Hollingsworth v A.O. Smith Water Prods. Co.

2023 NY Slip Op 34172(U)

November 21, 2023

Supreme Court, New York County

Docket Number: Index No. 190172/2019

Judge: Adam Silvera

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RECEIVED NYSCEF: 11/21/2023

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK NEW YORK COUNTY

PRESENT:	HON. ADAM SILVERA	F	PART	13
		Justice		
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SHONTAI H	OLLINGSWORTH,	N	NOTION DATE	N/A
	Plaintiff,	N	NOTION SEQ. NO.	001
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PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC., BURNH SUCCESSO INC. AND IT CERTAINTE COLUMBIA I CO., CROSE CROWN INE DOMCO PRI SOLELY AS MANUFACT INC., NORDS VALVE CON CORPORAT COFFIN, GA COMPANY, SUCCESSO CO., INC., KE KOHLER CO SUBSIDIAR' INDUSTRIES POWER INC SUCCESSO COMPANY, CORPORAT COMPANY, UNION CAR WEIL-MCLA COMPANY,	S WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES ED CORPORATION, CLYDE UNION BOILER COMPANY OF POTTSTOW BY VALVE LLC, CROWN BOILER COUSTRIES, INC, DEAN PUMP DIVIS DUCTS TEXAS, INC, FLOWSERVI SUCCESSOR TO ROCKWELL URING COMPANY, EDWARD VALVES, INC., EDWARD VALVEND, AND VOGT VALVE COMPANY, INDIVIDUALLY AND SUCCESSOR TO ROCKWELL OF AN AND SUCCESSOR TO ROCKWELL OF AND SUCCESSOR TO ROCKWELL OF AND SUCCESSOR TO BENEAL ENTER DENVER, INC, GENERAL ENTER DENVER, INC, GENERAL ENTER DENVER, INC, GENERAL ENTER DELL & GOSSETT AND AS	AG N, BW/IP, N, INC, IN, CRANE N, F/K/A ION, E US, INC. VE, GT NY, FMC SOR TO ELECTRIC ACTURING MPANY, OWNED EY AS DLEY ANT/FIN IEERING AL), IP, INC, YLAIN	DECISION + C	
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The following	e-filed documents, listed by NYSCEI , 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 157, 1	document number	er (Motion 001) 14 , 162, 163, 164, 16	1, 142, 143, 144, 5, 166, 167, 168,
were read on	this motion to/for	SUMMARY JU	DGMENT(AFTER	JOINDER
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Upon the foregoing documents, it is ordered that the instant motion for summary judgment seeking dismissal of this action, pursuant to CPLR §3212, is decided in accordance with the decision below.

Here, defendant McWane, Inc. on behalf of its unincorporated division Clow Valve Company ("Clow") files a motion for summary judgment seeking to dismiss this action on the basis that no Clow product could have caused plaintiff-decedent Willie Hollingsworth's ("Mr. Hollingsworth") mesothelioma. *See* Memorandum of Law in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment By Defendant McWane, Inc., p. 2-3. Defendant Clow argues that plaintiff's testimony was insufficient to identify any Clow valves as a source of asbestos exposure. *See id*.

Plaintiff opposes, highlighting Mr. Hollingsworth's clear and unequivocal testimony identifying Clow valves as a source of asbestos exposure and noting that defendant Clow has failed to submit any expert report in support of their claims. *See* Affirmation in Opposition to Defendant McWane Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment, p. 3. Defendant replies, reidentifying uncertainties in plaintiff's testimony regarding identification of Clow valves and noting the affidavit from its corporate representative. *See* Reply Brief of McWane, Inc. In Support of Its Motion for Summary Judgment, p. 9-13.

The Court notes that summary judgment is a drastic remedy and should only be granted if the moving party has sufficiently established that it is warranted as a matter of law. See Alvarez v Prospect Hosp., 68 NY2d 320, 324 (1986). "The proponent of a summary judgment motion must make a prima facie showing of entitlement to judgment as a matter of law, tendering sufficient evidence to eliminate any material issues of fact from the case". Winegrad v New York University Medical Center, 64 NY2d 851, 853 (1985). Despite the sufficiency of the opposing papers, the failure to make such a showing requires denial of the motion. See id. at 853.

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Additionally, summary judgment motions should be denied if the opposing party presents admissible evidence establishing that there is a genuine issue of fact remaining. *See Zuckerman v City of New York*, 49 NY2d 557, 560 (1980). "In determining whether summary judgment is appropriate, the motion court should draw all reasonable inferences in favor of the nonmoving party and should not pass on issues of credibility." *Garcia v J.C. Duggan, Inc.*, 180 AD2d 579, 580 (1st Dep't 1992), citing *Dauman Displays, Inc. v Masturzo*, 168 AD2d 204 (1st Dep't 1990). The court's role is "issue-finding, rather than issue-determination". *Sillman v Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corp.*, 3 NY2d 395, 404 (1957) (internal quotations omitted). As such, summary judgment is rarely granted in negligence actions unless there is no conflict at all in the evidence. *See Ugarriza v Schmieder*, 46 NY2d 471, 475-476 (1979). Furthermore, the Appellate Division, First Department has held that on a motion for summary judgment, it is moving defendant's burden "to unequivocally establish that its product could not have contributed to the causation of plaintiff's injury". *Reid v Georgia-Pacific Corp.*, 212 AD2d 462, 463 (1st Dep't 1995).

The appropriate standard at summary judgment for moving defendant Clow can be found in *Dyer v Amchem Products Inc.*, 207 AD3d 408, 409 (1st Dep't 2022). In *Dyer*, defendants were granted summary judgment not by "simply argu[ing] that plaintiff could not affirmatively prove causation" but by "affirmatively prov[ing], as a matter of law, that there was no causation." *Id*.

Here, defendant Clow relies heavily on the affidavit of their employee representative, Doug Peirce, to establish that a Clow valve could not have been in the boiler room as identified by Mr. Hollingsworth as his primary place of exposure. *See* Notice of Motion, Affidavit of Douglas Peirce, dated Sept. 13, 2021. Mr. Peirce's eight-sentence affidavit is a general one and does not establish with certainty that a Clow valve could not have been in use at the time of Mr.

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Hollingsworth's exposure. Moreover, defendant Clow proffers no other evidence that Mr. Hollingsworth's description could not have applied to a Clow valve or that Clow valves did not contain asbestos.

Thus, defendant Clow has failed to meet its burden to establish that its products could not have been the cause of plaintiff's illness. See Reid v Georgia-Pacific Corp., supra.

Furthermore, as a reasonable juror could decide that asbestos exposure from a Clow valve was a contributing cause of Mr. Hollingsworth's illness, sufficient issues of fact exist to preclude summary judgment.

Accordingly, it is

ORDERED that defendant Clow's motion for summary judgment is denied in its entirety; and it is further

ORDERED that within 30 days of entry plaintiff shall serve all parties with a copy of this Decision/Order with notice of entry.

This constitutes the Decision/Order of the Court.

11/21/2023		W//
DATE		ADAM SILVERA, J.S.C.
CHECK ONE:	CASE DISPOSED X	NON-FINAL DISPOSITION
	GRANTED X DENIED	GRANTED IN PART OTHER
APPLICATION:	SETTLE ORDER	SUBMIT ORDER
CHECK IF APPROPRIATE:	INCLUDES TRANSFER/REASSIGN	FIDUCIARY APPOINTMENT REFERENCE