## Lebowitz v Board of Educ. of the City of N.Y.

2022 NY Slip Op 33436(U)

October 6, 2022

Supreme Court, New York County

Docket Number: Index No. 154876/2022

Judge: Laurence L. Love

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This opinion is uncorrected and not selected for official publication.

HON. LAURENCE L. LOVE

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 48

PRESENT:

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## SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK NEW YORK COUNTY

**PART** 

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	X INDEX NO.	154876/2022						
ELIZABETH LEBOWITZ,	MOTION DATE	07/20/2022						
Petitioner,	MOTION SEQ. NO.	001						
- V -								
THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT 18 OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK UNITED FEDERATION OF TEACHERS		DECISION + ORDER ON MOTION						
Respondent.								
	X							
The following e-filed documents, listed by NYSCEF document number (Motion 001) 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46								
were read on this motion to/for	ARTICLE 78 (BODY OR OFF	FICER) .						
Upon the foregoing documents, and after oral argument	nt held on July 20, 2022, th	ne instant Petition						
and Respondent's cross-motion seeking dismissal of th	ne instant Petition are reso	lved as follows:						
Petitioner, Elizabeth Lebowitz ("Petitioner"	or "Lebowitz") comme	nced the instan						
Petition by filing same on June 9, 2022, seeking an Order pursuant to CPLR Article 78 annulling								
the Respondents determination denying Petitioner	a religious exemption	and reasonable						
accommodation to a required series of Covid-19 vacci	nations. Said Petition alleg	ges as follows:						
Petitioner, became a tenured teacher with the N	New York City Departmen	nt of Education in						
2000 ("DOE"). On or about August 24, 2021, Mayor I	DiBlasio and NYC DOHM	IH Commissioner						
David A. Chokshi announced a mandate requiring DOI	E employees to provide pro	oof of vaccination						
before entering DOE buildings. The United Federation of Teachers challenged said requiremen								

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resulting in an arbitration decision by Arbitrator Martin F. Scheinman setting forth, inter alia, a

procedure for evaluating religious and medical exemptions to the mandatory vaccination policy.

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In accordance with said policy, on or about September 20, 2021, Petitioner submitted a request for

religious accommodation and on September 22, 2021 same was denied by the DOE on the grounds

that "Per the Order of the Commissioner of Health, unvaccinated employees cannot work in a

Department of Education (DOE) building or other site with contact with DOE students, employees,

or families without posing a direct threat to health and safety. We cannot offer another worksite as

an accommodation as that would impose an undue hardship (i.e. more than a minimal burden) on

the DOE and its operations." Petitioner appealed said determination on September 23, 2021 and

received confirmation that the appeal was forwarded to Scheinman Arbitration and Mediation

Services ("SAMS"). On or about October 1, 2022, the parties attended an appeal hearing and

thereafter on October 6, 2022 petitioner submitted a letter from Rabbi Avraham R. C. Sofer

outlining her religious beliefs. On October 27, 2022, said appeal was denied. Thereafter, Petitioner

appealed to a Citywide Panel. On February 15, 2022, Petitioner received a final denial of her appeal

on the grounds that the "DOE has demonstrated that it would be an undue hardship to grant this

accommodation to appellant given the need for a safe environment for in-person learning." Said

denial resulted in the filing of the instant Petition.

At the outset, while the Court is not and will not be questioning the sincerity of Petitioner's

religious beliefs, Petitioner's accommodation letter, which Petitioner failed to annex to her

Petition, clearly indicates that she is an Orthodox Jew who lives in Hewlett within Nassau County

and the letter from Rabbi Sofer indicates that his synagogue is located at 1025 East 13th Street,

Brooklyn NY 11230. It is difficult to understand how Petitioner would be a member of a Brooklyn

based orthodox synagogue under those circumstances but as stated same is not relevant for this

discussion.

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The applicable standard in an Article 78 proceeding is "whether [the] determination was

made in violation of lawful procedure, was affected by error of law or was arbitrary and capricious

or an abuse of discretion." CPLR § 7803(3). Administrative action is arbitrary when it is taken

"without sound basis in reason" and "without regard to the facts." Pell v. Bd. of Educ., 34 N.Y.2d

222, 231 (1974); see Ward v. City of Long Beach, 20 N.Y.3d 1042, 1043 (2013). "[T]he Court may

not upset the agency's determination in the absence of a finding...that the determination had no

rational basis." Mid-State Mgmt. Corp. v. New York City Conciliation and Appeals Bd., 112

A.D.2d 72, 76 (1st Dep't 1985), affirmed 66 N.Y.2d 1032 (1985). The Court may not substitute

its judgment for that of the government. See, *Peckham v. Calogero*, 12 N.Y.3d 424, 431 (2009)

("[E]ven if the court concludes that it would have reached a different result than the one reached

by the agency," the court "must sustain the determination," provided that it is "supported by a

rational basis."); Arrocha v. Bd. of Educ., 93 N.Y.2d 361, 363 (1999). Accordingly, Respondents

must only establish that there was a rational basis for the determination.

The September 22, 2021 initial determination specifically cites undue hardship as the

reason for denial. Petitioner fails to include a copy of the October 27, 2021 decision of the

independent arbitrator for this Court's consideration, including only an e-mail informing Petitioner

of the decision and placing Petitioner on Leave Without Pay status. The February 15, 2022 City

of New York Reasonable Accommodation Appeals Panel determination also states that the "DOE

has demonstrated that it would be an undue hardship to grant this accommodation to appellant

given the need for a safe environment for in-person learning."

Petitioner contends that Lebowitz's request to work remotely full time would eliminate the

need for her to take the required vaccination. Were Petitioner the only person in this situation, the

request to work remotely full time would be entirely reasonable. However, as over 3,300 DOE

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staff have requested religious accommodations, allowing all of them this same exemption would

cause the DOE to bear significant and unreasonable costs. The DOE asserts in its Position

statement that "as a general matter, relieving school-based employees of their school-based

functions imposes an undue hardship on DOE by requiring the DOE to identify—or create—

alternative assignments outside of school buildings. Allowing such employees to remain in school

settings unvaccinated, even with other safeguards like masking and testing, would present an

unacceptable risk to schoolchildren, staff, and others." Respondents continue "that creating such

alternative assignments poses an undue hardship. The DOE has expended and would continue to

expend significant resources to create alternative assignments that amount to employees with

exemptions generally performing non-essential functions while DOE pays for a second person to

perform the essential functions of the exempted employee's position."

While Petitioner objects to the consideration of said Position statement as it is undated and

unsigned, it is entirely responsive to the issue of whether the requested accommodation is

reasonable based upon the standards set forth in the NYC Religious Accommodation Guidelines

annexed to Petitioner's Petition. Specifically, the agency is directed to consider: the nature and

cost of the accommodation, the overall financial resources of the facility and agency, and the type

of operations of the agency. The number of individuals who will need the accommodation is also

specifically listed as a factor to consider.

On these subjects the Position statements specifically alleges that "Other than a small

program for medically fragile students, all DOE school programs are currently conducted in

person, and all DOE staff are expected to work in person." "This employee's position necessarily

requires them to be in close contact for prolonged periods of time indoors with students, many still

unvaccinated." "More than 3,300 DOE staff have requested religious exemptions (far greater than

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the number of requests for medical exemptions). In light of these numbers, granting an exemption from the Vaccine Mandate would require the DOE to bear significant costs and operational difficulties. These include (1) identifying or creating sufficient alternative assignments, and (2) hiring and training additional staff to perform the exempted employee's essential job functions while continuing to pay the exempted employee—effectively requiring the DOE to pay two salaries for one position, and to rely on a replacement for an undetermined period of time. Such costs and uncertainty negatively impact the ability of schools to plan, budget, and effectively support students." The rest of the Position statement further establishes exactly why accommodating the requests of Petitioner would result in an undue hardship. Respondents having established a rational basis for denying the instant religious accommodation, it is hereby

ORDERED that the instant Petition is DENIED in its entirety; and it is further

ORDERED that Respondents' cross-motion seeking dismissal of the instant Petition is GRANTED in its entirety.

10/6/2022	_					
DATE				LAURENCE L. LOV	E, J	.S.C.
CHECK ONE:	Х	CASE DISPOSED		NON-FINAL DISPOSITION		
		GRANTED X DENIED		GRANTED IN PART		OTHER
APPLICATION:		SETTLE ORDER		SUBMIT ORDER		
CHECK IF APPROPRIATE:		INCLUDES TRANSFER/REASSIGN		FIDUCIARY APPOINTMENT		REFERENCE

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