[Cite as Lakewood v. Dietz, 2002-Ohio-4424.]

COURT OF APPEALS OF OHIO, EIGHTH DISTRICT

COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA

NO. 80621

CITY	OF	LAKEWOOD	:	
			:	
		Plaintiff-appellee	:	
			:	JOURNAL ENTRY
	VS.		:	and
			:	OPINION
CARL	Ε.	DIETZ	:	
			:	
		Defendant-appellant	:	
			:	

DATE OF ANNOUNCEMENT OF DECISION	: AUGUST 29, 2002				
CHARACTER OF PROCEEDING	: Criminal appeal from : Lakewood Municipal Court : Case No. 01C 3019				
JUDGMENT	: DISMISSED.				
DATE OF JOURNALIZATION	:				
APPEARANCES:					
For plaintiff-appellee:	THOMAS J. WAGNER Chief Prosecutor City of Lakewood 12650 Detroit Avenue Lakewood, Ohio 44107				
For defendant-appellant:	ROBERT L. TOBIK Cuyahoga County Public Defender DARIN THOMPSON, Assistant 1200 West Third Street, N.W. 100 Lakeside Place				

Cleveland, Ohio 44113-7583

[Cite as Lakewood v. Dietz, 2002-Ohio-4424.]

KENNETH A. ROCCO, P.J.:

{¶1} Appellant Carl E. Dietz appeals from his conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol in violation of R.C. 4511.19. Dietz was charged with driving while under the influence of alcohol and operating a vehicle with a suspended license in violation of section 335.07(E) of the Lakewood Codified Ordinances. The case proceeded to a jury trial, after which the jury found Dietz guilty of both charges. The court orally pronounced sentence on both charges. However, the record includes a judgment only as to the charge of driving while under the influence of alcohol.

{¶2} Crim.R. 32(C) provides that "[a] judgment of conviction shall set forth the plea, the verdict or findings, and the sentence." We have previously held that "the provisions of Criminal Rule 32(B) [now Crim.R. 32(C)] impose on a trial court a mandatory duty to set forth the verdict or its findings as to each and every charge prosecuted against an accused, and failure to do so renders the judgment substantively deficient under the rule. In [the] absence of a signed journal entry reflecting the court's ruling as to each charge, the order of the trial court is interlocutory." State v. Brown (1989), 59 Ohio App.3d 1, 2; also see Cleveland v. Duckworth (Jan. 24, 2002), Cuyahoga App. No. 79658; State v. Collins (Oct. 18, 2001), Cuyahoga App. No. 79064.  $\{\P3\}$  The record does not demonstrate that the trial court disposed of all the charges against appellant. Therefore, it has not issued a final appealable order.

Appeal dismissed.

This cause is dismissed.

It is, therefore, considered that said appellee recover of said appellant its costs herein.

It is ordered that a special mandate be sent to said court to carry this judgment into execution.

A certified copy of this entry shall constitute the mandate pursuant to Rule 27 of the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

> PRESIDING JUDGE KENNETH A. ROCCO

FRANK D. CELEBREZZE, JR., J. and JAMES J. SWEENEY, J., CONCUR