis is incorrect in three 1 **{3}** respects: (1) Defendant had a legitimate motive for a continuance to secure the 2 missing witness; [MIO 4-5] (2) the witness would have corroborated the defense 3 theory that Defendant's mistakes on the field sobriety tests were not the result of his 4 5 [impairment by alcohol; [MIO 5] and (3) the denial of a continuance to secure the witness was an extreme sanction that deprived Defendant of a defense. [MIO 5-7] We 6 are not persuaded that, on balance, the metropolitan court abused its discretion by 7 denying the third continuance. 8

9 Although the objectives of securing the witness for his interview and his trial **{4**} testimony may have been legitimate, the metropolitan court was not persuaded that the 10 defense had acted with diligence to achieve those objectives, having previously 11 granted extensions for sixty days to no avail; and the metropolitan court was not 12 persuaded Defendant demonstrated that he would accomplish those objectives with 13 14 another continuance. [RP 125, 131] See State v. Torres, 1999-NMSC-010, ¶ 10, 127 N.M. 20, 976 P.2d 20 (stating that "[t]here are a number of factors that trial courts 15 16 should consider in evaluating a motion for continuance, including the length of the 17 requested delay, the likelihood that a delay would accomplish the movant's objectives, 18 the existence of previous continuances in the same matter, the degree of 19 inconvenience to the parties and the court, the legitimacy of the motives in requesting the delay, the fault of the movant in causing a need for the delay, and the prejudice to
the movant in denying the motion"). Under the factual circumstances presented, we
see no error in these assessments.

4 Furthermore, we are not persuaded that Defendant made a showing that the **{5}** missing witness would have testified to such a crucial matter that his absence denied 5 Defendant a defense. It appears the missing witness would have testified that 6 Defendant was not drinking in the four hours leading up to the traffic stop and that he 7 had consumed only two to three drinks four hours earlier. [RP 132; MIO 5] It appears, 8 9 however, that both Defendant and the officer testified that this was Defendant's claim. [RP 132] We are not persuaded that the witness was crucial to the defense theory that 10 the numerous indications that Defendant was driving under the unlawful influence of 11 12 alcohol were the result of confusion and nervousness. [RP 125-27; MIO 5] For these reasons and those stated in the district court's memorandum opinion, [RP 129-33] we 13 14 hold that Defendant has not demonstrated an abuse of discretion in the denial of the 15 continuance.

16 Sufficiency Of The Evidence

17 [6] Defendant's memorandum in opposition does not contend that the district
18 court's memorandum opinion inaccurately recounted the evidence presented.
19 Defendant also does not present this Court any new legal argument indicating that the

1	evidence was insufficient. We continue to be persuaded that the district court's
2	analysis of the evidence was correct and was sufficient to support a conviction. [RP
3	133-36]
4	For the reasons stated in this opinion and in our notice, we affirm Defendant's
5	metropolitan court conviction for aggravated DWI and a stop sign violation.
6	{8} IT IS SO ORDERED.
7	
8	TIMOTHY L. GARCIA, Judge
9	WE CONCUR:
10	
11	MICHAEL E. VIGIL, Chief Judge
12	
13	J. MILES HANISEE, Judge