XL [	Diamono	s LLC	CVR	losen
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2020 NY Slip Op 34050(U)

December 2, 2020

Supreme Court, New York County

Docket Number: 656102/2019

Judge: Andrew Borrok

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This opinion is uncorrected and not selected for official publication.

INDEX NO. 656102/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 12/01/2020

## SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK NEW YORK COUNTY

<i>Justice</i> X	•	
V		
	INDEX NO.	656102/2019
XL DIAMONDS LLC,	MOTION DATE	12/02/2020,
Plaintiff,	MOTION SEQ. N	<b>o</b> . 004 005
- V -		
CHARLES ROSEN, E.M.DIAM., INC.	DECISION + ORDER ON MOTION	
Defendant.		
X		
The following e-filed documents, listed by NYSCEF document is 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 66, 67, 68, 69, 74, 76	number (Motion 004	) 53, 54, 55, 56, 57,
were read on this motion to/for RENEW/RE	ARGUE/RESETTLE	RECONSIDER .
The following e-filed documents, listed by NYSCEF document r72, 73, 75, 77	number (Motion 005	) 63, 64, 65, 70, 71,
were read on this motion to/for REARC	GUMENT/RECONSI	DERATION .
Upon the foregoing documents, and for the reasons set fort	h below, (i) Charle	es Rosen's motion
(mtn. seq. no. 004) and (ii) E.M. Diam., Inc.'s (EM Diamo	onds) motion (mtn.	Seq. no. 005) for
leave to reargue their prior motions are denied. The court r	neither overlooked	or misapprehended
the relevant facts, nor misapplied a controlling principle of	law (William P. P	aul Equip. Corn. v
Kassis, 182 AD2d 22, 27 [1st Dept 1992]). The causes of	action for breach of	of the
confidentiality agreement and for misappropriation of trade	e secrets have diffe	rent elements and
the plaintiff failed to adequately allege damages stemming	from the alleged b	reach of the

## I. The Facts Relevant to the Motions

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agreement was dismissed without prejudice.

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confidentiality agreement, accordingly, the cause of action for breach of the confidentiality

[\* 2] NYSCEF DOC. NO. 79 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 12/01/2020

Familiarity with the facts and procedural history are presumed. Briefly, XL Diamonds LLC (XL

**Diamonds**) brought this action against Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds for breach of a non-

compete agreement, breach of a confidentiality agreement, tortious interference with the non-

compete and confidentiality agreements, and misappropriation of trade secrets. XL Diamonds

alleges that Mr. Rosen worked for EM Diamonds, took a job at XL Diamonds, a direct

competitor, and after only three and a half weeks, returned to work at EM Diamonds, taking XL

Diamonds' trade secrets with him. XL Diamonds alleges that Mr. Rosen conspired with EM

Diamonds for Mr. Rosen to work for XL Diamonds under false pretenses, and that he received

training from XL Diamonds' staff, had full access to its proprietary computer, sales, and pricing

systems, and obtained its vendor and customer lists, which they are now using to solicit XL

Diamonds' customers.

Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds moved to dismiss the complaint (Mtn Seq. No. 002 and 003) in its

entirety pursuant to CPLR § 3211(a)(1) and (7). By decision and order, dated July 13, 2020 (the

**Prior Decision**), the court granted EM Diamonds and Mr. Rosen's motions in part dismissing

the first (breach of non-compete agreement), second (breach of confidentiality agreement), and

third (tortious interference) causes of action, but denied the motions with respect to the fourth

cause of action (misappropriation of trade secrets).

**II. Discussion** 

To succeed on a motion for reargument, a party must demonstrate that the court either (1)

overlooked or misapprehended the relevant facts, or (2) misapplied a controlling principle of law

(William P. Paul Equip. Corn. v Kassis, 182 AD2d 22, 27 [1st Dept 1992]). Reargument is not

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intended "to afford the unsuccessful party successive opportunities to reargue issues previously

decided or to present arguments different from those originally asserted" (Haque v Daddazio, 84

AD3d 940, 242 [2d Dept 2011]; Foley v Roche, 68 AD2d 558 [1st Dept 1979]).

Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds argue that the Prior Decision is "internally inconsistent" because

the court dismissed the cause of action for breach of the confidentiality agreement but sustained

the cause of action for misappropriation of trade secrets. The argument fails.

As the court discussed in the Prior Decision, the cause of action for breach of the confidentiality

agreement has different elements than the cause of action for misappropriation of trade secrets.,

Damages are an essential element of a cause of action for breach of contract (Harris v Seward

Park Hous. Corp., 79 AD3d 425, 426 [1st Dept 2010] ["The elements of such a claim include the

existence of a contract, the plaintiff's performance thereunder, the defendant's breach thereof,

and resulting damages."]). The cause of action for breach of the confidentiality agreement failed

because the plaintiff failed to allege any damages flowing from the alleged breach and the

plaintiff's theory of damages, i.e., that "damages have occurred and irreparable harm is

transpiring," was too vague and speculative to support the claim (NYSCEF Doc. No. 61 at 6).

Accordingly, the cause of action for breach of the confidentiality agreement was dismissed

without prejudice to provide the plaintiff the opportunity to replead if the plaintiff could properly

allege damages.

Damages, however, are not an element of a cause of action for misappropriation of trade secrets

(E.J. Brooks Co. v Cambridge Sec. Seals, 31 NY3d 441, 452 [2018] ["A plaintiff claiming

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misappropriation of a trade secret must prove: (1) it possessed a trade secret, and (2) defendant is

using that trade secret in breach of an agreement, confidence, or duty, or as a result of discovery

by improper means"] [internal quotation marks and citation omitted]). In the Prior Decision, the

court held that XL Diamonds had sufficiently alleged that Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds were

using its trade secrets, including its proprietary customer lists, which were obtained through

improper means—namely, corporate espionage (NYSCEF Doc. No. 61 at 8). Accordingly, the

court did not dismiss the cause of action for misappropriation of trade secrets.

Stated differently, Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds fail to raise any facts that the court overlooked

or law that the court misapprehended. Accordingly, Mr. Rosen and EM Diamonds' motions for

**DENIED** 

reargument are denied.

12/02/2020

DATE

CHECK IF APPROPRIATE:

**CHECK ONE:** 

APPLICATION:

CASE DISPOSED

GRANTED

 $\vdash$ 

SETTLE ORDER

INCLUDES TRANSFER/REASSIGN

ANDREW BORROK, J.S.C.

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NON-FINAL DISPOSITION

GRANTED IN PART

SUBMIT ORDER

FIDUCIARY APPOINTMENT

OTHER

J

REFERENCE

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