

1 has filed a memorandum in opposition. After due consideration, we remain
2 unpersuaded. We therefore affirm.

3 {2} The pertinent background information was previously set forth in the notice of
4 proposed summary disposition. We will avoid undue repetition here, and focus instead
5 on the content of the memorandum in opposition.

6 {3} Defendant continues to argue that the district court abused its discretion by
7 revoking his probation and requiring him to serve the balance of his sentence. [DS 4;
8 MIO 3] However, in light of his violations, the district court acted well within its
9 discretion. *See* NMSA 1978, § 31-21-15(B) (1989); *State v. Leon*, 2013-NMCA-011,
10 ¶¶ 38-39, 292 P.3d 493 (holding that the probation officer’s testimony that the
11 defendant had violated the conditions of his probation by possessing alcohol was
12 sufficient to support the revocation of his probation). Although we understand
13 Defendant to suggest that lesser sanctions would have been appropriate, [MIO 1-3]
14 the district court could reasonably have differed in its assessment. In the final analysis,
15 the district court was under no obligation to continue Defendant’s probation. *See State*
16 *v. Mendoza* 1978-NMSC-048, ¶ 5, 91 N.M. 688, 579 P.2d 1255 (“Probation is not a
17 right but a privilege.”).

18 {4} Accordingly, for the reasons stated above and in the notice of proposed
19 summary disposition, we affirm.

1 {5} **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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M. MONICA ZAMORA, Judge

4 **WE CONCUR:**

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6 **MICHAEL E. VIGIL, Chief Judge**

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8 **JAMES J. WECHSLER, Judge**