

**THE COURT OF APPEALS  
ELEVENTH APPELLATE DISTRICT  
TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO**

BRUCE A. OLIVER, INDIVIDUALLY	:	<b>MEMORANDUM OPINION</b>
AND AS CO-ADMINISTRATOR OF	:	
THE ESTATE OF NITA K. OLIVER,	:	<b>CASE NO. 2003-T-0184</b>
et al.,	:	
	:	
Plaintiffs-Appellees,	:	
	:	
- vs -	:	
	:	
CARLA M. PHELPS, et al.,	:	
	:	
Defendants,	:	
	:	
MAPLEWOOD LOCAL BOARD	:	
OF EDUCATION,	:	
	:	
Defendant-Appellant.	:	

Civil appeal from the Court of Common Pleas, Case No. 03 CV 875.

Judgment: Appeal Dismissed.

*William M. Roux and Douglas W. Ross*, 305 Bank One Building, 106 East Market Street, Warren, OH 44481 (For Plaintiffs-Appellees).

*Sean P. Ruffin, Matthew J. Markling, and Susan McGowan*, 1894 North Cleveland-Massillon Road, Akron, OH 44333 (For Defendant-Appellant).

CYNTHIA WESTCOTT RICE, J.

{¶1} On March 18, 2004 this court issued a judgment ordering appellant, Maplewood Local Board of Education, to show cause why this appeal should not be

dismissed. Specifically, this court questioned jurisdiction based upon the general rule that the denial of a motion for summary judgment does not constitute a final appealable order. R.C. 2505.02; *Celebrezze v. Netzley* (1990), 51 Ohio St.3d 89; *Klein v. Portage County* (2000), 139 Ohio App.3d 749. Additionally, in *Jackson v. City of Columbus*, 2004-Ohio-546, the Tenth District Court of Appeals held that R.C. 2744.02(C), which became effective April 9, 2003, and which made the denial of a motion for summary judgment based upon sovereign immunity a final order, did not apply to a cause of action that accrued before the effective date of the statute.

{¶2} Appellant, filed a brief in support of jurisdiction on April 2, 2004, along with a motion for oral argument on the issue of jurisdiction. There is no need for oral argument on this issue so appellant's motion in that regard is hereby overruled.

{¶3} Appellant argues that the *Jackson* decision ignores prior case law which reached an opposite conclusion with respect to whether R.C. 2744.02(C) was to be applied prospectively only. However, the cases cited by appellant are distinguishable from the case sub judice. Both cases involved an earlier version of R.C. 2744.02(C), which was part of Am. Sub. H.B. 350, and which was determined to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of Ohio in *State ex rel. Ohio Academy of Trial Lawyers v. Sheward* (1999), 86 Ohio St.3d 451, paragraph three of the syllabus.

{¶4} While the pertinent portions of the statute were not changed when the recent version of R.C. 2744.02 was enacted, in uncodified law in Section 3 of S.B. 106, the General Assembly specifically stated that R.C. 2744.02 applied "only to causes of action that accrue[d] on or after the effective date of this act. Any cause of action that accrues prior to the effective date of this act is governed by law in effect when the cause

of action accrued.” Thus, the legislative intent is now clear, and it is that intent upon which the Tenth District Court of Appeals relied in *Jackson*.

{¶5} Based upon the foregoing analysis, we conclude that R.C. 2744.02(C) applies only to cases that arose after April 9, 2003, the effective date of the statute. Thus, it does not apply to the present action.

{¶6} Accordingly, this appeal is hereby sua sponte dismissed due to lack of a final appealable order.

{¶7} Appeal dismissed.

WILLIAM M. O’NEILL, J.,

DIANE V. GRENDALL, J.,

concur.