

In The Court of Appeals Fifth District of Texas at Dallas

No. 05-16-00264-CR

MICHAEL LEMUS, Appellant V.
THE STATE OF TEXAS, Appellee

On Appeal from the 291st Judicial District Court
Dallas County, Texas
Trial Court Cause No. F11-60118-U

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Before Justices Fillmore, Stoddart, and Schenck Opinion by Justice Fillmore

Michael Lemus was convicted, following the adjudication of his guilt, of aggravated robbery with a deadly weapon. On August 27, 2012, the trial court sentenced appellant to fifteen years' imprisonment. No appeal was taken at that time. On March 7, 2016, appellant filed in this Court a pro se notice of appeal. In the notice of appeal, appellant seeks an out-of-time appeal, asserting trial counsel failed to advise him of his right to appeal at the time he was sentenced. We dismiss the appeal for want of jurisdiction.

"Jurisdiction concerns the power of a court to hear and determine a case." *Olivo v. State*, 918 S.W.2d 519, 522 (Tex. Crim. App. 1996). The jurisdiction of an appellate court must be legally invoked, and, if not, the power of the court to act is as absent as if it did not exist. *See id.* at 523. "The standard to determine whether an appellate court has jurisdiction to hear and determine a case 'is not whether the appeal is precluded by law, but whether the appeal is

authorized by law." Blanton v. State, 369 S.W.3d 894, 902 (Tex. Crim. App. 2012) (quoting

Abbott v. State, 271 S.W.3d 694, 696–97 (Tex. Crim. App. 2008)). The right to appeal in a

criminal case is a statutorily created right. See McKinney v. State, 207 S.W.3d 366, 374 (Tex.

Crim. App. 2006); Griffin v. State, 145 S.W.3d 645, 646 (Tex. Crim. App. 2004). See also TEX.

CODE CRIM. P. ANN. art. 44.02 (West 2006) (providing right of appeal for defendant); TEX. R.

APP. P. 25.2(a)(2) (rules for appeal by defendant).

To invoke this Court's jurisdiction, an appellant must timely file a notice of appeal. See

TEX. R. APP. P. 26.2(a); Slaton v. State, 981 S.W.2d 208, 210 (Tex. Crim. App. 1998) (per

curiam). When no motion for new trial is filed, an appellant's notice of appeal is due within

thirty days of the date sentence was imposed in open court. See TEX. R. APP. P. 26.2(a)(1).

Appellant's March 7, 2016 notice of appeal is untimely as to the August 27, 2012

sentencing date. Nothing in the notice of appeal reflects the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals

granted appellant an out-of-time appeal, and this Court has no authority to grant an out-of-time

appeal. See Slaton, 981 S.W.2d at 210 (appellate court has no jurisdiction over appeal not timely

perfected); see also Ater v. Eighth Court of Appeals, 802 S.W.2d 241, 243 (Tex. Crim. App.

1991) (only court of criminal appeals has jurisdiction over final post-conviction felony

proceedings). Therefore, we have no jurisdiction over the appeal.

We dismiss the appeal for want of jurisdiction.

/Robert M. Fillmore/

ROBERT M. FILLMORE

JUSTICE

Do Not Publish

TEX. R. APP. P. 47

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Court of Appeals Fifth District of Texas at Dallas

JUDGMENT

MICHAEL LEMUS, Appellant On Appeal from the 291st Judicial District

Court, Dallas County, Texas

No. 05-16-00264-CR V. Trial Court Cause No. F11-60118-U.

Opinion delivered by Justice Fillmore,

Based on the Court's opinion of this date, we **DISMISS** the appeal for want of jurisdiction.

Judgment entered this 14th day of March, 2016.