

IN THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS OF TEXAS

NO. WR-80,027-01

EX PARTE JAMIE LYNN BABBS, Applicant

ON APPLICATION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS CAUSE NO. 28570-A IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT FROM ANDERSON COUNTY

Per curiam.

<u>O R D E R</u>

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 11.07 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure, the clerk of the trial court transmitted to this Court this application for a writ of habeas corpus. *Ex parte Young*, 418 S.W.2d 824, 826 (Tex. Crim. App. 1967). Applicant was convicted of sexual assault of a child, prohibited sexual conduct, and indecency with a child. He was sentenced to imprisonment for twenty, ten, and fifteen years, respectively. The Twelfth Court of Appeals affirmed his convictions. *Babbs v. State*, No. 12-08-00023-CR (Tex. App.—Tyler 2009, no pet.).

Applicant contends, among other things, that trial counsel rendered ineffective assistance because he advised Applicant that the punishment range was 2 to 10 years, failed to timely convey a six-year plea offer, and advised Applicant that he would be sentenced to not more than six years. Applicant has alleged facts that, if true, might entitle him to relief. *Strickland v. Washington*, 466 U.S. 668 (1984); *Ex parte Patterson*, 993 S.W.2d 114, 115 (Tex. Crim. App. 1999). In these circumstances, additional facts are needed. As we held in *Ex parte Rodriguez*, 334 S.W.2d 294, 294 (Tex. Crim. App. 1960), the trial court is the appropriate forum for findings of fact. The trial court shall order trial counsel to respond to Applicant's claims. The trial court may use any means set out in TEX. CODE CRIM. PROC. art. 11.07, § 3(d).

If the trial court elects to hold a hearing, it shall determine whether Applicant is indigent. If Applicant is indigent and wishes to be represented by counsel, the trial court shall appoint an attorney to represent him at the hearing. TEX. CODE CRIM. PROC. art. 26.04.

The trial court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law as to whether trial counsel's conduct was deficient and, if so, Applicant was prejudiced. If the trial court determines that counsel's advice to Applicant was deficient, the trial court shall also determine whether Applicant would have pleaded not guilty but for this deficient advice. *Hill v. Lockhart*, 474 U.S. 52 (1985). If the trial court determines that the State offered six years for these offenses and counsel failed to timely convey this offer, the trial court shall also determine whether Applicant was prejudiced under the standard set out in *Missouri v. Frye*, 132 S. Ct. 1399 (2012). The trial court shall also make any other findings of fact and conclusions of law that it deems relevant and appropriate to the disposition of Applicant's claims for habeas corpus relief.

This application will be held in abeyance until the trial court has resolved the fact issues. The issues shall be resolved within 90 days of this order. A supplemental transcript containing all affidavits and interrogatories or the transcription of the court reporter's notes from any hearing or deposition, along with the trial court's supplemental findings of fact and conclusions of law, shall

be forwarded to this Court within 120 days of the date of this order. The plea papers and reporter's record of Applicant's guilty plea, if it exists, shall also be forwarded with the supplemental record. Any extensions of time shall be obtained from this Court.

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