1 Midwest Foundation Independent Physicians Association, d.b.a. 2 ChoiceCare, Appellant, v. Tracy, Tax Commr., Appellee. 3 [Cite as Midwest Found. Indep. Physicians Assn. v. Tracy (1996), \_\_\_\_\_ 4 Ohio St. 3d \_\_\_\_\_.] 5 Taxation -- Use tax on quarterly magazine published and mailed from Boston, Massachusetts, to Ohio residents by Ohio health mainteance 6 7 organization -- R.C. 5741.02(A), applied -- Taxable "use," when. 8 (No. 94-2058--Submitted September 14, 1995--Decided January 10, 1996.) 9 10 Appeal from the Board of Tax Appeals, No. 92-Z-435. 11 12 Midwest Foundation Independent Physicians Association, d.b.a. 13 ChoiceCare, appellant, operates a Cincinnati-based health maintenance 14 organization. ChoiceCare's members reside in Ohio, Kentucky, and 15 Indiana. Approximately eighty-five percent of its members lived in Ohio during the audit period, January 1, 1988 through December 31, 1990. 16 ChoiceCare purchases the Health Journal Magazine, a quarterly 17 18 magazine published by a company in Boston, Massachusetts. ChoiceCare 19 directs the publisher to mail the magazines from Boston directly to

- 1 ChoiceCare's members. The magazine keeps the members abreast of
- 2 changes at ChoiceCare and in the health care industry. It usually contains a
- 3 letter from ChoiceCare's president, ideas for the health-conscious member,
- 4 and other health-related articles.
- 5 The Tax Commissioner, appellee, assessed use tax against those
- 6 magazines sent to Ohio residents. On appeal, the Board of Tax Appeals
- 7 ("BTA") affirmed the commissioner's assessment. The BTA ruled that
- 8 ChoiceCare exercised a right or power incidental to ownership in Ohio by,
- 9 from its Ohio office, ordering, paying for, and supplying a mailing list to
- 10 direct delivery of, the magazine.

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- The cause is now before this court on ChoiceCare's appeal as of right.
- 13 Frost & Jacobs and Larry H. McMillin, for appellant.
- 14 Betty D. Montgomery, Attorney General, and James C. Sauer,
- 15 Assistant Attorney General, for appellee.
- 1617 *Per Curiam.* We affirm the BTA's decision.
- 18 R.C. 5741.02(A) imposes a use tax on the "storage, use, or other
- 19 consumption in this state of tangible personal property \*\*\*." R.C.

- 5741.01(C) defines "use" to mean "the exercise of any right or power
- 2 incidental to the ownership of the thing used."
- 3 ChoiceCare, from its Ohio office, ordered the Boston publisher to
- 4 print the magazines and mail them to ChoiceCare's members in Ohio.
- 5 Apparently, ChoiceCare also issued payment for the magazines from Ohio.
- 6 ChoiceCare, thus, orchestrated the purchase and distribution of the
- 7 magazine to Ohio recipients. By these acts, ChoiceCare exercised rights or
- 8 powers incidental to the ownership of the magazines. Since ChoiceCare
- 9 exercised these rights or powers in Ohio, ChoiceCare owes Ohio use tax on
- these activities. Norandex, Inc. v. Limbach (1994), 69 Ohio St. 3d 26, 630
- 11 N.E. 2d 329.
- We distinguish *Hoffmann-LaRoche*, *Inc. v. Porterfield* (1968), 16
- 13 Ohio St. 2d 158, 45 O.O. 2d 486, 243 N.E. 2d 72, cited for support by
- 14 ChoiceCare. In that case, Hoffmann-LaRoche, a pharmaceutical
- 15 manufacturer that maintained its principal office in New Jersey and had
- warehouses in states other than Ohio, mailed samples and promotional
- 17 materials to Ohio doctors and hospitals. We affirmed a BTA decision
- 18 reversing that assessment because Hoffmann-LaRoche divested itself of

- 1 ownership, possession, and control outside Ohio. Thus, Hoffmann-LaRoche
- 2 did not exercise any right or power incidental to ownership in Ohio.
- 3 ChoiceCare also argues that Am. S. B. No. 303, 143 Ohio Laws, Part
- 4 I, 1602 (effective July 18, 1990), which expanded the definition of "use" to
- 5 include distribution by the consumer, without charge, to recipients in this
- 6 state, prevents the commissioner from assessing ChoiceCare on purchases
- 7 occurring prior to its enactment. ChoiceCare contends that the instant
- 8 purchases were not taxable until this amendment became effective. This
- 9 argument has no merit. We have held above that the definition of "use"
- 10 existing during the audit period covers the instant situation without
- bolstering from this amendment. Indeed, the amended definition appears
- 12 aimed at taxpayers like Hoffmann-LaRoche, which distribute items from
- 13 outside Ohio.
- 14 Accordingly, we affirm the decision of the BTA because it is
- 15 reasonable and lawful.
- 16 Decision affirmed.
- MOYER, C.J., DOUGLAS, WRIGHT, RESNICK, F.E. SWEENEY, PFEIFER
- 18 and COOK, JJ., concur.