[J-65-2013][M.O. – McCaffery, J.] IN THE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA EASTERN DISTRICT

SOUTHEASTERN PENNSYLVANIA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY,	: No. 20 EAP 2013 :
Appellee	 Appeal from the Order of the Commonwealth Court entered on 4/13/11 at No. 2445 CD 2009, reversing
ν.	 the order entered on 11/10/09 in the Court of Common Pleas, Philadelphia County, Civil Division at No. 3055 July term, 2009
CITY OF PHILADELPHIA AND PHILADELPHIA COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS,	
Appellants	ARGUED: September 11, 2013

DISSENTING OPINION

MR. JUSTICE SAYLOR

DECIDED: September 24, 2014

I differ with the majority's approach of remanding to the Commonwealth Court to ascertain legislative intent because, as I read the intermediate court's decision, it already undertook that task. <u>Accord</u> Concurring and Dissenting Opinion, <u>slip op.</u> at 9 (Castille, C.J.); <u>see, e.g., SEPTA v. City of Phila.</u>, 20 A.3d 558, 561-62 (Pa. Cmwlth. 2011) (concluding that, under SEPTA's enabling legislation, SEPTA is a state agency and that, pursuant to the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act, the Pennsylvania Human Relations Commission was intended to have exclusive jurisdiction over state agencies like SEPTA). As to substance, I am aligned with Mr. Chief Justice Castille's position – and that of the Commonwealth Court majority – that the General Assembly did not

intend for SEPTA to be subject to suit by the local human relations commissions of the municipalities in which it conducts operations. Accordingly, I respectfully dissent.