



number of real estate development and management partnerships, and who use the Federal Income Tax (FIT) method of accounting, argue that net gains on like-kind exchanges should be taxed when the property is sold, because such deferrals are permitted under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, *as amended*, 26 U.S.C. §1031 (IRC §1031). The Board determined that net gains on like-kind exchanges should be taxed in the years the exchanges occurred, because unlike IRC §1031, the Tax Reform Code of 1971 (TRC)<sup>1</sup> does not permit tax deferral on net gains from like-kind exchanges of real property. For that reason, the Board found that the FIT method of accounting does not clearly reflect income. Accordingly, the Board concluded that Taxpayers should be assessed PIT and interest, but not penalties. We affirm the Board’s order based on the reasoning expressed in our opinion in *James and Karen Pearlstein v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania*, \_\_\_ A.3d \_\_\_ (Pa. Cmwlth., No. 741 F.R. 2017, filed December 2, 2021).

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MICHAEL H. WOJCIK, Judge

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<sup>1</sup> Act of March 4, 1971, P.L. 6, *as amended*, 72 P.S. §§7101-10004.



IN THE COMMONWEALTH COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Reed and Gail Slogoff, :  
Petitioners :  
v. : No. 742 F.R. 2017  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, : Argued: June 9, 2021  
Respondent :

BEFORE: HONORABLE P. KEVIN BROBSON, President Judge  
HONORABLE PATRICIA A. McCULLOUGH, Judge  
HONORABLE ANNE E. COVEY, Judge  
HONORABLE MICHAEL H. WOJCIK, Judge  
HONORABLE CHRISTINE FIZZANO CANNON, Judge  
HONORABLE ELLEN CEISLER, Judge  
HONORABLE J. ANDREW CROMPTON, Judge

OPINION NOT REPORTED

DISSENTING OPINION  
BY JUDGE CROMPTON

FILED: December 2, 2021

Reed and Gail Slogoff (Taxpayers) petition for review of the order of the Board of Finance and Revenue (Board), which sustained in part and denied in part the Department of Revenue's (Department) assessment of Personal Income Tax (PIT) against Taxpayers, plus interest, for the years 2013 and 2014. The issue is the Board's assessment of PIT for Taxpayers' net gains or income from the disposition of property, *i.e.*, PIT owed on like-kind exchanges of real property during the 2013 and 2014 tax years. Specifically, the dispute involves *when* that PIT is owed. Taxpayers, who are partners in a number of real estate development and management partnerships, and who use the Federal Income Tax method, contend that the Department abused its discretion and was inconsistent with its own

regulatory interpretation when it imposed tax liability on the like-kind exchanges before income from the exchanges was realized. For the reasons set forth in my dissenting opinion in *James and Karen Pearlstein v. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania*, \_\_\_ A.3d \_\_\_ (Pa. Cmwlth., No. 741 F.R. 2017, filed December 2, 2021), I respectfully dissent.

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J. ANDREW CROMPTON, Judge